Sunbury Manor School

Annual Report and Financial Statements

31 August 2021

Company Limited by Guarantee Registration Number 07545019 (England and Wales)

HURSDAY

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30/12/2021 COMPANIES HOUSE #64

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Reference and administrative information

Governors BJ Batten (Appointed 1 September 2021)

S Bhal a

J Burkmar ¢ (Appointed 1st March 2021)

C Burch ∞∆

A Cottle ¢ (Staff Governor)

J Cloake ∞△

A L Duncan ¢∞∆ (Headteacher – Resigned 31st August

2021)

D Evans ¢∞∆ (Chair of Governors)

J Fenton-Hall △ (Staff Governor)

S Flint ¢△

E Flippance ϕ

L Glover ∞

D Johnson ∞ (Staff Governor - Resigned 31st August

2021

M Lamey ¢∞ (Vice Chair)

T Mayomi (Resigned as full Governor 31st January 2021)

M McCartney △

M Prentice (Headteacher - Appointed 1 September

2021)

E Redfern ¢ ∞

LJ Warren (Appointed 1 September 2021)

C Webber ¢ (Resigned 11th January 2021)

Committee membership:

¢ Resources and Audit

∞ Self-Evaluation and Improvement

△ Student Welfare, Safeguarding & Community

Members All governors, with the exception of staff governors, are

members of the Charitable Company

Company Secretary C Crichard

Leadership Team A L Duncan (Headteacher) Resigned 31.8.2021

M Prentice (Headteacher) Appointed 1.9.2021

A Cottle (Deputy Headteacher)
J Tweed (Deputy Headteacher)

G Eynon (Assistant Headteacher)

M Wood (Deputy Headteacher)

C Johnston (Assistant Headteacher) M Neal (Assistant Headteacher)

Registered address Sunbury Manor School

Nursery Road

Sunbury on Thames

Middlesex TW16 6LF

Company registration number 07545019 (England and Wales)

Reference and administrative information

Auditor

Buzzacott LLP

130 Wood Street

London EC2V 6DL

Bankers

HSBC Bank plc

12A North Street

Guildford Surrey GU1 4AF

Solicitors

Stone King LLP

16 St John's Lane

London EC1M 4BS

Surrey Legal Services

County Hall

Kingston upon Thames Surrey KT1 2DW

Governors' report Year to 31 August 2021

The governors of Sunbury Manor School ('the School') present their statutory report together with the financial statements of the charitable company for the year to 31 August 2021. The annual report serves the purposes of both a governors' report and a directors' report under company law.

The report has been prepared in accordance with Part VI of the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out on pages 33 to 37 of the attached financial statements and comply with the School's memorandum and articles of association, applicable laws and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), effective from accounting periods commencing 1 January 2015 or later.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

School Context

Sunbury Manor, a specialist 11-16 Humanities school, became a type two academy on 1 April 2011. During the accounting year ended 31 August 2021, Sunbury Manor had 1179 students on its roll (January 2020 census return).

In 2020/2021 the School's population included the following:

- 21.45% of students recognised as SEN Support (K);
- 2.64% of students with statements or Education Health Care Plan;
- 13.96% of students with English as an additional language;
- 17.11% of students on free school meals;
- 30.72% of students from ethnic minority groups;
- 24.08% of the School's population from the London Borough of Hounslow, making it very different to a typical Surrey school; and

Staffing

After a rigorous recruitment process the school successfully recruited Mrs Michelle Prentice to the post of Headteacher after Mrs Louise Duncan announced her decision to retire at the end of the academic year. The School continued to be fully staffed with qualified subject specialist in all subject areas during the academic year 2020/21.

Despite significant staffing difficulties in local secondary schools, Sunbury Manor has managed to recruit and retain staff and is pleased to report that all teaching staff are fully qualified subject specialists. This has been a particular challenge as the School is located very close to several London boroughs that offer an enhanced London salary weighting. In an attempt to attract newly qualified staff, a slightly enhanced starting salary was offered in September 2016 and this has continued. The School attempts to limit the use of recruitment and retention allowances however it has had to balance this with the need to ensure that it remains fully staffed with the best possible teaching team. There is a high level of staff stability and satisfaction, including a number of staff that have returned to Sunbury Manor or send their own children to the School. The governing body work closely with the staff to provide support, challenge and continued professional development opportunities.

In view of the ever-challenging funding situation, the School continues to review its teaching staff and support staff structure however with the increasing % of students with recognised SEN support and deprivation factors the School is needing to increase staff to ensure these students access the curriculum fully, particularly Special Educational Needs support staff. It has been recognised that there is a need for additional pastoral support staff to support the increasing number of students with behavioural, emotional and mental health needs that need to be supported to ensure that they are able to access the curriculum.

There was very little change in the staffing profile during the year. The school retained the majority of staff proving that the care and well-being of staff remains a priority.

Sunbury Manor closed to students on January 5th 2021 to 5th March 2021 in line with Government recommended guidelines but remained open for Key Worker children to the end of the Summer Term. Staff that were able to work from home did so and those that were able to come in did so on a rota basis. Vulnerable members of staff were able to stay at home. During the academic year there were also some year groups that had remain at home due to high numbers of positive cases within the year group bubble.

The COVID pandemic has meant that a number of staff members needed to shield due to underlying health conditions and although it is recommended that these staff work from home, a teacher still needs to be present in the classroom. The School is currently covering these absences, together with those that have to self-isolate, with cover staff and agency staff. Longer term, this will have an implication on the School's financial position as claims for this type of absence cannot be made on the staff insurance policy or Statutory Sick Pay. The situation will continue to be monitored by the leadership team and HR Manager on a regular basis.

To ensure that the School remained open, staff were redeployed to help reduce the risk of infection throughout the School.

Constitution

The School is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The charitable company's memorandum and articles of association are the primary governing documents of the School.

The governors act as the trustees for the charitable activities of the School and are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law. With the exception of staff governors, all governors are appointed as members of the charitable company. The charitable company is known as Sunbury Manor School.

Details of the School's Leadership Team and the governors who served throughout the year are included on page 1.

Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the charitable company in the event of it being wound up while they are a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a member.

Governors' indemnities

At the start of every academic year, all governors are required to complete and sign a Declaration of Business Interests Form which is held by the Company Secretary. In addition at the start of every full governing body and committee meeting, governors are asked to declare any conflict of business interests. Where an interest is declared, the governor must leave the meeting while a related item is under discussion. No qualifying third party indemnity provisions have been declared in this financial year. Details of indemnity insurance in place are given in note 8 to the financial statements.

Principal activities

The School's principal activities, identified in the funding agreement, are specifically restricted to the following:

- a) To advance for the public benefit education in the United Kingdom, in particular but without prejudice to generality of the foregoing by establishing, maintaining, carrying on, managing and developing a school offering a broad and balanced curriculum ("Sunbury Manor School").
- b) To promote for the benefit of the inhabitants of Sunbury-on-Thames and the surrounding area the provision of facilities for recreation or other leisure time occupation who have need of such facilities by reason of their youth, age, infirmity or disablement, financial hardship or social and ethnic circumstances or for the public at large in the interests of social welfare and with the object of improving the condition of life for the said inhabitants.

Method of recruitment and appointment or election of governors

The governing body comprises the Headteacher and up to 15 others.

The Vice-Chair has responsibility for recruiting new Trustee Governors. The Board has an annual skills audit to identify gaps within the team. This year the school was able to appoint a Governor with financial expertise. Trustee Governors can be appointed through external agency websites such as 'Strictly Education' or from a personal recommendation. Applicants are invited to meet with the Chair and Vice-Chair, references are sought before the Full Board agree the appointments.

