| Company registration number 07616088 (England and Wales) |
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| INFRATA LIMITED  |
| FINANCIAL STATEMENTS                                     |
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021                      |
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# **BALANCE SHEET**

# AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

|  |       | 2021        |           | 2020      |         |
|--|-------|-------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
|  | Notes | £           | £         | £         | £       |
| Fixed assets                                 |       |             |           |           |         |
| Tangible assets                              | 4     |             | 26,143    |           | 36,564  |
| Investments                                  | 5     |             | 686,537   |           | -       |
|  |       |             | 712,680   |           | 36,564  |
| Current assets                               |       |             |           |           |         |
| Debtors                                      | 7     | 1,496,355   |           | 519,800   |         |
| Cash at bank and in hand                     |       | 2,937,287   |           | 1,089,350 |         |
|  |       | 4,433,642   |           | 1,609,150 |         |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one    |       |             |           |           |         |
| year   | 8     | (1,097,775) |           | (807,100) |         |
| Net current assets                           |       |             | 3,335,867 |           | 802,050 |
| Net assets                                   |       |             | 4,048,547 |           | 838,614 |
| 0-7-1  |       |             |           |           |         |
| Capital and reserves Called up share capital | 9     |             | 68,515    |           | 68,357  |
| Share premium account                        | ä     |             | 202,336   |           | 202,336 |
| •  | 10    |             | 122,124   |           | 122,282 |
| Capital redemption reserve                   |       |             | •         |           |         |
| Profit and loss reserves                     | 11    |             | 3,655,572 |           | 445,639 |
| Total equity                                 |       |             | 4,048,547 |           | 838,614 |
|  |       |             |           |           |         |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 5 December 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr A R Guzman Avalos

Director

Company Registration No. 07616088

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Infrata Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 5 Chancery Lane, London, WC2A 1LG.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

# 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

As part of making the above assessment the directors have considered the impact of the global Covid-19 pandemic on the company. The company have been able to maintain their day-to-day activities during the pandemic. The duration of the global Covid-19 pandemic remains unclear at this time, and it is not possible to reliably estimate the impact on the financial position and results of the company for future years. However the directors have undertaken a review of the business in the current situation and consider it to be appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

# 1.3 Turnover

Fee income represents revenue earned under a wide variety of contracts to provide professional services. Revenue is recognised as earned when, and to the extent that, the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance under these contracts. It is measured at the fair value of the right to consideration, which represents amounts chargeable to clients, including expenses and disbursements but excluding value added tax.

Revenue is generally recognised as contract activity progresses so that for incomplete contracts it reflects the partial performance of the contractual obligations. For such contracts the amount of revenue reflects the accrual of the right to consideration by reference to the value of work performed. Revenue not billed to clients is included in debtors and payments on account in excess of the relevant amount of revenue are included in creditors.

Revenue in respect of maintenance fees is recognised in line with performance of the contractual obligations. For such contracts the work is generally performed in the subsequent period to that which it relates and revenue is recognised on submission of the final report to the customer.

Fee income that is contingent on events outside the control of the company is recognised when the contingent event occurs.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Website20% on costFixtures, fittings & equipment25% on costComputer equipment25% on cost

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

# 1.5 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

# 1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

# 1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

# 1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

# Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

# 1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

# Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

# 1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Plant and machinery etc

#### 1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

# 1.13 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

# 2 Auditor's remuneration

| Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates:               | 2021<br>£ | 2020<br>£ |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| For audit services Audit of the financial statements of the company | 10,500    | 10,000    |

# 3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 23 (2020 - 26).

# 4 Tangible fixed assets

£ Cost At 1 January 2021 135,555 Additions 21,114 Disposals (7,782)At 31 December 2021 148,886 Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2021 98,991 Depreciation charged in the year 31,091 Eliminated in respect of disposals (7,339)At 31 December 2021 122,743 Carrying amount At 31 December 2021 26,143 At 31 December 2020 36,564

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

| 5 | Fixed asset investments                                  |         |                                |
|---|--|---------|--------------------------------|
|   |  | 2021    | 2020                           |
|   |  | £       | £                              |
|   | Shares in group undertakings and participating interests | 686,537 |                                |
|   | Movements in fixed asset investments                     |         |                                |
|   |  |         | Shares in<br>subsidiaries<br>£ |
|   | Cost or valuation  |         | ~                              |
|   | At 1 January 2021  |         | -                              |
|   | Additions  |         | 686,537                        |
|   | At 31 December 2021                                      |         | 686,537                        |
|   | Carrying amount  |         |                                |
|   | At 31 December 2021                                      |         | 686,537                        |
|   | At 31 December 2020                                      |         |                                |

