Registered number: 07466867

# PHP HEALTHCARE (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

# ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020



# **CONTENTS**

|                                   | Page    |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Company Information               | 1       |
| Strategic Report                  | 2       |
| Directors' Report                 | 3 - 5   |
| Independent Auditors' Report      | 6 - 9   |
| Income Statement                  | 10      |
| Balance Sheet                     | 11      |
| Statement of Changes in Equity    | 12      |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 13 - 21 |

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors H A Hyman

R Howell D C Austin

C Santer (appointed 18 August 2020)

Company secretary P S K Wright

Registered number 07466867

**Registered office** 5th Floor

Greener House 66-68 Haymarket

London SW1Y 4RF

Independent auditors Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor
1 New Street Square

London EC4A 3HQ

#### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Directors, in preparing this strategic report, have complied with section 414C of the Companies Act 2006 "Act").

#### **Principal Activity and Business Review**

The principal activity of PHP Healthcare (Holdings) Limited ("the Company") during the year continued to be that of investment holdings.

The Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2020 of the Company's ultimate parent undertaking, PHP, contains a fair review of its business and that of its subsidiaries (the "Group") and an indication of future developments, as required by section 417 of the Companies Act 2006 (the "Act"). It is incorporated into this report by reference.

The Company's profit or loss for the year, which the Directors consider to be the key performance indicator, predominantly represents dividends received from subsidiary companies, offset by administrative excenses. For the year ended 31 December 2020 the profit was £23,114,436 (2019 - profit of £13,799,329).

#### Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

Details of the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company and the Group and their financial risk management objectives and policies are set out in the Annual Report of PHP, the ultimate parent undertaking.

#### Section 172 Companies Act 2006

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of PHP. All strategic decisions and stakeholder relationships are managed on a group basis and implemented as relevant to individual subsidiaries. The Annual report for PHP sets out all of the relevant considerations for the company as regards S 172, which are set out on page 48 of the Annual report.

This report was approved by the board on 8 September 2021 and signed on its behalf.

R Howell Director

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **Principal activity**

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Disclosures required by section 416(4) of the Act which have been included in the Strategic Report on page 2 as required by section 414C(11) of the Act include:

- · Principal activity and business review; and
- Financial risk management objectives and policies

#### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £23,114,436 (2019 - £13,799,329).

The profit for the year is to be transferred to reserves. A dividend of £23,113,890 was declared and paid during the year (2019 - £13,799,329).

#### **Future developments**

No significant business developments are anticipated in the foreseeable future.

#### Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

#### Going concern

Reference to the Company's continued adoption of the going concern basis in the preparation of these financial statements is made in Note 1.5 on page 14.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

Details of the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company and the Group and their financial risk management objectives and policies are set out in the Annual Report of PHP, the ultimate parent undertaking

### **Directors**

The Directors who served during the year were:

H A Hyman

R Howell

D C Austin

C Santer (appointed 18 August 2020)

#### **Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance**

PHP has procured Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance for the benefit of its directors and directors of all of its subsidiaries. Such insurance was available throughout the year and remains in force at the date of this report. The cost of Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance is met by another Group company.

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### **Directors' responsibilities statement**

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **Auditors**

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Deloitte LLP will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditor 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

This information is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 8 September 2021 and signed on its behalf.

R Howell Director

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PHP HEALTHCARE (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements of PHP Healthcare (Holdings) Limited (the "Company"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the income statement;
- the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 14.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PHP HEALTHCARE (HOLDINGS) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the Company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the Company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the Company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
   These included UK Companies Act and relevant tax legislation; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PHP HEALTHCARE (HOLDINGS) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

We discussed among the audit engagement team regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks
  of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management and external legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PHP HEALTHCARE (HOLDINGS) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit;

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mindul &

Sara Tubridy FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of

#### **Deloitte LLP**

Statutory Auditor 1 New Street Square London EC4A 3HQ 8 September 2021

# INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

|                               | Note | 2020<br>£  | 2019<br>£  |
|-------------------------------|------|------------|------------|
| Dividend income received      | 6    | 23,114,436 | 13,799,329 |
| Profit before taxation        |      | 23,114,436 | 13,799,329 |
| Taxation                      | 7    | -          | -          |
| Profit for the financial year |      | 23,114,436 | 13,799,329 |

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2020 or 2019 other than those included in the income statement and hence a total statement of comprehensive income has not been prepared.

The notes on pages 13 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

All of the activities of the Company are continuing.

# PHP HEALTHCARE (HOLDINGS) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 07466867

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

|   | Note | 2020<br>£    | 2019<br>(Restated)<br>£ |
|---|------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Non-current assets                                    |      |              |                         |
| Investment in subsidiaries                            | 8    | -            | -                       |
| Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 9    | 55,168,867   | 39,880,581              |
|   |      | 55,168,867   | 39,880,581              |
| Current liabilities                                   |      |              |                         |
| Trade and other payables                              | 10   | (55,168,867) | (39,881,127)            |
| Net current liabilities                               |      | (55,168,867) | (39,881,127)            |
| Total assets less current liabilities                 |      | -            | (546)                   |
| Net assets/(liabilities)                              |      |              | (546)                   |
| Equity  |      |              |                         |
| Share capital   | 11   | -            | •                       |
| Retained earnings                                     | 12   | -            | (546)                   |
| Total equity attributable to owners of the Company    |      | -            | (546)                   |

Restated balances breakdown has been disclosed in note 1.4 to the accounts.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 8 September 2021.

