

IDEM FIRST FINANCE LIMITED
(Formerly Idem (No. 4) Limited)

Report and Financial Statements

Year ended 30 September 2014

THURSDAY



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COMPANIES HOUSE

STRATEGIC REPORT

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Idem First Finance Limited ('the Company') is a wholly owned subsidiary of Idem Capital Limited, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Idem Capital Holdings Limited. Idem Capital Holdings Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Paragon Group of Companies PLC ('the Group'). During the year the Company entered into a sterling senior facility agreement and a sterling junior facility agreement and used the proceeds to purchase loans valued at £469,460,000 from a fellow group company.

On the 12 December 2013 the Company changed its name from Idem (No. 4) Limited to Idem First Finance Limited.

The company commenced trading on 2 April 2014

As shown in the Company's profit and loss account on page 5, the profit after tax for the year was £4,001,000 (2013: £nil).

The balance sheet on page 6 of the Financial Statements shows the Company's financial position at the year end. Net assets have increased due to the retained profit for the year. Loans to customers have reduced from the date of purchase to £117,449,000 (2013: £nil). As a result the balance outstanding under the credit facility at 30 September 2014 had reduced to £111,506,000 (2013: £nil). Details of amounts owed from and to other group companies are shown in notes 10 and 13.

No interim dividend was paid during the year (2013: £nil). No final dividend is proposed (2013: £nil).

The Group manages its operations on a centralised basis. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that further key performance indicators for the Company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is a securitisation company and has been structured so as to avoid, in as far as is possible, all forms of financial risk with its outstanding term loan match-funded to maturity. An analysis of the Company's exposure to risk, including financial risk, and the steps taken to mitigate these risks are set out in note 3, and a discussion of critical accounting estimates is set out in note 2.

After considering the above, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. This is further supported by the Group holding sufficient cash resources to support the Company's obligations as they fall due. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Financial Statements.

ENVIRONMENT

The Group recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to reduce any damage that might be caused by the Group's activities. The Company operates in accordance with group policies, which are described in the Group's Annual Report, which does not form part of this Report.

EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees. All operational services are provided by employees of the Group. The Group's employment policies are described in its Annual Report, which does not form part of this Report.

Approved by the Board of Directors
and signed on behalf of the Board



R J Woodman

Director

23 January 2015

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their Annual Report and the audited Financial Statements of Idem First Finance Limited, registration no: 07580657, for the year ended 30 September 2014.

DIRECTORS

The directors throughout the year and subsequently were:

N Keen (resigned 13 May 2014)

R D Shelton

J G Gemmell (resigned 30 June 2014)

R J Woodman (appointed 25 April 2014)

K G Allen (appointed 1 July 2014)

AUDITOR

The directors have taken all necessary steps to make themselves and the Company's auditor aware of any information needed in preparing the audit of the Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year, and, as far as each of the directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor are unaware.

No notice from members under section 488 of the Companies Act 2006 having been received, the directors intend that the auditor, Deloitte LLP, shall be deemed to be reappointed in accordance with section 487(2) of the Act.

INFORMATION PRESENTED IN OTHER SECTIONS

Certain information required to be included in a directors' report by Schedule 7 can be found in the other sections of the Annual Report, as described below. All of the information presented in these sections is incorporated by reference into this Directors' Report and is deemed to form part of this report.

A description of the Company's financial risk management objectives and policies, and its exposure to risks arising from its use of financial instruments are set out in note 3 to the accounts.

Approved by the Board of Directors

and signed on behalf of the Board



R J Woodman

Director

23 January 2015

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES
in relation to Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF IDEM FIRST FINANCE LIMITED
(Formerly Idem (No. 4) Limited)

We have audited the Financial Statements of Idem First Finance Limited for the year ended 30 September 2014 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on Financial Statements

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the Financial Statements are prepared is consistent with the Financial Statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.