# 6 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2021 are as follows:

| Name of undertaking                    | Registered office | Nature of business | Class of<br>shares held | % Held<br>Direct |
|--|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Infrata Canada                         | Canada            | Non-trading        | Ordinary                | 100.00           |
| Consilium Aviation Advisory<br>Limited | UK                | Consultancy        | Ordinary                | 100.00           |

The aggregate capital and reserves and the result for the year of the subsidiaries noted above was as follows:

| Name of undertaking                  | Capital and<br>Reserves   | Profit/(Loss)  |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
|                                      | £   | £  |
| Consilium Aviation Advisory Limited  | 435,126   | 255,818  |
| Debtors                              |   |  |
|                                      | 2021  | 2020   |
| Amounts falling due within one year: | £   | £  |
| Trade debtors                        | 1,298,442   | 379,353  |
| Other debtors                        | 197,913   | 140,447  |
|                                      | 1,496,355   | 519,800  |
|                                      | Consilium Aviation Advisory Limited  Debtors  Amounts falling due within one year:  Trade debtors | Consilium Aviation Advisory Limited 435,126  Debtors 2021  Amounts falling due within one year: £  Trade debtors 1,298,442 Other debtors 197,913 |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

| 8  | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year  |                   |                   |
|----|---|-------------------|-------------------|
|    | •   | 2021              | 2020              |
|    |   | £                 | £                 |
|    | Trade creditors   | 239,210           | 47,923            |
|    | Corporation tax   | 437,134           | 413,036           |
|    | Other taxation and social security Other creditors  | 53,673<br>367,758 | 46,664<br>299,477 |
|    | Other creditors   |                   |                   |
|    |   | 1,097,775         | 807,100           |
|    |   |                   |                   |
| 9  | Called up share capital   |                   |                   |
|    |   | 2021              | 2020              |
|    | Ordinary share capital  | £                 | £                 |
|    | Issued and fully paid   |                   |                   |
|    | 68,288 Ordinary Shares of £1 each   | 68,288            | 68,288            |
|    | 22,518 Ordinary B Shares of 1p each   | 225               | 67                |
|    | 200 Ordinary C Shares of 1p each  | 2                 | 2                 |
|    |   | 68,515            | 68,357            |
|    |   |                   |                   |
|    | During the year, the company allotted 15,806 Ordinary B Shares of 1p each out of treasure £158.06 | y, increasing sir | ате саркаг ву     |
| 10 | Capital redemption reserve  | 2024              | 2020              |
|    |   | 2021<br>£         | 2020<br>£         |
|    |   | _                 | -                 |
|    | At the beginning of the year  | 122,282           | 122,282           |
|    | Other movements   | (158)             | -                 |
|    | At the end of the year  | 122,124           | 122,282           |
|    |   |                   |                   |
|    | The balance of the Capital Redemption Reserve represents the shares held in Treasury.             |                   |                   |
| 11 | Profit and loss reserves  |                   |                   |
| •• | Tront and loss reserves   | 2021              | 2020              |
|    |   | £                 | £                 |
|    | At the beginning of the year  | 445,639           | 2,011,001         |
|    | Profit for the year   | 3,909,933         | 3,334,638         |
|    | Dividends declared and paid in the year   | (700,000)         | (4,900,000)       |
|    | At the end of the year  | 3,655,572         | 445,639           |
|    | •   |                   |                   |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 12 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

Senior Statutory Auditor: Frank Harling
Statutory Auditor: Ward Williams

# 13 Operating lease commitments

# Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

# 14 Related party transactions

# Transactions with related parties

During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

During the year the company incurred expenditure totalling £111,343 (2020: £nil) from Infrata SAS, a company under the control of the directors of Infrata Limited. The balance owed to Infrata SAS at the year end was £12,406 (2020: £nil)

# 15 Controlling party

The controlling parties at year end were Alonzo Guzman and Valery Olefir, directors and shareholders of the company.

Since the year end, Infrata Limited was purchased by Brundle Topco Limited who are now the controlling party. Its registered office is 21 Upper Brook Street, London, W1K 7PY.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.