R Howell Director

The notes on pages 13 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

|   | Share<br>capital<br>£ | Retained<br>earnings<br>£ | Total equity |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| At 1 January 2019                       | -                     | (546)                     | (546)        |
| Profit for the year                     | -                     | 13,799,329                | 13,799,329   |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | -                     | 13,799,329                | 13,799,329   |
| Dividends: Equity capital               | -                     | (13,799,329)              | (13,799,329) |
| At 1 January 2020                       | -                     | (546)                     | (546)        |
| Profit for the year                     | -                     | 23,114,436                | 23,114,436   |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | -                     | 23,114,436                | 23,114,436   |
| Dividends: Equity capital               | -                     | (23,113,890)              | (23,113,890) |
| At 31 December 2020                     | •                     | -                         | •            |

The notes on pages 13 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Company is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales in accordance with the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements are presented in pounds Sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report on pages 2 to 5. The Company's registered office is detailed on page 1.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in the current year unless otherwise stated.

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 2).

#### 1.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of:
  - paragraphs 76 and 79(d) of IAS 40 Investment Property; and
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions
  entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a
  party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member
- the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130(f)(iii), 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

### 1.3 Exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements

The Company is a parent Company that is also a subsidiary included in the consolidated financial statements of its immediate parent undertaking established under the law of an EEA state and is therefore exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 1.4 Prior period restatement

Amounts owed by group undertakings have previously been presented within current assets as these amounts were repayable on demand. However, there was no expectation that these amounts would be repaid within 12 months, being the Group's normal operating cycle, and therefore did not meet the criteria to be classified as current assets. The impact on the 31 December 2019 balance sheet is an increase to non-current assets of £39,880,581 and an equal decrease to current assets. There is no impact on the income statement or net assets.

#### 1.5 Going concern

The outbreak of COVID 19 during the year has had far reaching consequences across the UK and Ireland on valuations and the recoverability of our debtor balances. Whilst we continue to monitor the impact on property, the Company has been relatively unaffected, properties held being regarded as critical infrastructure in the response to the outbreak. The Directors have assessed the impact of the current uncertainty around COVID 19 on all major aspects of the business, focusing specifically on operations and cash flows of the Group and have a reasonable expectation the Company, together with the support of its ultimate parent, has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least 12 months from the date of these financial statements are authorised to be issued. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis on preparing the financial statements.

#### 1.6 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable or receivable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid or received. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

Dividends on preference shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

### 1.7 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost in the Company's balance sheet less any provision for permanent impairment in value. The carrying values of investments are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 1.8 Financial instruments under IFRS9

#### Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised and carried at amortised cost as the Company's business model is to collect the contractual cash flows due from tenants. Provision is made based on the expected credit loss model which reflects on the Company's historical credit loss experience over the past three years but also reflects the lifetime expected credit loss.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash and short term deposits, including any bank overdrafts, with an original maturity of three months or less, measured at amortised cost.

#### Trade and other payables

Trade payables are recognised and carried at their invoiced value inclusive of any VAT that may be applicable.

#### Bank loans and borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially measured at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, all interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The interest due within the next twelve months is accrued at the end of the year and presented as a current liability within trade and other payables.

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are separately identifiable and directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

#### 1.9 Impact of new international reporting standards, amendments and interpretations

There are no amendments to accounting standards, or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the year ended 31 December 2020 that have a material impact on the company's financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 1.10 De-recognition of financial assets and liabilities

#### Financial assets

A financial asset (or where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is de-recognised where:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement;
- the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has
  transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred
  nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of
  the asset; or
- when the cash flows are significantly modified.

Where the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

#### Financial liabilities

A financial liability is de recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in income.

When the exchange or modification of an existing financial liability is not accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred adjust the liability's carrying amount and are amortised over the modified liability's remaining term and any difference in the carrying amount after modification is recognised as a modification gain or loss.

#### 1.11 Taxation

The Company is a member of a UK Group REIT. Taxation on the profit or loss for the period not exempt under UK REIT regulations comprises current and deferred tax. Taxation is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised as direct movements in equity, in which case it is also recognised as a direct movement in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on any non REIT taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 2. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make a number of estimates and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and may differ from future actual results.

The estimate and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Management consider there to be no specific significant accounting estimates and judgements applicable to the Company.

#### 3. Auditors' remuneration

Auditors' remuneration for audit services and tax compliance for the current year have been borne by PHP, the ultimate parent undertaking. The following amount is applicable to the audit of the Company:

|                                | 2020  | 2019  |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|
|                                | £     | £     |
| Auditors' remuneration - audit | 2,375 | 2,393 |
|                                |       |       |

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption not to disclose amounts paid for non audit services as these are disclosed in note 4 of the group accounts of the parent Company.

