Ideal Wine Company Limited

Filleted Accounts

27 April 2022

Ideal Wine Company Limited

Registered number: 07616719

Balance Sheet

as at 27 April 2022

	Notes		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		23,802		25,813
Current assets					
Stocks		307,216		361,430	
Debtors	4	205,071		268,259	
Cash at bank and in hand		19,274		54,480	
		531,561		684,169	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(164,516)		(146,607)	
Net current assets			367,045		537,562
Total assets less current liabilities		-	390,847	-	563,375
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(28,684)		(50,000)
Net assets		-	362,163	- -	513,375
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			362,063		513,275
Shareholders' funds		-	362,163	-	513,375

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

D P Crawley

Director

Approved by the board on 16 January 2023

Ideal Wine Company Limited

Notes to the Accounts

for the period from 29 April 2021 to 27 April 2022

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue carned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

15% - 25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial

statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Trade debtors

Other debtors

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees		2022 Number	2021 Number
	Average number of persons emplo	15	19	
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and		
		machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost	∞		ow.
	At 29 April 2021	34,507	2,857	37,364
	Additions	1,933	1,116	3,049
	At 27 April 2022	36,440	3,973	40,413
	Depreciation			
	At 29 April 2021	10,837	714	11,551
	Charge for the period	4,245	815	5,060
	At 27 April 2022	15,082	1,529	16,611
	Net book value			
	At 27 April 2022	21,358	2,444	23,802
	At 28 April 2021	23,670	2,143	25,813
4	Debtors		2022	2021
-			£	£

96,178

108,893

205,071

184,385

83,874

268,259

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	12,475	13
	Trade creditors	39,775	42,580
	Taxation and social security costs	105,510	103,660
	Other creditors	6,756	354
		164,516	146,607
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans	28,684	50,000

7 Other information

Ideal Wine Company Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

16th Floor

12-16 Addiscombe Road

Croydon

CR0 0XT

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