

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 07622985

MTIX LIMITED

FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 November 2021

MTIX LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2021

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MTIX LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

30 November 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	6	2,849,586	2,729,778
Current assets			
Debtors	7	63,051	10,000
Cash at bank and in hand		424,633	40,104
		487,684	50,104
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(10,433,694)	(6,596,746)
Net current liabilities		(9,946,010)	(6,546,642)
Total assets less current liabilities		(7,096,424)	(3,816,864)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	–	(44,000)
Net liabilities		(7,096,424)	(3,860,864)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	198	198
Profit and loss account		(7,096,622)	(3,861,062)
Shareholders deficit		(7,096,424)	(3,860,864)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 November 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 13 June 2022 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

P Mistry Director

Company registration number: 07622985

MTIX LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 35 Westgate, Huddersfield, HD1 1PA.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The company has incurred a further loss for the period of £3,235,560 and the deficit on the balance sheet at 30 November 2021 is £7,096,424. The company is reliant upon the parent company, Avalanche International Corp (t/a MTIX International Inc), and two related companies, Bitnile Holdings Inc. (formerly DPW Holdings Inc.) and Digital Power Corporation, to provide the necessary working capital facilities for it to be able to continue trading. These companies have provided extended credit terms to the company to enable new revenue generating machines to be manufactured and put into use. Based on the company's latest financial forecasts, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would be required if the company was not able to continue as a going concern due to the withdrawal of or lack of working capital facilities.

Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill and patents	-	20% straight line
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If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	25% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings	-	25% reducing balance
Computer equipment	-	33% straight line

Assets under construction are depreciated from the date they are first brought into use.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 6 (2020: 5).

5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill and patents £
Cost	
At 1 December 2020 and 30 November 2021	250,000

Amortisation	
At 1 December 2020 and 30 November 2021	250,000

Carrying amount	
At 30 November 2021	—

At 30 November 2020	—

6. Tangible assets

	Assets under construction £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 December 2020	1,755,029	2,318,803	2,144	12,069	4,088,045
Additions	—	469,440	6,725	10,455	486,620
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At 30 November 2021	1,755,029	2,788,243	8,869	22,524	4,574,665
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Depreciation					
At 1 December 2020	—	1,345,824	1,172	11,271	1,358,267
Charge for the year	—	360,605	1,924	4,283	366,812
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At 30 November 2021	—	1,706,429	3,096	15,554	1,725,079
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Carrying amount					
At 30 November 2021	1,755,029	1,081,814	5,773	6,970	2,849,586
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At 30 November 2020	1,755,029	972,979	972	798	2,729,778
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7. Debtors

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	—	10,000
Prepayments and accrued income	7,355	—
VAT recoverable	48,346	—
Other debtors	7,350	—
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	63,051	10,000
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8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	21,406	56,061
Amounts owed to group undertakings	5,477,120	2,425,880
Amounts owed to related undertakings	3,764,437	3,863,289
Accruals and deferred income	704,641	245,401
Social security and other taxes	466,090	6,115
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	10,433,694	6,596,746
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9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	—	44,000
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10. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2021		2020	
	No.	£	No.	£
'A' Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	132	132	132	132
'B' Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	66	66	66	66
	<u>198</u>	<u>198</u>	<u>198</u>	<u>198</u>

The issued shares are designated as 132 ordinary A shares of £1 each and 66 ordinary B shares of £1 each. The two classes of share rank pari passu in all material respects.

11. Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided for in the financial statements is as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Tangible assets	<u>750,000</u>	<u>700,000</u>

12. Related party transactions

At the year end £5,477,120 (2020: £2,425,880) was owed to the parent company, Avalanche International Corp. This loan was unsecured, repayable on demand and currently interest free. At the year end £1,750,375 (2020: £1,750,375) was owed to a related company, Digital Power Corporation. This is unsecured, repayable on demand and currently interest free. £2,014,062 (2020: £2,112,914) was owed to another related company, Bitnile Holdings Inc. on similar terms. Both these companies have certain common directors with the parent company. The company has traded with these companies during the year on normal commercial terms.

13. Controlling party

There is no one ultimate controlling party of the company.

14. Contingencies

The company has guaranteed and secured certain financial obligations of the parent company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.