When staff governor vacancies occur, the Clerk writes to all members of staff in the School with information regarding the governing body, the meeting structure, the diary of meetings, the commitment required, and nomination forms. Candidates need to be nominated by two other members of staff. Should more people apply than there are vacancies for, a formal ballot is held.

There are no bodies entitled to nominate or appoint governors.

When parent governor vacancies occur, the Clerk writes to all parents of students in the school with information regarding the governing body, the meeting structure, the diary of meetings, the commitment required, and nomination forms. Parents need to be nominated by two other parents. Should more people apply than there are vacancies for, a formal ballot is held.

Attendance at Full Board meetings and at the Resources and Audit Committee meetings in the year 2020-21 are shown on pages 17 and 18. In the academic year 2020-2021 from March 20th all meetings were held virtually through Microsoft Teams software. Face to face meetings will resume in the Academic Year 2021-2022.

Amendment to articles of association (April 2016)

Following a review of the School's governance structure, and after seeking professional advice, in September 2015 governors decided to amend the School's articles of association in order to provide separation between governors and members, ensuring that employees of the School cannot be members. Approval from the Secretary of State was obtained in December 2016 and the articles were amended by special resolution in April 2016. The amended articles, promoting an additional level of oversight, ensures that the School's governance structure follows the best practice set out by the ESFA in the Academies Financial Handbook.

Secretary of State Approvals

During the academic year 2020/21 there were no applications that required Secretary of State Approval.

Policies and procedures adopted for the induction and training of governors

A welcome pack is sent out to all new governors and they are assigned a buddy. They are then invited in to meet with the Chair of the Governing Body and the Headteacher and are then welcomed by all governors at the next full board meeting. A nominated Governor, together with the Clerk, is responsible for advising all Governors on all available training. All information pertinent to the role is placed on the governor portal, where they can access agendas, previous minutes, committee structure, membership of committees, policy documents, calendar, handbook and future agenda items.

Organisational structure

In addition to the full governing body, there are four committees, all of which have delegated responsibilities to make decisions. The committees are Pay, Resources and Audit, Self-Evaluation and Improvement and Student Welfare, Safeguarding & Community.

At the first full board meeting of an academic year, in September, governors decide which committees they will sit on. All governors sit on at least one committee. Committees meet a minimum of once a term and reports from the committees are tabled at the Full Board meeting so that all governors are aware of any issues arising. The Terms of Reference for each Committee are reviewed annually and reported to Full Board.

Members of the School's Leadership Team attend each committee, "in attendance", and can contribute to the agenda items being discussed.

The decision as to which Committee each governor attends is agreed by the Full Board on recommendation from the Chair. The Headteacher makes a report regarding staffing to the Resources and Audit committee.

The Headteacher attends and makes a written formal report to governors at every full board meeting and then goes through and takes questions on this report. Major decisions regarding the School are reserved for the full board meeting.

The roles and responsibilities for the Leadership Team are revised annually, and these are circulated to the Full Board.

In the academic year 2020-2021 all Full Board meetings were held virtually through Microsoft Teams.

Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

The Pay Committee is responsible for setting pay and remuneration for the Leadership Team. Each position, Headteacher, Deputy Headteacher and Assistant Headteacher, is placed on a point within a predetermined minimum/maximum range. The salary range is established by taking into consideration the range of skills required and responsibilities held. Benchmarking against other Leadership Team positions in neighbouring schools has been undertaken in the past to ensure that the School is able to recruit and retain a strong Leadership Team. This is especially important given that leadership teams in neighbouring schools receive an enhanced outer London payment.

Leadership Team members are subject to an annual appraisal procedure. In the case of the Headteacher, the appraisal involves trained governors and the School Improvement Partner. Other Leadership Team members have annual appraisals with the Headteacher. Recommendations for movement within the range are made and decided by the Pay Committee

Trade union facility time

No time was spent by relevant union officials on paid trade union activities during contracted employment hours in the relevant year for purposes of reporting under the Trade Union (Facility Time Publication Requirements) Regulations 2017.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Objectives, aims, strategies and activities

The School principal aims are to provide high quality and fully inclusive education to students of all abilities between the ages of 11 and 16, underpinned by a relevant and engaging curriculum. The principal aims are:

- to enable students of all abilities to make the most of their intellectual, practical, physical and social skills;
- to ensure that students feel happy, safe and well cared for;
- to help students to develop self-discipline and to learn to behave towards others with care, respect and good manners;
- to help students to develop self confidence in the classroom, in extension activities and in social situations;
- to help students to develop high aspirations and to enable them to progress towards a rewarding and fulfilling future; and
- to provide a fully inclusive, welcoming environment which meets the needs of students with special educational needs or physical disabilities.

Governors' report Year to 31 August 2021

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES (continued)

Public benefit

The governors confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the School's objectives and aims, and in planning future activities for the year. The governors consider that the School's aims are demonstrably to the public benefit.

Equal opportunities policy

The governors recognise that equal opportunities should be an integral part of good practice within the workplace. The School aims to establish equal opportunity in all areas of its activities including creating a working environment in which the contribution and needs of all people are fully valued.

Disabled persons

Lifts, ramps and disabled toilets are installed and door widths are adequate to enable wheelchair access to all areas of the School. The policy of the School is to support recruitment and retention of students and employees with disabilities. The School does this by adapting the physical environment, by making support resources available and through training and career development. The School caters for a number of physically disabled students.

ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE

Attendance

Attendance in the last academic year was significantly affected by Covid and the subsequent recommended policies and procedures. Overall attendance for last year was 91.71% against a 3-year average of 93.7%

Monitoring

Teachers understand how to meet the needs of pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND). Teachers work closely with skilled leaders and staff from the SEND specialist teams to plan lessons and resources. They ensure that this group of pupils receive the support they are entitled to and achieve well.

The leadership of the School is driven by a strong moral purpose to help every pupil do their best. Leaders act with integrity. Their ambitious vision is shared by the whole school community, including governors. Staff are overwhelmingly positive about leaders' concern for their workload and well-being. Leaders changed the way that pupils' progress is monitored, away from frequent tests to fewer assessed tasks. Time previously used for testing is now better used for teaching.

The arrangements for safeguarding are effective.

ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE (continued)

Monitoring (continued)

The next steps as identified by Ofsted Leaders that the School now needs to do are:

- Pupils' learning in a few subjects is not sequenced as coherently as others. Teachers should ensure that curriculum plans for all subjects contain the knowledge, understanding and skills that pupils should know in a logical order.
- Across the curriculum, pupils are not always able to remember or describe their learning well enough. This lack of knowledge limits their outcomes. Leaders should ensure that pupils are enabled to recall what they have learned and explain their thinking accurately. Leaders can draw on the strong practice that exists in the school.

Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the governing body has a reasonable expectation that the School has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the principal accounting policies.

Financial review

Financial report for the period

In the year to 31 August 2021, ESFA GAG funding of £6,303,000 (2020 – £5,615,460) was received, together with capital funding of £925,000 (2020 – £21,272) and Pupil Premium grants totalling £258,000 (2020 –£221,683). The remaining income comprised other grant funding of £695,000 (2020 – £471,029), trading income of £241,00 (2020 – £237,686) and voluntary income of £13,000 (2020 – £10,481). There was also exceptional Covid grant funding of £97,000.

Total income for the year was £8,532,000 (2020 - £6,962,121). The increase in income is primarily due to the level of CIF Capital Funding.

Expenditure totalling £8,074,000 was incurred in the year (2020 - £7,426,280) relating to the School's educational operations.

At 31 August 2021, the net book value of fixed assets was £10,901,000 (2020 - £10,426,807), and depreciation of £449,000 (2020 - £425,003) has been charged to the financial statements.

