SC PARK PLACE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

COMPANY NUMBER 07615601 (ENGLAND AND WALES)

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

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09/01/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mr C Cade

Mr P Morton Mrs J Hawthorn Mr S Dance

Company secretary Mr S Dance

Company number 07615601

Registered office Kintyre House

70 High Street Fareham Hampshire PO16 7BB

Independent auditor Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountant and Statutory Auditor

1 Grosvenor Square

Southampton Hampshire SO15 2BZ United Kingdom

Business address 16 D'Arblay Street

London W1F 8EA

Solicitors Osborne Clarke

One London Wall

London EC2Y 5EB

Bankers HSBC bank plc

Harry Weston Road

Binley Coventry CV3 2SH

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

The directors present their Annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2014. This Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the provision applicable to companies entitled to the small companies' exemption. Accordingly, the directors have elected to take advantage of the exemption from preparing a Strategic report.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continues to be that of property management.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 September 2013, except as stated:

Mr C Cade Mr P Morton Mrs J Hawthorn Mr S Dance

(Appointed 29 October 2013)

Auditor

Deloitte LLP were appointed auditor to the company and in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put at a General Meeting.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

Statement of disclosure to auditor

- so far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provision of S418 of Companies Act 2006.

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the forseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements. See accounting policies note 1 for further information.

By order of the Board

Mr S Dance

Director O9/01/15

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SC PARK PLACE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of SC Park Place Management Limited for the year ended 31 August 2014 which comprise the Profit and loss account, the Balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 17. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 August 2014 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF SC PARK PLACE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and to take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a Strategic report and preparing the Directors' report.

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Gregory Culshaw ACA (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor Southampton United Kingdom

Date: 9.1.201)

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Turnover	1	1,567,576	-
Cost of sales		(313,681)	(1,789)
Gross profit/(loss)		1,253,895	(1,789)
Administrative expenses		(1,236,440)	(15,831)
Operating profit/(loss)		17,455	(17,620)
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(17,455)	(1,457)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	2		(19,077)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	5	(573)	4,388
Loss for the year	13	(573)	(14,689)

The Profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the Profit and loss account. Accordingly, a Statement of total recognised gains and losses has not been presented.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2014

		201	4	201	3
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	6		5,279		2,535
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7	386,859 330,621		27,785 55,946	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	717,480 (578,931)		83,731 (100,954)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			138,549		(17,223)
Total assets less current liabilities			143,828		(14,688)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(36,393)		-
Provisions for liabilities	10		(122,696)		-
Net liabilities			(15,261)		(14,688)
Capital and reserves Called-up share capital	12		1		1
Profit and loss account	13		(15,262)		(14,689)
Shareholder's deficit	14		(15,261)		(14,688)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on $\frac{09/01/15}{1}$

Mr S Dance
Director

Company Registration No. 07615601

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

1 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year.

1.1 Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently. In the previous accounting period the financial statements were prepared under the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities ("FRSSE"). There have been no policy changes as a result of the change in reporting framework.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents rental income received during the course of the year and ancillary income. Rental income is deferred over the rental contract term and recognised on the date that it is receivable. Ancillary income is recognised on the date that the charge is incurred. Turnover is stated net of VAT and is wholly derived from the United Kingdom.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation and provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment Fixtures & fittings

33% Straight line 15% Straight line

1.5 Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the Balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the Balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

1.6 Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 1 (Revised 1996) Cash flow statements from preparing a Cash flow statement on the basis the cash flows of the company are presented in the consolidated financial statements of the parent entity.

1.7 Directors

The directors are not remunerated by the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.8 Going concern

In considering the appropriateness of the going concern basis the Board have reviewed the key risks and uncertainties to which they believe the company is exposed, the company's ongoing financial commitments and the availability of sufficient resources for the next twelve months and beyond.

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements using cash and intercompany borrowing facilities. The company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the company should be able to operate within the level of its current facility. As the company is not profitable and has a shareholder's deficit, the directors are in receipt of a letter of support from Student Castle Limited, a parent company, who will provide sufficient financial support to the company to enable it to meet its financial liabilities as and when they fall due, for a period not less than 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements.

The directors therefore have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

2	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	2014 £	2013 £
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging: Depreciation of tangible assets	1,322	243
	The analysis of the auditor's remuneration is as follows:		
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual accounts	4,150	1,150
	Total audit fees	4,150	1,150
	Taxation compliance services	2,250	625
	Total non-audit fees	2,250	625
		6,400	1,775
3	Staff costs		
	The average monthly number of employees (including executive directors) was:		
		2014	2013
		Number	Number
	Administration	12	1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