Peter Birch (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Birmingham, United Kingdom

23 January 2015

IDEM FIRST FINANCE LIMITED
(Formerly Idem (No. 4) Limited)

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

	Note	2014 £000	2013 £000
Interest receivable and similar income	4	12,499	-
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(2,957)	-
Net interest income		<u>9,542</u>	<u>-</u>
Operating expenses		(4,413)	-
Operating profit, being profit on ordinary activities before taxation	7	<u>5,129</u>	<u>-</u>
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(1,128)	-
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	12	<u><u>4,001</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

All activities derive from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the current year and the result for the preceding year, and consequently a separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has not been presented.

IDEM FIRST FINANCE LIMITED
(Formerly Idem (No. 4) Limited)

BALANCE SHEET

30 SEPTEMBER 2014

	Note	2014 £000	2014 £000	2013 £000	2013 £000
ASSETS EMPLOYED					
FIXED ASSETS					
Loans to customers	9		117,449		-
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors falling due with one year	10	162		1	
Cash at bank		4,509		-	
			4,671		1
			122,120		1
FINANCED BY					
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS					
Called up share capital	11	1		1	
Profit and loss account	12	4,001		-	
			4,002		1
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	13	6,612		-	
Amounts falling due after more than one year	13	111,506		-	
			118,118		-
			122,120		1

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 23 January 2015.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors



R D Shelton

Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable UK Accounting Standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below. They have been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as described in the Strategic Report.

Accounting convention

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except as required in the valuation of certain financial instruments which are carried at fair value.

Loans to customers

Loans to customers are considered to be 'loans and receivables' as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 26 – 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' (FRS 26). They are therefore accounted for on the amortised cost basis.

Such loans are valued at inception as the amount of initial advance, which is the fair value at that time, inclusive of procurement fees paid to brokers or other business providers and less initial fees paid by the customer. Thereafter they are valued at this amount less the cumulative amortisation calculated using the Effective Interest Rate ('EIR') method. The loan balances are then reduced where necessary by a provision for balances which are considered to be impaired.

The EIR method spreads the expected net income arising from a loan over its expected life. The EIR is that rate of interest which, at inception, exactly discounts the expected future cash payments and receipts arising from the loan to the initial carrying amount.

Impairment of loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are reviewed for indications of possible impairment throughout the year and at each balance sheet date, in accordance with FRS 26. Where loans exhibit objective evidence of impairment, the carrying value of the loans is reduced to the net present value of their expected future cash flows, including the value of the potential realisation of any security, discounted at the original EIR. Loans are assessed collectively, compared by risk characteristics and account is taken of any impairment arising due to events which are believed to have taken place but have not been specifically identified at the balance sheet date.

Related party disclosures

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by Financial Reporting Standard 8 - 'Related Party Disclosures' and does not therefore provide details of transactions with other group companies as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Paragon Group of Companies PLC, the accounts of which are publicly available.

Current tax

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the Financial Statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Borrowings

Borrowings are carried in the balance sheet on the amortised cost basis. The initial value recognised includes the principal amount received less any discount on issue or costs of issuance.

Interest and all other costs of the funding are expensed to the profit and loss account as interest payable over the term of the borrowing on an Effective Interest Rate basis.

Fee and commission income

Other income includes administration fees charged to borrowers, which are credited to the profit and loss account when the related service is performed.

Revenue

The revenue of the Company comprises interest receivable and other income. The accounting policy for the recognition of each element of revenue is described separately within these accounting policies.

FRS 29 disclosure

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by Financial Reporting Standard 29 - 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' and does not therefore provide the disclosures required by the Standard as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Paragon Group of Companies PLC, the accounts of which are publicly available.

Cash flow statement

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by Financial Reporting Standard 1 - 'Cash Flow Statements' and does not therefore provide a cash flow statement as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Paragon Group of Companies PLC, the accounts of which are publicly available.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Certain balances reported in the Financial Statements are based wholly or in part on estimates or assumptions made by the directors. There is, therefore, a potential risk that they may be subject to change in future periods. The most significant of these are:

Impairment losses on loans to customers

Impairment losses on loans are calculated based on statistical models. The key assumptions revolve around estimates of future cash flows from customer's accounts, their timing and, for secured accounts, the expected proceeds from the realisation of the property. These key assumptions are based on observed data from historical patterns and are updated regularly based on new data as it becomes available.