The school incurred an operational deficit of £18,000 excluding movements on the fixed asset fund and after actuarial pension losses (2020 – deficit of £61,000)

Financial and risk management objectives and policies

The School receives its primary funding in monthly installments from the ESFA. Therefore, its cash flow risk is minimal. Any funds not immediately required for working capital are held in deposit accounts, to generate additional income. As such, the governors consider the School's liquidity risk to be minimal. The School does not use complex debt instruments, hence its exposure to credit risk is also considered low by the governors.

Reserves policy

The governors have reviewed the reserves of the School. This review encompassed the nature of income and expenditure streams, the need to match them with commitments and the nature of reserves. The governors have concluded that reserves of £925,000 (2020 – £616,033 unrestricted general funds), represented by £670,000 (2020 - £413,896) of unrestricted general funds and £255,00 (2020 - £202,137) of restricted income funds, will be sufficient for the School at the present time. A proportion of the reserves are planned to be expended over the next year to support the school development plan.

The school will maintain reserves of one month's payroll which is in line with recommended practice.

The introduction of the National Funding Formula continues to be phased by Surrey County Council who maintained a local funding formula during 2020-21. It is expected that the local authorities use their local formulae to achieve a smooth transition. The current breakdown which will apply in 2021/22 is recorded in the table below.

Basic Entitlement per pupil	£
KS3	4657.55
KS4	5250.11
Deprivation	
Per pupil entitled to FSM	487.23
Per "ever 6" FSM Pupil	889.82
Per Pupil with IDACI score 0.20-0.25 (band F)	229.17
Per Pupil with IDACI score 0.25-0.30 (band E)	277.14
Per Pupil with IDACI score 0.30-0.35 (band D)	437.02
Per Pupil with IDACI score 0.35-0.40 (band C)	474.33
Per Pupil with IDACI score 0.40-0.50 (band B)	506.30
Per Pupil with IDACI score >0.5 (bands A)	660.86

Governors' report Year to 31 August 2021

ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE (continued)

Financial review (continued)

Reserves policy (continued)

Low Prior Attainment/high incidence SEN	
Per KS2 low attainer	1758.26
Per EAL 3 Pupil	1572.90
Pupil Mobility (per pupil >6%)	1366.36
Lump Sum/Flat Rate	133732
Minimum per pupil funding level	5415
Minimum funding Guarantee 2.00%	

The numbers on roll at Sunbury Manor have continued to steadily rise although have not achieved the rise that was predicted by the Local Authority when the school was asked to increase its PAN to 270 in September 2019. The two local secondary academies also took the decision to raise their PAN, this has had a subsequent effect on the number of admissions that have put Sunbury Manor as their first-choice school. Current numbers on roll (at October 2021) are reflected in the following table:

Year	Total
Year 7	219
Year 8	231
Year 9	263
Year 10	239
Year 11	227
Totals	1179

It is not anticipated that the School will be in a position to build upon existing reserves for purposes other than sustaining the School's current provision within the next year. The level of reserves will be kept under review by the governors.

It is acknowledged that there is a significant deficit in the LGPS scheme and that this has an impact on the School's restricted ESFA funds balance. However, given that there is currently no expectation that the School will be required to make additional contributions to the scheme above normal funding levels, GAG reserves and the LGPS deficit are monitored and considered independently.

ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE (continued)

Financial review (continued)

Investment policy

The School holds all funds in a low risk instant access HSBC bank account. There is no charge for operating the account, however interest is not paid. If interest rates rise, the governors will review the current banking arrangements to ensure that interest is earned.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Staffing

The School, like many others in this geographical area, is finding it increasingly challenging to recruit suitably qualified teaching staff in several core subject areas including Science, Mathematics and English. The School is aware that failure to recruit qualified subject specialists may cause significant damage to the progress that students make, examination results and consequently the reputation of the School.

In an attempt to manage this risk, a considerable amount of time has been invested in working with local ITT establishments to support school based placements and recruit newly qualified teachers directly. This has worked well this year however considerable care needs to be taken as experienced teaching staff are still required to support and mentor new teachers entering the profession. Furthermore, the School is under significant pressure to pay enhanced starting salaries to newly qualified staff as the Surrey Fringe payment is not acting as an incentive to work in this geographical area. Recruitment and retention allowances have been utilised to retain key members of staff in the core subjects of Maths and Science. This is line with the national picture.

Going forward the School will develop further links with the local Initial Teacher Training establishments and attempt to forecast staffing requirements very early in the academic year, long before the resignation period. As the School is expanding, there is a plan to appoint staff in key shortage areas as soon as possible. Whilst early recruitment may result in potential over-staffing, this risk has to be weighed up against failing to find qualified teaching staff or using costly agencies to recruit staff from overseas. The School will attempt to limit the use of agencies to find teaching staff but recognise that this is becoming more challenging given the significant teacher shortage in this geographical area. That said, the School has no current teaching vacancies and in the academic year 2020/21 recruited without the use of agency finder's fees.

Risk register

The governors have created a risk register which covers the following:

- the type of risks the School faces and the risks regarded as tolerable;
- the likelihood of the risks materialising and the School's ability to reduce their incidence and impact on the School's operations; and
- control procedures which can respond quickly to evolving risks arising from factors within the School and to changes in the external environment

Governors' report Year to 31 August 2021

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (continued)

Risk register (continued)

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the School include:

- financial implications of on-going COVID pandemic including impact on staffing and resourcing for monitoring effective infection control methods and testing
- Health and Safety of staff and students during the COVID pandemic and changing guidelines
- Mental well-being of staff and students during COVID pandemic and ensuring that there
 is effective and practical support available
- Significant changes in pupil numbers
- natural risk uncontrollable event e.g. fire;
- failure to comply with Health and Safety legislation results in an employee/pupil or visitor being injured or killed;
- financial control risk resulting in serious budget deficit or fraud;
- failure to comply with employment law resulting in litigation, tribunals;
- competition for funding/reputation/stakeholder risk achievement standards falling or poor marketing; falling rolls;
- insurance risk inadequate insurance; the school utilises the Risk Protection Arrangement (RPA) through the Department for Education and takes out additional cover for the school minibuses, occasional business use and tablets;
- technology risk information security risk; virus risk/corruption of data risk;
- quality risk of suppliers e.g. capital project providers;
- ◆ GDPR In line with new legislation all staff have had training and the school has appointed a Data Protection Officer (Deputy Headteacher); and
- Independent checking of financial controls, systems and transactions and risk are carried out by JD Education Financial Services Ltd

The governors of the School of consider that the risk management processes undertaken by the School and the controls put in place to mitigate risk are appropriate. The risk register is reviewed annually.

FUNDRAISING

The School does not fundraise directly with individuals and therefore is not registered with the Fundraising Regulator. When donations from individuals are received, the School aims to protect personal data and never sells data or swaps data with other organisations. The School manages its own fundraising activities. The School undertakes to react to and investigate any complaints regarding its fundraising activities and to learn from them and improve its service. During 2020/21, the School received no complaints about its fundraising activities

PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS

The outbreak of the virus has implicated the financial and operation activities of the school. Plans for the academic year 2021/22 are to provide a safe and secure learning environment whilst adhering to up to date COVID recommendations and guidelines. There will also be a focus on evaluating the curriculum and assess gaps in learning due to COVID interruptions and to implement strategies to close the identified gaps.

The Leadership Team ensured that the planning process for the Autumn Term commenced during the Summer Term and was constantly updated to reflect newly published guidance.