3 Staff costs (continued)	
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Their	aggregate	remuneration	comprised:
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	Then agging all formation all of the price at		
		2014	2013
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	248,352	9,523
	Social security costs	21,257	748
	Total staff costs for the year	269,609	10,271
4	Interest payable and similar charges	2014 £	· 2013
	Bank charges	17,455	1,457
		17,455	1,457
5	Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	2014 £	2013 £
	The tax charge comprises:		
	Current tax		
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	573	(4,388)
	Total deferred tax (see note 11)	573	(4,388)
	Total tax charge/(credit) on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	573	(4,388)
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	-	(19,077)
	Tax charge/(credit) on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 22.2% (2013: 23.6%)	-	(4,499)
	Effects of: Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	293	(598)
	Utilisation of tax losses	(293)	5,097
	Current tax charge for period	<u> </u>	-
			

The Finance Act 2013, which provides for a reduction in the main rate of corporation tax from 23% to 21% effective from 1 April 2014 and to 20% effective from April 2015, was substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. These rate reductions have been reflected in the calculation of deferred tax at the Balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

At Ad At	ost t 1 September 2013 dditions t 31 August 2014 epreciation t 1 September 2013	807 4,066 4,873	fixtures & fittings £ 1,971	2,778 4,066
At Ad At	t 1 September 2013 dditions t 31 August 2014 epreciation t 1 September 2013	807 4,066	1,971	2,778 4,066
At Ad At	t 1 September 2013 dditions t 31 August 2014 epreciation t 1 September 2013	4,066		4,066
Ad At D e	dditions t 31 August 2014 epreciation t 1 September 2013	4,066		4,066
At D e	t 31 August 2014 epreciation t 1 September 2013		1,971	
De	epreciation t 1 September 2013	4,873	1,971	6 944
	t 1 September 2013			0,044
At				
		14	229	243
Ch	harge for the year	1,021	301	1,322
At	t 31 August 2014	1,035	530	1,565
Ne	et book value			
	t 31 August 2014	3,838	1,441	5,279
At	t 31 August 2013	793	1,742	2,535
7 De	ebtors		2014 £	2013 £
т.	ando dobtoro		24.774	. 2200
An	rade debtors mounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the		31,774	3,306
	ompany has a participating interest		336,646	12,464
	repayments and accrued income		14,624	7,627
De	eferred tax asset (see note 11)	•	3,815 ———	4,388
			386,859	27,785
8 Cr	reditors: amounts falling due within one year		2014 £	2013 £
	rade creditors mounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the		48,049	8,048
	ompany has a participating interest		9,625	4,108
	exation and social security		4,059	559
	ther creditors		91,676	24,850
	ccruals		32,912	5,775
De	eferred income		392,610	57,614
			578,931	100,954

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

9	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2014 £	2013 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	36,393	

10 Provisions for liabilities

At 1 September 2013 - Charged to profit and loss account 122,696
At 31 August 2014 122,696

The provision relates to taxation accrued over the year to 31 August 2014. It is expected that this expenditure will be incurred in the next financial year.

11 Deferred taxation

The deferred tax asset (included in debtors, note 7) is made up as follows:

		Deferred tax £
At 1 September 2013 Charged to profit and loss account		4,388 (573)
At 31 August 2014		3,815
	2014 £	2013 £
Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses available	(243) 4,058	(583) 4,971
	3,815	4,388

The deferred tax asset is expected to be utilised against foreseeable profits and is therefore appropriate to recognise.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

12	Called-up share capital	2014 £	2013 £
	Allotted, called-up and fully-paid	-	_
	1 Ordinary share of £1 each	1	1
13	Statement of movements on Profit and loss account	_	<i>-</i>
		Pro	fit and loss account
			c
			£
	Balance at 1 September 2013		(14,689)
	Result for the year		(573)
	Balance at 31 August 2014		(15,262)
			-
14	Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's deficit	2014	2013
• •		£	£
	Loss for the financial year	(573)	(14,689)
	Proceeds from issue of shares	ìí	1
	Net depletion in shareholder's deficit	(572)	(14,688)
	Opening shareholder's deficit	(14,688)	-
	Closing shareholder's deficit	(15,261)	(14,688)
	Closing shareholder a deficit	(15,201)	(14,000)

15 Control

The parent company is SC Park Place Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent entity is Student Castle Investments LLP, a Limited Liability Partnership registered in England and Wales. The company's results are included in the consolidated financial statements of Student Castle Investments LLP, whose financial statements are publicly available. This is the largest group into which the results of the company are consolidated.

The Company's results are included in the consolidated financial statements of Student Castle Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales and whose financial statements are publicly available. This is the smallest group into which the results of the company are consolidated.

The ultimate controlling parties of the Limited Liability Partnership are the members: Sir C Dunstone; Mr P Morton; Mr C Cade; Mr R Taylor; Mr R Clarkson; Mr J Eckbert; Mr J Gildersleeve; Mr T Morris; and Mrs J Hawthorn. Sir C Dunstone, due to his share of the partnership, has significant influence over the Limited Liability Partnership.

16 Post Balance sheet events

There were no post Balance sheet events identified that require adjustment to or disclosure within the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

17 Related party relationships and transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 8 *Related party disclosures* whereby it has not disclosed transactions with the ultimate parent company or any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the group.