In addition the directors consider how appropriate past trends and patterns might be in the current economic situation and make any adjustments they believe are necessary to reflect the current conditions.

The accuracy of the impairment calculations would therefore be affected by unexpected changes to the economic situation, variances between the models used and the actual results or assumptions which differ from the actual outcomes.

In particular, if the impact of economic factors such as employment levels on customers is worse than is implicit in the model then the number of accounts requiring provision might be greater than suggested by the model, while falls in house prices, over and above any assumed by the model might increase the provision required in respect of accounts currently provided.

Effective interest rates

In order to determine the effective interest rate applicable to loans an estimate must be made of the expected life of each loan and hence the cash flows relating thereto. These estimates are based on historical data and reviewed regularly. The accuracy of the effective interest rate applied would therefore be compromised by any differences between actual borrower behaviour and that predicted.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's operations are financed principally by a bank loan and, to a lesser extent by a mixture of share capital and loans from other group companies. In addition, various financial instruments, for example debtors, prepayments and accruals, arise directly from the Company's operations.

It is, and has been throughout the year under review, the Company's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

The principal risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The board of the Company's holding company reviews and agrees policies for all companies in the Group managing each of these risks and they are summarised below. These policies have remained unchanged throughout the year and since the year end.

Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its loans to customers. The maximum credit risk at 30 September 2014 approximates to the carrying value of loans to customers (note 9). There are no significant concentrations of credit risk due to the large number of customers included in the portfolios.

In assessing credit risk an applicant's ability to repay the loan remains the overriding factor in the decision to lend by the originator.

Idem Capital Securities Limited, a fellow group company, continues to administer the loans on behalf of the Company and the collections process is the same as that utilised for all companies in the Group.

In order to control credit risk relating to counterparties to the Company's financial instruments, the board of the Company's holding company determines on a group basis, which counterparties the group of companies will deal with, establishes limits for each counterparty and monitors compliance with those limits.

Liquidity risk

The Company's assets are principally financed by a bank loan. Details of the Company's borrowings are given in note 13.

It is the Company's policy to ensure that adequate resources are available at all times to provide for the day to day activities of the Company and to meet regulatory requirements. Management considers the year end position satisfactorily reflects the policies and objectives set out above.

Interest rate risk

The Company's assets predominantly bear LIBOR linked interest rates. The interest rates charged on the Company's variable rate loan assets are determined by reference to, inter alia, the Company's funding costs and the rates being charged on similar products in the market. Generally this ensures the matching of changes in interest rates on the Company's loan assets and borrowings and any exposure arising on the interest rate resets is relatively short term.

Currency risk

The Company has no material exposure to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Loan interest	12,499	-

5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Senior loan interest	1,304	-
Junior loan interest	1,566	-
Interest payable to group companies	87	-
	<u>2,957</u>	<u>-</u>

Included within the junior loan interest balance is an amount of £1,566,000 (2013: £nil) that was paid to fellow subsidiaries of The Paragon Group of Companies PLC.

6. DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

Directors' received no remuneration for the services provided to the Company during either the current or the preceding year.

The Company had no employees in the current or preceding year. All administration is performed by employees of the Group. The directors of the Company are all employed by Paragon Finance PLC, a fellow group company, and their remuneration is disclosed within the financial statements of that company, which do not form part of this Report.