Addition controls during the academic year 2020/21 included but were not limited to;

- Contact minimalization by creation of year group bubbles and hubs pertaining to different areas of the school
- Enhanced cleaning including frequently touched surfaces with the installation of hand sanitisers throughout the school
- Wearing of appropriate PPE staff and students
- Staggered arrival times with additional entrance/exit gates
- Staggered break and lunch times in designated areas
- Additional signage to define year group area

Staff have been redeployed where possible and the Leadership met on a daily basis to review, reflect on current arrangements and implement any further up to date government advice.

The financial implication of COVID during 2020/21 was staff cover as the largest additional expense. Cover was required for teachers that were shielding or having to self-isolate where they had come into contact with the virus. Although the expectation is that staff should work from home, additional teachers were required to be put in classrooms. Additional expenditure for cleaning and sanitisation was also incurred and income from lettings was significantly reduced.

The School was successful in its bid for Capital Improvement Funding and has been granted £1.1m to replace temporary classrooms and install new boilers in the coming year.

PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS (continued)

The focus of the School Development Plan for 2021/22 is as follows

The quality of education

- To evaluate the curriculum to assess gaps in learning due to Covid interruptions and implement strategies to close identified gaps To develop quality assurance processes to ensure a high quality of education for all learners and identify the development needs of
- All students, including disadvantaged students, meet or exceed all national outcome benchmarks. Pupils with SEND achieve the

Reporting to Self-Evaluation and Improvement Committee

Behaviour and attitudes

- To review and develop the school behaviour and reward policy, ensuring that all stakeholders have opportunities to contribute
- To develop key roles in supporting outstanding behaviour and positive
- Overall school attendance meets or exceeds national benchmarks.

Reporting to Student Welfare, Safequarding and Community Committee

- Ensure the new RSHE (relationships, sex and health education) curriculum, includes teaching about sexual abuse, cyber-bullying and pomography as well as healthy relationships and consent
- Prepare all students for future success in education, employment or training by providing access to high quality careers guidance and opportunities for encounters and experiences with the world of work.
- Ensure the curriculum and wider work support students in developing resilience, confidence and independence by leading physically and mentally healthy lifestyles

Reporting to Self-Evaluation and Improvement Committee & Student Welfare, Safeguarding and Community Committee

Leadership and management

- To effectively engage with all staff to ensure we balance school improvement priorities with staff health and wellbeing
- To further engage with the school community and maximise admissions
- . To develop the role of governors to support the strategic development of the school

Reporting to Student Welfare, Safeguarding and Community Committee

AUDITOR

In so far as the governors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the School's auditor is unaware; and
- the governors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Governors' report approved by order of the members of the board of governors and signed on its behalf by:

Chair of Governors

Date:

7th December 2021

Scope of responsibility

As governors, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that Sunbury Manor School has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The governing body have delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Headteacher, as Accounting Officer, for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between the School and the Secretary of State for Education. The Headteacher is also responsible for reporting to the governing body any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

During the Academic Year 2020/21 effective oversight has been further improved by changing the committee cycle, recruiting new governors to address skills gaps. Processes and policies have been reviewed by the relevant committees. Effectiveness is maintained by providing challenge at committee meetings and full board and this is evidenced in the minutes.

The Chair has successfully completed the Chair Development Programme through the National Governors Association and led the recruitment of a new Headteacher with effect from 1 September 2021.

Governance

As trustees, we have reviewed and taken account of the guidance in DfE's Governance Handbook and competency framework for governance. The information on governance included here supplements that described in the governors' report and in the statement of governors' responsibilities. The governing body has formally met four times during the year. Attendance at Full Board meetings during the year was as follows:

Governor	Number of meetings attended	Out of a possible		
A L Duncan	4	4		
D Evans (Chair)	4	4		
M Lamey (Vice Chair)	4	4		
C Burch	4	4		
A Cottle	4	4		
S Bhal	4	4		
J Burkmar	2	2		
J Fenton-Hall	4	4		
S Flint	4	4		
É Flippance	4	4		
L Glover	4	4		
D Johnson	4	. 4		
T Mayomi	2	2		
M McCartney	3 .	4		
C Webber	3	4		
E Redfern	3	4		
J Cloake	4	4		

Governance statement 31 August 2021

Governance_(continued)

Notes to the attendance table:

- T Mayomi resigned on 31.01.21
- C Webber resigned on 11.01.21
- J Burkmar appointed on 01.03.21
- T Mayomi appointed as an Associate Governor on 01.02.21
- A L Duncan resigned 31.08.21

The governors' annual strategy and review meeting in September identifies the development needs of the board and focus areas for the year. Termly planning sessions are used to develop specific skills and analyst impact.

The Resources and Audit Committee is a sub-committee of the main governing body. Its purpose is to assist the decision making of the governing body, by enabling more detailed consideration to be given to the best means of fulfilling the Governing Body's responsibility to ensure sound management of the School's finances and resources (including staffing), including proper planning, monitoring and probity.

Attendance at Resources and Audit Committee meetings in the year was as follows:

Governor	Number of meetings attended	Out of a possible		
A L Duncan	3	3		
D Evans	3	· 3		
M Lamey	3	3		
A Cottle	3	3		
S Flint	2	3		
E Flippance (Chair)	2	3		
T Mayomi	0	1		
E Redfern	2	3		
C Webber (Vice Chair)	0	1		
J Burkmar	2	2		

Notes

- C Webber resigned on 11.01.21
- T Mayomi resigned on 31.01.21
- J Burkmar appointed 01.03.21
- A L Duncan resigned 31.08.21

Review of value for money

As Accounting Officer, the Headteacher has responsibility for ensuring that the School delivers good value in the use of public resources. The Accounting Officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes achieved in return for the taxpayer resources received.

The Accounting Officer considers how the School's use of its resources has provided good value for money during the academic year, and reports to governing body where value for money can be improved, including the use on benchmarking data where available. The Accounting officer for the School has delivered and improved value for money during the year by:

- Using the Government CPC site for quotes
- Reporting on Benchmarking data

Governance statement 31 August 2021

Review of value for money (continued)

- Analysing staffing requirements
- Using Best Value principles for purchasing

Review of staffing

The School has successfully managed to recruit qualified teaching staff to cover all periods of the timetable in 2020/21. Early curriculum planning and GCSE option choices continued to allow the school to plan effectively. An additional GCSE option choice for Child Development was introduced. Established graduate cover supervisors reduced the need of daily supply teachers and ensured continuity in the classroom for the students.

Ensuring best value contracts

PPN 04/20

No contractors fell under this Procurement Notice during 2020/21. The School continues to follow best value principles when purchasing services and learning resources.

The School entered into a new copier lease with Siemens in February 2021.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the School's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place at the School for the year ended 31 August 2021 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

Capacity to handle risk

The governing body has reviewed the key risks to which the School is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The governing body is of the view that there is an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the School's significant risks that has been in place for the year ended 31 August 2021 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the governing body.

Governance statement 31 August 2021

The risk and control framework

The School's system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the governing body;
- regular reviews by the Resources and Audit Committee of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines;
- delegation of authority and segregation of duties;
- identification and management of risks.

In line with the newly revised FRC Ethical Standard a new independent party to complete the internal controls in 2021. The appointed contractor was JD Education Financial Services.

Review of effectiveness

As Accounting Officer, the Headteacher has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the year in question, the review has been informed by:

- the work of the external auditor;
- the financial management and governance self-assessment process;
- the work of JD Education Financial Services;
- the work of the Leadership Team within the School who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework.

The Accounting Officer has been advised of the implications of the result of their review of the system of internal control by the Resources and Audit Committee and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

Approved by order of the governing body and signed on their behalf by:

Chair of Governors

Headteacher and Accounting Officer

Approved on:

7th December 2021

Statement on regularity, propriety and compliance 31 August 2021

As Accounting Officer of Sunbury Manor School I have considered my responsibility to notify the School's Governing Body and the Education and Skills Funding Agency of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with ESFA terms and conditions of funding, under the funding agreement in place between the School and the Secretary of State. As part of my consideration I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook 2020.

