COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 07625082 LINDOSBAY (UK) LTD FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 December 2022

LINDOSBAY (UK) LTD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

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LINDOSBAY (UK) LTD

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

Director Ms C D Van Heerden

Registered office Lynton House

7-12 Tavistock Square

London WC1H 9BQ

Accountants BSG Valentine (UK) LLP

Chartered Accountants

Lynton House

7-12 Tavistock Square

London WC1H 9BQ

LINDOSBAY (UK) LTD STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2022

		2022		2021	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4	4,421,994 4,421,994		4,421,994	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	296,854		292,591	
Cash at bank and in hand		284,372		176,826	
		581,226		469,417	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due with	hin				
one year	6	, , ,	*	(4,662,	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES					(4,193,530)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			119,492		228,464
NET ASSETS			119,49	2	228,464
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			119,491		228,463
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			119,492		228,464

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 September 2023, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Ms C D Van Heerden

Director

Company registration number: 07625082

LINDOSBAY (UK) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Lynton House, 7-12 Tavistock Square, London, WC1H 9BO.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. (a) Disclosures in respect of each class of share capital have not been presented. (b) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company. (c) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented. (d) Disclosures in respect of share-based payments have not been presented. (e) No disclosure has been given for the aggregate remuneration of key management personnel.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Tangible assets

		Land and	
		buildings	
		£	
Cost		3.0	
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022		4,421,994	
At I danuary 2022 and 31 December 2022			
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022		_	
Committee amount			
Carrying amount		4 421 004	
At 31 December 2022		4,421,994	
At 31 December 2021		4,421,994	
5. Debtors			
	2022	2021	
	£	£	
Other debtors	296,854	292,591	
6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
o. Creators, amounts faming due within one year		2022	2021
		£	£
Trade creditors			2,724
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company ha	uc o		2,724
participating interest	.s a	4,335,889	4,156,720
Corporation tax		116,188	77,235
Social security and other taxes		26,363	20,980
Other creditors 1 - desc in a/cs		399,500	399,500
Other creditors Other creditors		5,788	5,788
Office Creditors		3,700	J,/88
		4,883,728	4,662,947

7. Controlling party

The company is a 100% owned subsidiary of Lindosbay Limited, registered in British Virgin Islands.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.