7. OPERATING PROFIT, BEING PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Operating profit is after charging:		
Auditor remuneration - audit services	6	-

Non audit fees provided to the Group are disclosed in the accounts of the parent company and the exemption from disclosure of fees payable to the Company's auditor in respect to non-audit services in these Financial Statements has been taken.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

8. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

a) Tax charge for the year

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Current tax		
Corporation tax	1,128	-

b) Factors affecting the current tax charge

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Profit before tax	5,129	-
UK corporation tax at 22% (2013: 23.5%) based on the profit for the year	1,128	-

During the year ended 30 September 2012 the Government enacted provisions reducing the rate of corporation tax from 24.0% to 23.0% from 1 April 2014. During the year ended 30 September 2013 the Government enacted provisions further reducing the rate of corporation tax to 21.0% with effect from 1 April 2014 and 20.0% from 1 April 2015. Therefore the standard rate of corporation tax applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 September 2013 was 23.5%, the rate for the year ending 30 September 2014 was 22.0%, the rate for the year ending 30 September 2015 is expected to be 20.5% and the rate in subsequent years is expected to be 20.0%.

9. LOANS TO CUSTOMERS

Loans to customers comprise unsecured loans at 30 September 2014 and 30 September 2013, which are all denominated and payable in sterling, and are categorised as loans and receivables as defined by FRS 26.

Unsecured loans have a contractual term of up to 10 years. In all cases the borrower is entitled to settle the loan at any point and in most cases such early settlement does take place. All borrowers are required to make monthly payments, except where an initial deferred period is included in the contractual terms.

All the unsecured loans are pledged as collateral for liabilities at 30 September 2014 and 30 September 2013.

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Balance at 1 October 2013	-	-
Additions	128,795	-
Other debits	13,715	-
Repayments and redemptions	(25,061)	-
Balance at 30 September 2014	117,449	-

Other debits include primarily interest charged to customers on loans outstanding, impairment movements on these loans and other changes in the amortised cost of the assets caused by the effective interest rate method.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

10. DEBTORS

	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Amounts owed by group companies	137	1
Prepayments and accrued income	25	-
	<u>162</u>	<u>1</u>

11. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2014	2013
	£	£
Allotted:		
1,000 ordinary shares of £1 (fully paid)	1,000	1,000
	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>

12. COMBINED STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN RESERVES

	Share capital	Profit and loss	Shareholders'
	£000	account	funds
	£000	£000	£000
At 1 October 2012	1	-	1
Result for the financial year	-	-	-
At 30 September 2013	1	-	1
Profit for the financial year	-	4,001	4,001
At 30 September 2014	1	4,001	4,002

An interim dividend of £nil per share was paid during the year (2013: £nil per share). No final dividend is proposed (2013: £nil).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

13. CREDITORS

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Amounts due to group companies	5,012	-
Corporation tax	1,128	-
Accruals and deferred income	472	-
	<u>6,612</u>	<u>-</u>

Included within the accruals and deferred income balance is an amount of £372,000 (2013: £nil) due to fellow subsidiaries of The Paragon Group of Companies PLC.

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Bank loan	<u>111,506</u>	<u>-</u>

Included within the bank loan balance is an amount of £62,160,000 (2013: £nil) due to fellow subsidiaries of The Paragon Group of Companies PLC.

As at 30 September 2014, the Company held a sterling senior facility of £ 55,000,000 (2013: £nil) and a sterling junior facility of £75,200,000 (2013: £nil). The sterling junior facility is held by a fellow group company. The balance outstanding under the senior facility agreement was £50,300,000 (2013: £nil) and the balance outstanding under the junior facility agreement was £62,200,000 (2013: £nil).

The senior facility, interest is payable at a fixed margin, 3.75% above the London Interbank Offered Rate ('LIBOR') on the loan denominated in sterling. The junior facility, interest is payable at a fixed margin, 4% above the London Interbank Offered Rate ('LIBOR') on the loan denominated in sterling.

14. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Idem Capital Limited. The Company's ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party is The Paragon Group of Companies PLC, a company registered in England and Wales. The smallest group into which the Company is consolidated in is Idem Capital Holdings Limited. The largest group into which the Company is consolidated in is The Paragon Group of Companies PLC.

Copies of the Group's financial statements are available from that company's registered office at 51 Homer Road, Solihull, West Midlands, B91 3QJ.