I confirm that I and the School's governing body are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the School, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the School's funding agreement and the Academies Financial Handbook 2020.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the board of governors and ESFA.

Accounting Officer

Date:

7th December 2021

Statement of governors' responsibilities 31 August 2021

The governors (who act as trustees of the School and are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the governors' report and the financial statements in accordance with the Annual Accounts Requirements issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the governors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law, the governors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the School and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the governors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities' SORP 2015 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the School will continue in operation.

The governors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the School's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the School and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the School and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The governors are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the School applies financial and other controls, which conform with the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring grants received from the ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The governors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the School's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the members of the Governing Body and signed on its behalf by:

Chair of Governors

Date: 7th December 2021

Frans

Independent auditor's report to the members of Sunbury Manor School

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sunbury Manor School (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 August 2021 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows, the principal accounting policies and the notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law, United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (the Charities SORP 2019) and the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 August 2021 and of its income and expenditure, for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP 2019 and Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the governors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the governors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The governors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the governors' report, which is also the directors' report for the
 purposes of company law and includes the strategic report, for the financial year for which the
 financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the governors' report, which is also the directors' report for the purposes of company law, has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the governors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of governors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit;
- the governors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the governors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of governors

As explained more fully in the governors' responsibilities statement, the governors (who are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the governors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the governors are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless governors either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the charitable company through discussions with management, and from our knowledge of the academy trust sector;
- the identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit;

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

- we considered the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the charitable company and determined that the most significant are the Companies Act 2006, the Charities SORP 2019, the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021, the Academies Financial Handbook 2020, and the academy trust's funding agreement with the ESFA as well as legislation pertaining to safeguarding in the UK;
- we understood how the charitable company is complying with those legal and regulatory frameworks by making inquiries to management and those responsible for legal, compliance and governance procedures. We corroborated our inquiries through our review of the minutes of governors' meetings and papers provided to the governors.
- we planned and carried out a separate limited assurance engagement in respect of regularity, propriety and compliance in accordance with the Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountants of Academy Trusts issued by the ESFA, as set out in our separate independent reporting accountant's assurance report on regularity.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charitable company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management and those charged with governance as to where they
 considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged
 fraud: and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- tested the authorisation of expenditure as part of our substantive testing thereon;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates set out in the accounting policies were indicative of potential bias; and
- used data analytics to identify any significant or unusual transactions and identify the rationale for them.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reviewing the minutes of governors' meetings;

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

- enquiring of management and those charged with governance as to actual and potential litigation and claims;
- reviewing any available correspondence with Ofsted, ESFA and HMRC; and
- the work undertaken in relation to the limited assurance engagement in respect of regularity, propriety and compliance in accordance with the Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountants of Academy Trusts issued by the ESFA, as set out in our separate independent reporting accountant's assurance report on regularity.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. International Standards on Auditing also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the governors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Buzzacott W.

Shachi Blakemore (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Buzzacott LLP, Statutory Auditor
130 Wood Street
London
EC2V 6DL

Date: 20 December 2021

Independent reporting accountant's report Year to 31 August 2021

Independent reporting accountant's assurance report on regularity to Sunbury Manor School and the Education and Skills Funding Agency

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by Sunbury Manor School during the period from 1 September 2020 to 31 August 2021 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to Sunbury Manor School and the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Sunbury Manor School and the ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Sunbury Manor School and the ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Sunbury Manor School's accounting officer and the reporting accountant

The accounting officer is responsible, under the requirements of Sunbury Manor School's funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education and the Academies Financial Handbook, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period from 1 September 2020 to 31 August 2021 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountant of Academy Trusts issued by ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Independent reporting accountant's report Year to 31 August 2021

Approach (continued)

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the School's income and expenditure.

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- An assessment of the risk of material irregularity and impropriety across all of the School's activities;
- Further testing and review of the areas identified through the risk assessment including enquiry, identification of control processes and examination of supporting evidence across all areas identified as well as additional verification work where considered necessary; and
- Consideration of evidence obtained through the work detailed above and the work completed as part of our financial statements audit in order to support the regularity conclusion.

Conclusion

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period from 1 September 2020 to 31 August 2021 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Buzzacott LLP

Buzzacott LL.

Chartered Accountants

130 Wood Street

London

EC2V 6DL

Date: 20 December 2021

Statement of financial activities Year to 31 August 2021

(Including the income and expenditure account)

		Un-	Un- Restricted funds			
		restricted		Fixed	2021	2020
		general	Income	assets	Total	Total
	Notes	fund £000	funds £000	fund £000	funds £000	funds £000
-	140165	2000		2000		2000
Income and endowments from:						
Donations and capital grants	1	13	_	925	938	32
Charitable activities						
. Funding for the School's						•
educational operations	3	_	7,353	_	7,353	6,692
Other trading activities	2	241			241	238
Total income	,	254	7,353	925	8,532	6,962
Expenditure on:						
Charitable activities						
. School's educational operations	4, 5	_	7,625	449	8,074	7,426
Total expenditure	· ·		7,625	449	8,074	7,426
		. .				
Net income (expenditure)		254	(272)	476	458	(464)
Transfers between funds	2	_	_	_	_	_
Other recognised gains and losses						
. Actuarial losses on						
defined benefit pension scheme	18		(595)		(595)	(375)
Net movement in funds		254	(867)	476	(137)	(839)
Reconciliation of funds						
Fund balances brought forward						
at 1 September		414	(3,370)	10,427	7,471	8,310
Fund balances carried forward	•		·			
at 31 August		668	(4,237)	10,903	7,334	7,471

All activities are derived from continuing operations during the above two financial periods.

All recognised gains and losses are included in the Statement of Financial Activities.

	Notes	2021 £000	2021 £000	2020 £000	2020 £000
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	10		10,901		10,427
Current assets					
Debtors	11	250		169	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,003	_	736	
		1,253		905	
Liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	12	(328)	_	(289)	
Net current assets		-	925		616
Net assets excluding pension scheme liability			11,826		11,043
Defined benefit pension					
scheme liability	. 18		(4,492)		(3,572)
Total net assets		-	7,334	-	7,471
Restricted funds					
Fixed assets fund	13		10,901		10,427
Restricted income funds	13		255		202
Pension fund	13		(4,492)		(3,572)
Total restricted funds		•	6,664	_	7,057
Unrestricted funds					
General fund	13		670		414
Total funds		_	7,334		7,471

The financial statements were approved by the governors and signed on their behalf by:

Chair of Governors

Sunbury Manor School

Approved on: 7 December 2021

Company Limited by Guarantee

Registration Number 07545019 (England and Wales)

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Total cash and cash equivalents

		2021 £000	2020 £000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net cash provided by operating activities	Α	265	182
Cash flows from (towards) investing activities	В	2	(77)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year	_	267	105
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds:			
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 September		736	631
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 August	С	1,003	736
Reconciliation of net income (expenditure) to net cash flo	ow from oper	ating activities	;
		2021 £000	2020 £000
Net income (expenditure) for the year (as per the statement of financial activities) Adjusted for:		458	(464)
Depreciation charges (note 10)		449	425
Capital grants from DfE and other capital income			(21)
Capital grants		(925)	_
Defined benefit pension scheme cost less contributions payable (note 18)		262	281
Defined benefit pension scheme finance cost (note 18)		63	54
Increase in debtors		(81)	(46)
Increase (decrease) in creditors		39	(47)
Net cash provided by operating activities		265	182
Cash flows from investing activities			
		2021 £000	2020 £000
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(923)	(98)
Capital grants from DfE/ESFA received in year		925	21
Net cash used in investing activities		2	(77)
Analysis of changes in net debt			
		2021	2020
		£000	£000
Cash at bank and in hand	·	1,003	736
T. 4 . N N N		4 4 4 4 4	~~~

Sunbury Manor School does not have any borrowings or lease obligations. Net debt consists therefore of the cash at bank and in hand.

