

Statement of Consent to Prepare Abridged Financial Statements

All of the members of LEVEL ONE HAIR DESIGN LIMITED have consented to the preparation of the statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31st January 2018 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 07511637

LEVEL ONE HAIR DESIGN LIMITED

Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements

31 January 2018

MORGWN ATKINS LIMITED

Chartered Accountants

Eight Bells House

14 Church Street

Tetbury

Gloucestershire

GL8 8JG

LEVEL ONE HAIR DESIGN LIMITED

Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31st January 2018

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LEVEL ONE HAIR DESIGN LIMITED

Abridged Statement of Financial Position

31 January 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	7	2,687	2,594
Current assets			
Stocks		750	750
Cash at bank and in hand		16,629	12,748
		-----	-----
		17,379	13,498
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		15,402	13,990
		-----	-----
Net current assets/(liabilities)		1,977	(492)
		-----	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		4,664	2,102
		-----	-----
Net assets		4,664	2,102
		-----	-----

LEVEL ONE HAIR DESIGN LIMITED

Abridged Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 January 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		4,564	2,002
		-----	-----
Members funds		4,664	2,102
		-----	-----

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st January 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 July 2018 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

J D BOOTH-WILLIAMS

Director

Company registration number: 07511637

LEVEL ONE HAIR DESIGN LIMITED

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31st January 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Eight Bells House, 14 Church Street, Tetbury, Gloucestershire, GL8 8JG.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances .

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 20% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold Improvements	-	25% straight line
Plant and Machinery	-	25% straight line
Fixtures and Fittings	-	25% straight line
Office Equipment	-	33% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units .

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the director, amounted to 10 (2017: 11).

5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Amortisation of intangible assets	—	6,000
Depreciation of tangible assets	1,524	2,191
	-----	-----

6. Intangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1st February 2017 and 31st January 2018	30,000

Amortisation	
At 1st February 2017 and 31st January 2018	30,000

Carrying amount	
At 31st January 2018	—

7. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1st February 2017	14,169
Additions	1,617
At 31st January 2018	15,786
Depreciation	
At 1st February 2017	11,575
Charge for the year	1,524
At 31st January 2018	13,099
Carrying amount	
At 31st January 2018	2,687
At 31st January 2017	2,594

8. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2018		
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
J D BOOTH-WILLIAMS	(16)	(56)	(72)
	----	----	----
	2017		
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
J D BOOTH-WILLIAMS	(160)	144	(16)
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9. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of J D Booth-Williams throughout the current and previous year. J D Booth-Williams is the managing director and majority shareholder.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.