#### 4. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the Directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2019 - £NIL).

#### 5. Directors' remuneration

PHP procures the services of directors to all of its subsidiary undertakings under an advisory agreement with Nexus Tradeco Limited, as disclosed in PHP's financial statements. The Directors of the Company have received no remuneration for their services to this Company during the year (2019 - £NIL).

#### 6. Income from investments

|  | 2020<br>£  | 2019<br>£  |
|--|------------|------------|
| Dividends received from investments in subsidiary undertakings | 23,114,436 | 13,799,329 |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 7. Taxation

|                    | 2020<br>£ | 2019<br>£ |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
| UK Corporation Tax | -         | -         |
| Total current tax  |           | <u> </u>  |

### Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2019 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

|   | 2020<br>£   | 2019<br>£   |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Profit on ordinary activities before tax  | 23,114,436  | 13,799,329  |
| Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%)  Effects of: | 4,391,743   | 2,621,873   |
| Loss relief   | (105)       | -           |
| Group relief  | -           | 1           |
| Dividend income received  | (4,391,743) | (2,621,873) |
| Transfer pricing adjustments  | 105         | (1)         |
| Total tax charge for the year   | -           | -           |

#### Factors that may affect future tax charges

The March 2020 Budget announced that a rate of 19% would continue to apply with effect from 1 April 2020, and this change was substantively enacted on 17 March 2020. These rates have been used to measure deferred tax assets and liabilities where applicable.

The March 2021 Budget announced that the rate will increase to 25% from 1 April 2023 for businesses with profits greater than £250,000.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 8. Investment in subsidiaries

At Cost

| At 1 January 2020   | £<br> |
|---------------------|-------|
| At 31 December 2019 | -     |

### Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

|  | Class of shares                              | Holding                      |
|--|--|------------------------------|
| Subsidiaries held directly by the Company  |  |                              |
| PHP Healthcare Investments (Holdings) Limited  | Ordinary                                     | 100%                         |
| Subsidiaries held indirectly by the Company  |  |                              |
| PHP Investments No.1 Limited PHP Investments No.2 Limited Health Investments Limited Motorstep Limited | Ordinary<br>Ordinary<br>Ordinary<br>Ordinary | 100%<br>100%<br>100%<br>100% |

The principal activity of the Company's subsidiaries is property investment. The Directors have considered that there has been no impairment in the carrying value of the investments. The registered office of the Company's subsidiaries is 5th Floor, Greener House, 66 68 Haymarket, London, SW1Y 4RF.

| Name                         | Cost of investment |           |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
|                              | 2020<br>£          | 2019<br>£ |
| PHP InvestmentsNo.1Limited   | -                  | -         |
| PHP Investments No.2 Limited | -                  | -         |
| Health Investments Limited   | -                  | -         |
| Motorstep Limited            | -                  | -         |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

| 9. | Debtors: amounts falling | due after more than one year |
|----|--------------------------|------------------------------|
|----|--------------------------|------------------------------|

|     |   | 2020<br>£     | 2019<br>£                  |
|-----|---|---------------|----------------------------|
|     | Amounts owed by group undertakings  | 55,168,867    | 39,880,581                 |
|     | · · ·   | 55,168,867    | 39,880,581                 |
|     | Amounts owed by Group undertakings are unsecured and repayable on den Restated balances breakdown has been disclosed in note 1.4 to the account |               |                            |
| 10. | Trade and other payables  |               |                            |
|     |   | 2020<br>£     |                            |
|     | Amounts owed to group undertakings  | 55,168,867    | 39,881,127                 |
|     |   | 55,168,867    | 39,881,127                 |
|     | Amounts owed to Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repa  | yable on dema | nd.                        |
| 11. | Share capital   |               |                            |
|     | Issued, allotted and fully paid   | 2020<br>£     | 2019<br>£                  |
|     | 1 (2019 - 1) Ordinary share of £0.01  | -             |                            |
| 12. | Retained earnings   |               |                            |
|     |   |               | 2020<br>£                  |
|     | As at 1 January   |               | (546)                      |
|     | Profit for the year  Dividends declared and paid  |               | 23,114,436<br>(23,113,890) |
|     |   | _             |                            |
|     | As at 31 December   | _             | -                          |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 13. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 101 not to disclose transactions with other members of the Group on the basis that 100% of voting rights are controlled within the Group. The consolidated financial statements in which the Company is included are publicly available (see note 14).

#### 14. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking and the controlling party is Primary Health Properties PLC ("PHP"). PHP's registered address is 5th Floor, Greener House, 66 68 Haymarket, London, SW1Y 4RF.

The parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group of undertakings for which Group financial statements are drawn up and of which the Company is a member is PHP. Copies of the financial statements of PHP can be obtained from Companies House or the Company Secretary or downloaded from www.phpgroup.co.uk.