1,003

736

Principal accountings policies Year to 31 August 2021

Statement of accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the School, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2020 to 2021 issued by ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

Sunbury Manor School meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102.

Going concern

The governors have assessed whether the School continues to be a going concern. In arriving at this judgement a number of assumptions have been made;

- The financial forecasts have been reviewed and the robustness of these forecasts have been assessed. The school has reserves of £925,00 (2020 – £616,000) of restricted and unrestricted general funds.
- The budget that was submitted to the EFSA showed that the School would maintain the reserves position in the forthcoming year, however in light of the continuing Covid pandemic this has been reviewed and it is likely that some of the reserves will be expended in year to cover additional staffing and resources costs. This can be absorbed in the existing carry forward reserves.
- The local demographic profile has been reviewed along with Surrey County Council data and there remains an anticipated shortfall of school secondary places in the local area. Pupil numbers are reviewed on a termly basis by governors.
- The financial and operational impacts of Covid have been considered and the projected cashflow forecast for 2021/22 reflects assumed additional expenditure for staff (primarily agency) and cleaning. This shows that cashflow remains positive. Cashflow statements are reviewed monthly.
- The educations sector faces a challenging time but early consideration of the trust's viability remains the key to ensuring the sustainability of the school. There has already been re-deployment of staff during the pandemic to ensure the safety of staff and students. Staffing will continue to be reviewed according to the current needs of the school using short term contracts and agency staffing where possible.

Principal accountings policies Year to 31 August 2021

Going concern (continued)

They governors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Income

All incoming resources are recognised when the School has entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

Grants

Grants are included in the statement of financial activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of meeting any performance-related conditions there is not unconditional entitlement to the income and its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income until the performance-related conditions are met. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

The General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the statement of financial activities in the year for which it is receivable and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised when there is entitlement and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended. Unspent amounts of capital grant are reflected in the balance in the restricted fixed assets fund.

Donations

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Other income

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent the School has provided the goods or services.

Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Principal accountings policies Year to 31 August 2021

Expenditure (continued)

Charitable activities

These are costs incurred on the School's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the School apportioned to charitable activities.

All resources expended are stated net of recoverable VAT.

Tangible fixed assets

Assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the Government or from the private sector, they are included in the balance sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. The related grants are credited to a restricted fixed assets fund in the statement of financial activities and carried forward in the balance sheet. Depreciation on such assets is charged to the restricted fixed assets fund in the statement of financial activities so as to reduce the fund over the useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the School's depreciation policy.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful lives, as follows:

Freehold buildings	50 years
Temporary freehold buildings	10 years
Building improvements	10 years
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	6 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Motor vehicles	7 years

Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the School anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

Leased assets

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Principal accountings policies Year to 31 August 2021

Financial instruments

The School only holds basic financial instruments as defined in FRS 102. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the School and their measurement basis are as follows:

Financial assets – trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments measured at amortised cost. Prepayments are not financial instruments. Cash at bank – is classified as a basic financial instrument and is measured at face value.

Financial liabilities – trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised cost. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial instruments disclosure definition. Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instrument.

Taxation

The School is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the School is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Pensions benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the School are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'). These are defined benefit schemes.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the School in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll.

The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary on the basis of quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. As stated in note 18, the TPS is a multi-employer scheme and there is insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions recognised in the period to which they relate.

The LGPS is a funded scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the School in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments.

Principal accountings policies Year to 31 August 2021

Pensions benefits (continued)

They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability is also recognised in the statement of financial activities and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the School at the discretion of the governors.

Restricted fixed assets fund is to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, Department for Education or other funders where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted income funds comprise all other restricted funds received and include grants from the local education authority.

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgment

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The School makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2021. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

1 Donations and capital grants

	Unrestricted funds £000	Restricted funds	Restricted fixed assets funds £000	2021 £000	2020 £000
Capital grants	_	_	925	925	21
Other donations received	13	_	_	13	11
	13		925	938	32

	Unrestricted funds £000	Restricted funds £000	Restricted fixed assets funds £000	2020 £000
Capital grants	_	_	21	21
Other donations received	11	_	_	11
	11		21	32

2 Other trading activities

	Unrestricted funds £000	Restricted funds £000	2021 £000	2020 £000.
Hire of facilities and lettings income	3	_	3	9
Trips income		_	_	122
Catering income	_	_	_	31
Miscellaneous income	_	_		76
Income from other charitable activities	90	_	90	76
Income from ancillary trading activities	148	_	148	53
	241		241	238

	Unrestricted funds £000	Restricted funds £000	2020 £000
Hire of facilities and lettings income	9	_	9
Trips income	_	122	122
Catering income	_	31	31
Miscellaneous income	53	23	76
•	62	176	238

3 Funding for the School's educational operations

	Unrestricted funds £000	Restricted funds £000	2021 £000	2020* £000
DfE/ESFA grants				
General Annual Grant (GAG)		6,303	6,303	5,615
Other DfE/ESFA grants*				
. Pupil Premium	_	224	224	222
Other DfE Group grants		315	315	339
		6,842	6,842	6,176
Other Government grants				
Local authority grants		380	380	471
		380	380	471
Exceptional government funding	•			
Covid 19 catch up premium	_	34	34	_
Other coronavirus funding		97	97	45
	_	131	131	45
		7,353	7,353	6,692

The trust received £131,000 of funding for catch-up premium and costs incurred in respect of this funding totalled £131,000 with no residual amount to be spent in 2021/22.

*Following the reclassification in the Academies Accounts Direction 2020/21 of some grants received from the Department for Education and ESFA; the academy trust's funding for Universal Infant Free School Meals and Pupil Premium is no longer reported under the Other DfE Group grants heading, but as separate lines under the Other DfE/ESFA grants heading. The prior year numbers have been reclassified.

	Unrestricted funds £000	Restricted funds £000	2020 £000
DfE/ESFA grants			
General Annual Grant (GAG)	_	5,615	5,615
Other DfE/ESFA grants			
. Pupil Premium	_	222	222
Other DfE Group grants		339	339
		6,176	6,176
Other Government grants			
Local authority grants	_	471	471
		471	471
Exceptional government funding:			
Other coronavirus funding	_	45	45
		45	45
	. —	6,692	6,692

4	Exp	end	liture	•
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5

Expenditure						
		Non pa	y expenditu	ıre		
	Staff		,	Other	2021 Total	2020 Total
	costs	Premis		costs	funds	funds
	£000	£0		0003	£000	£000
School's educational operations (note 5)						
. Direct costs	5,068	4	49	307	5,824	5,421
. Allocated support costs	1,320		96	534	2,250	2,005
	6,388	8-		841	8,074	7,426
			Non pay	expen	diture	
	_					2020
		Staff	D		Other	Total
		osts 1 000	Premises £000		costs £000	funds £000
			2000			
School's educational operations (note 5)		500	105		207	E 404
. Direct costs		598	425		397 374	5,421
. Allocated support costs		287	344		374	2,005
	5,	885	769		771	7,426
					2024	2020
					2021 £000	2020 £000
Net expenditure for the year includes:						_
Operating lease rentals					_	6
Depreciation					449	425
Fees payable to auditor for						
. Statutory audit			•,		12	11
. Other services						10
Sabad's advectional aparations					•	
School's educational operations					2021	2020
					Total	Total
					funds	funds
					£000	£000
Direct costs					5,824	5,421
Support costs					2,250	2,005
Cappon Coole					8,074	7,426
						7,120
					2021	2020
					Total	Total
					funds	funds
Analysis of support costs					£000	£000
Support staff costs					1,320	1,287
Technology costs					72	39
Premises costs					396	344
	÷					
Legal costs - other					_	_
Other support costs					437	313
Governance costs					25	22
Total support costs					2,250	2,005

