Company Registration No. 07376134 (England and Wales)
BAYLISS COMMERCIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

CONTENTS

	Page
Balance sheet	1 - 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 7

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

		202	20	2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		1,655,036		1,655,036
Investments	3		100		100
			1,655,136		1,655,136
Current assets					
Debtors	4	303,655		291,500	
Cash at bank and in hand		42,580		63,903	
		346,235		355,403	
Creditors: amounts falling due within o year	one 5	(67,845)		(65,118)	
Net current assets			278,390		290,285
Total assets less current liabilities			1,933,526		1,945,421
Creditors: amounts falling due after me than one year	ore 6		(27 1 ,606)		(331,485)
Net assets			1,661,920		1,613,936
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Revaluation reserve	8		564,764		564,764
Profit and loss reserves			1,097,056		1,049,072
Total equity			1,661,920		1,613,936

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 June 2020 and are signed on	ı its
behalf by:	

Mr J K Bayliss **Director**

Mrs S L Maslauskas

Director

Company Registration No. 07376134

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Bayliss Commercial Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Lysander Works, Blenheim Road, Airfield Industrial Estate, Ashbourne, Derbyshire, DE6 1HA.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Freehold

No Depreciation

Freehold land and assets in the course of construction are not depreciated.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.3 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in profit or loss.

Where fair value cannot be achieved without undue cost or effort, investment property is accounted for as tangible fixed assets.

1.4 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

Debtors and creditors receivable/payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Loans and borrowings that are receivable within one year are not discounted. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction it is measured at present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar loan.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.8 Leases

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Tangible fixed assets		Land and
		buildings £
Cost At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020		1,655,036
Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020		-
Carrying amount At 31 March 2020		1,655,036
At 31 March 2019		1,655,036
Fixed asset investments	2020 £	2019 £
Investments	100	100
Fixed asset investments not carried at market value		
Movements in fixed asset investments	Sha	rec in group
	Shares in group undertakings	
Captavyaluation		£
At 1 April 2019 & 31 March 2020		100
Carrying amount At 31 March 2020		100
At 31 March 2019		100
Debtors	2020	2019
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Other debtors	303,655	291,500
	Cost At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020 Carrying amount At 31 March 2020 At 31 March 2019 Fixed asset investments Investments Fixed asset investments not carried at market value Movements in fixed asset investments Cost or valuation At 1 April 2019 & 31 March 2020 Carrying amount At 31 March 2020 At 31 March 2020 At 31 March 2019 Debtors Amounts falling due within one year:	Cost At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020 Carrying amount At 31 March 2029 At 31 March 2019 Fixed asset investments Investments Tixed asset investments and carried at market value Movements in fixed asset investments Cost or valuation At 1 April 2019 & 31 March 2020 Carrying amount At 31 March 2020 At 31 March 2020 At 31 March 2020 At 31 March 2019 Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: E Cotter debtors 303,655

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
•	Greators, amounts family due within one year	2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank loans	57,531	55,017
	Trade creditors	90	90
	Corporation tax	6,564	6,694
	Other taxation and social security	560	378
	Other creditors	3,100	2,939
		67,845	65,118
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
		z.	E.
	Other creditors	271,606	331,485
7	Called up share capital		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid	400	
	100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100
8	Revaluation reserve		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	At the beginning and end of the year	564,764	564,764

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

9 Related party transactions

Bayliss Commercial Holdings Limited (BCH) owns 100% of the share capital in Bayliss Precision Components Limited (BPC).

During the year BCH has charged rent of £40,000 (2019 - £40,000) to BPC and received a dividend of £40,000 (2019 - £50,000) from BPC. At the year end BCH was owed £303,655 (2019 - £291,500) by means of an intercompany loan.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.