6 Comparative information

Analysis of income and expenditure in the year ended 31 August 2020 between restricted and unrestricted funds:

		Un	Restricted	d funds	
	Notes	restricted general fund £000	Income funds £000	Fixed assets fund £000	2020 Total funds £000
Income and endowments from:					
Donations and capital grants	_ 1	10	_	21	32
Charitable activities					
. Funding for the School's	•		0.000		0.000
educational operations	3 2	_	6,692	_	6,692
Other trading activities	۷ _	62	176		238
Total income	-	72	6,868	21	6,962
Expenditure on:					
Charitable activities					
. School's educational operations	4, 5	_	7,001	425	7,426
Total expenditure	_		7,001	425	7,426
Net (expenditure) income		72	(133)	(403)	(464)
Transfers between funds	13	(76)	_	76	_
Other recognised gains and losses					
. Actuarial (losses) on					
defined benefit pension scheme	18 _		(375)		(375)
Net movement in funds		(4)	(508)	(327)	(839)
Reconciliation of funds					
Fund balances brought forward					
at 1 September		418	(2,862)	10,754	8,310
Fund balances carried forward at 31 August	_	414	(3,370)	10,427	7,471

7 Staff

(a) Staff costs

Staff costs during the year were:

	2021	2020
	0003	£000
Wages and salaries	4,537	4,195
Social security costs	475	440
Pension costs	1,282	1,232
	6,294	5,867
Supply teacher costs	94	18
	6,388	5,885

Staff (continued)

(b) Staff numbers

The average number of persons (including the senior management team) employed by the School during the year ended 31 August 2021 was as follows:

Charitable Activities	2021 Number	2020 Number
Teachers	59	59
Administration and support	51	48
Management	7	7
	117	114

(c) Higher paid staff

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
£60,001 - £70,000	2	2
£70,001 - £80,000	1	1
£80,001 - £90,000	2	3
£120,001 - £130,000	1	_
£130,001 - £140,000	1	1

(d) Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the School comprise the Leadership Team as listed on page 1. The total amount of employee benefits (including employer pension contributions and employers national insurance contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the School was £792,009 (2020 – £788,982).

8. Governors' remuneration and expenses

The Headteacher and staff governors only receive remuneration in respect of services they provide undertaking the roles of Headteacher and staff and not in respect of their services as governors. Other governors did not receive any payments from the School in respect of their role as governors. The value of governors' remuneration and other benefits was as follows:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
A L Duncan (Headteacher and governor)		
. Remuneration	135 – 140	130 – 135
. Employer's pension contributions	30 – 35	30 – 35
A Cottle (Staff governor)		
. Remuneration	90 – 95	85 – 90
. Employer's pension contributions	20 – 25	20 – 25
J Fenton-Hall (Staff governor)		
. Remuneration	55 - 60	55 – 60
. Employer's pension contributions	10 - 15	10 – 15
D Johnson (Staff governor)		
. Remuneration	50 - 55	50 – 55
. Employer's pension contributions	10 - 15	10 – 15

During the year to 31 August 2021, expenses were paid to five governors and amounted to £464 (2020 - £1,610 paid to nine governor).

9. Governor and Officers' Insurance

The School has opted into the ESFA Risk Protection Arrangement (RPA) which provides cover up to £10 million. The total costs for the overall insurance package for the School, including governor and officers' insurance, was £18,800 (2020 - £18,800).

10. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings £000	Furniture and equipment £000	Computer equipment £000	Motor vehicles £000	Total funds £000
Cost/Value					
At 1 September 2020	12,310	500	395	30	13,235
Additions	882	19	22	_	923
At 31 August 2021	13,192	519	417	30	14,158
Depreciation					
At 1 September 2020	2,208	273	297	30	2,808
Charge in for the year	371	27	51	_	449
At 31 August 2021	2,579	300	348	30	3,257
Net book value		•			
At 31 August 2020	10,102	227	98	_	10,427
At 31 August 2021	10,613	219	69		10,901

The School acquired the school buildings and associated fixtures and equipment from Surrey County Council on 1 April 2011. The governors based their valuation of the School buildings on information provided by the Surrey Valuation Office at the date of acquisition. The building was valued at the existing use value, using a depreciated replacement cost approach.

The land on which the School buildings are situated is deemed to have no commercial value to the School. Ancillary land owned by the School is currently leased to Spelthorne Borough Council until September 2038. The School has no rights over this land until the expiry of the lease, and so it is also deemed to have no commercial value.

11. Debtors

·	2021 £000	2020 £000
VAT recoverable	151	36
Other debtors	1	1
Prepayments and accrued income	98	132
	250	169

12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Taxation and social security	240	218
Accruals and deferred income	88	71
	328	289
Deferred income:		
Deferred income at 1 September	27	101
Released during the year	(27)	(101)
Resources deferred in the year	14	27
Deferred income at 31 August	14	27

Deferred income relates to rates relief for 2021/22.

13. Funds

	Balance at 1 September 2020 £000	Income £000	Expenditure £000	Gains, losses and transfers £000	Balance at 31 August 2021 £000
Restricted general funds					
. General Annual Grant					
(GAG)	202	6,303	(6,250)	_	255
. Pupil Premium	_	258	(258)	_	_
Catch up premium	_	97	(97)		_
Other grants	_	695	(695)	_	_
Pension reserve	(3,572)		(325)	(595)	(4,492)
	(3,370)	7,353	(7,625)	(595)	(4,237)
Restricted fixed assets fund					
. Fixed assets held	6,138		(449)	_	5,689
. Donated fixed assets	3,793	_	_	_	3,793
. DfE/ESFA capital grants	212	925	_	_	1,137
. Capital expenditure from					
GAG/unrestricted funds	284			<u> </u>	284
	10,427	925	(449)		10,903
Total restricted funds	7,057	8,278	(8,074)	(595)	6,664
Unrestricted funds					
. General funds	414	254	_	_	670
Total unrestricted funds	414	254			670
Total funds	7,471	8,532	(8,074)	(595)	7,334

13 Funds (continued)

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

Restricted ESFA funds

These grants relate to the School's development and operational activities.

General Annual Grant (GAG)

Under the funding agreement with the Secretary of State, the School was not subject to a limit on the amount of GAG that it could carry forward at 31 August 2021.

Restricted fixed assets fund

This fund comprises the tangible fixed assets owned by the School plus any capital grants received but unspent at the year end.

Comparative information

Comparative information in respect of the preceding period is as follows:

	Balance at 1 September 2019 £000	Income £000	Expenditure £000	Gains, losses and transfers £000	Balance at 31 August 2020 £000
Restricted general funds					
. General Annual Grant					
(GAG)	_	5,615	(5,413)	_	202
. Pupil Premium	_	560	(560)	_	_
. Other grants	_	692	(692)	_	
. Pension reserve	(2,862)	_	(335)	(375)	(3,572)
	(2,862)	6,868	(7,001)	(375)	(3,370)
Restricted fixed assets fund					
. Fixed assets held	6,557	_	(419)	_	6,138
. Donated fixed assets	3,800	_	(6)	_	3,793
. DfE/ESFA capital grants	192	21		_	212
. Capital expenditure from					
GAG/unrestricted funds	207	_	_	77	284
	10,754	21	(425)	77	10,427
Unrestricted funds					
. General funds	418	73		(77)	414
Total unrestricted funds	418	73		(77)	414
Total funds	8,309	6,962	(7,426)	(375)	7,471

14 Analysis of net assets between funds

Fund balances at 31 August 2021 are represented by:

	Unrestricted Funds £000	Restricted ESFA Funds £000	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £000	Total 2021 £000	Total 2020 £000
Tangible fixed assets	_		10,901	10,901	10,427
Current assets	670	583	_	1,253	905
Current liabilities	_	(328)	_	(328)	(289)
Pension scheme liability		(4,492)		(4,492)	(3,572)
Total net assets	670	(4,237)	10,901	7,334	7,471
		Unrestricted Funds £000	Restricted ESFA Funds £000	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £000	Total 2020 £000
Tangible fixed assets		_	_	10,427	10,427
Current assets		414	491	_	905
Current liabilities			(289)	_	(289)
Pension scheme liability			(3,572)		(3,572)
Total net assets		414	(3,370)	10,427	7,471

15 Financial commitments

Operating leases

At 31 August 2021, the total of the School's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases was as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts due within one year	6	4
Amounts due between two and five years inclusive	11	
	17	4

16 Contingent liabilities

Under the terms of a catering contract between the School and a third party supplier, there is a contingent liability to repay a proportion of an initial advance received by the School when the contract was signed in August 2018. The liability would crystallise, should either the School or supplier terminate the contract before August 2025. At 31 August 2021, the contingency is estimated at £36,000 (2020 – £36,000). The School does not consider that early termination is probable and therefore no liability is recognised in the financial statements.

17 Members' Liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he/she is a member, or within one year after he/she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10 for the debts and liabilities contracted before he/she ceases to be a member

18 Pension and similar obligations

The School's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Hymans Robertson LLP. Both are multi-employer defined benefit schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2016 and of the LGPS 31 March 2016. There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or the end of the financial year.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for teachers in academies. All teachers have the option to opt-out of the TPS following enrolment.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme to which both the member and employer makes contributions, as a percentage of salary - these contributions are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury every 4 years. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2016. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 5 March 2019. The key elements of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

- employer contribution rates set at 23.68% of pensionable pay (including a 0.08% administration levy);
- total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the effective date of £218,100 million and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £196,100 million, giving a notional past service deficit of £22,000 million; and

18 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme (continued)

• the SCAPE rate, set by HMT, is used to determine the notional investment return. The current SCAPE rate is 2.4% above the rate of CPI. assumed real rate of return is 2.4% in excess of prices and 2% in excess of earnings. The rate of real earnings growth is assumed to be 2.2%. The assumed nominal rate of return including earnings growth is 4.45%.

The next valuation result is due to be implemented from 1 April 2023.

The employer's pension costs paid to TPS in the period amounted to £1,130,000 (2020 - £722,677).

A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on the <u>Teachers' Pension</u> <u>Scheme website.</u>

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102, the TPS is an unfunded multi-employer pension scheme. The academy trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The academy trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS)

The LGPS is a funded defined-benefit scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 August 2021 was £297,000 (2020 -£296,000), of which employer's contributions totalled £223,000 (2020 -£232,000) and employees' contributions totalled £64,000 (2020 -£64,000). The agreed contribution rates for future years are 22.3% for employers and 5.5- 12.5% for employees.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of an academy trust closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013.

Principal Actuarial Assumptions	At 31 August 2021	At 31 August 2020
Rate of increase in salaries	3.8%	3.1%
Rate of increase for pensions in payment / inflation	2.9%	2.2%
Discount rate for scheme liabilities	1.7%	1.7%
Inflation assumption (CPI)	2.9%	2.2%
Commutation of pensions to lump sums	63.0%	63.0%

18 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) (continued)

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

	At 31 August 2021	At 31 August 2020
Retiring today		
Males	22.3	22.1
Females .	24.7	24.3
Retiring in 20 years		
Males	23.4	22.9
Females	26.4	25.7
	At 31	At 31
	August	August
Sensitivity analysis of assumptions used to measure scheme	2021	2020
liability:	£'000	£,000
Discount rate -0.5%	207	845
Salary increase rate +0.5%	7	31
Pension increase rate +0.5%	197	802
Mortality assumption – 1 year increase	271	_

The School's share of the assets and liabilities in the scheme were:

Equities Corporate bonds Property Cash and other liquid assets Total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities Funded Deficit in the scheme	at 31 August 2021 £000 3,595 767 336 96	at 31 August 2020 £000 2,698 637 300
Corporate bonds Property Cash and other liquid assets Total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities Funded	2021 £000 3,595 767 336 96	2020 £000 2,698 637
Corporate bonds Property Cash and other liquid assets Total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities Funded	£000 3,595 767 336 96	2,698 637
Corporate bonds Property Cash and other liquid assets Total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities Funded	3,595 767 336 96	2,698 637
Corporate bonds Property Cash and other liquid assets Total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities Funded	767 336 96	637
Property Cash and other liquid assets Total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities Funded	336 96	- - ·
Cash and other liquid assets Total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities . Funded	96	300
Total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities Funded		
Present value of scheme liabilities . Funded	4 704	112
. Funded	4,794	3,747
•		
Deficit in the scheme	(9,286)	(7,319)
	(4,492)	(3,572)
Annual management of the salar management of the salar salar	2021	2020
Amounts recognised in statement of financial activities	£000	£000
Current service cost	486	513
Interest income	65	67
Interest cost	(128)	(121)
Total amount recognised in the SOFA	423	459
Analysis of pension finance income/(costs)		
Expected return on pension scheme assets	65	67
Interest on pension liabilities	(128)	(121)
Pension finance costs		(54)

18 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) (continued)

Movements in the overall deficit were as follows	2021 £000	2020 £000
Deficit at 1 September	(3,572)	(2,862)
Current service cost	(485)	(513)
Employer contributions	223	232
Net finance interest	(63)	(54)
Actuarial (losses)	(595)	(375)
At 31 August	(4,492)	(3,572)
Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations were as follows:	2021 £000	2020 £000
At 1 September	7,319	6,477
Current service cost	485	513
Past service cost	_	_
Interest cost	128	121
Employee contributions	64	64
Actuarial gain	1,396	253
Benefits paid	(106)	(109)
At 31 August	9,286	7,319
Changes in the fair value of the School's share of scheme assets:	2021 £000	2020 £000
At 1 September		
Interest income	3,747 65	3,615 67
Actuarial gain	801	
Employer contributions	223	(122) 232
Employee contributions	223 64	232 64
Benefits paid	(106)	(109)
At 31 August	4.794	3.747
ALVI AUGUST	4./ 34	3.141

Employer contributions for the year ended 31 August 2022 are estimated at £223,000.

19 Related party transactions

Owing to the nature of the School's operations and the composition of the board of governors being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a member of the board of governors may have an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the School's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

20. Capital commitments

At 31 August 2021 the School had contracted for, but not provided in the financial statements, capital expenditure of £1,498,000 (2020 - £Nil).

19 Related party transactions (continued)

In the 2020/21 financial year, the School employed the spouse of the Headteacher on a part time basis for which it paid £639 including national insurance contributions (2020 - £2,145). The spouse of the Headteacher was employed in the capacity of casual staff for invigilating during the exam period and driving the school Mini-Bus. He was paid the standard market rate for this employment in line with other invigilators. The Headteacher was not involved in the recruitment and appointment process and he is line managed by the Deputy Headteacher.

The School conducted the above related party transactions in accordance with the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook, including notifying the ESFA of all transactions made on or after 1 April 2020 and obtaining their approval where required, and with their financial regulations and procurement procedures.