Company Registration No: 07350538

IDEM CAPITAL SECURITIES LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

Year ended 30 September 2014

THURSDAY



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STRATEGIC REPORT

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Idem Capital Securities Limited ('the Company') is a wholly owned subsidiary of Idem Capital Limited, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Paragon Group of Companies PLC ('the Group'). The Company was set up to either invest in portfolios held by third parties or acquire loan assets by borrowing from a fellow group company. This continues to be the principal activities of the Company. The directors are not aware, at the date of this report, of any likely major changes in the Company's activities in the next year.

During the year the Company, purchased £68.4 million (2013: £69.9 million) of unsecured loan assets and in addition the company sold £128.8 million of unsecured assets to a fellow group company.

As shown in the Company's profit and loss account on page 5, net interest income has decreased from £24,196,000 to £17,689,000. This was primary due to the sale of loan portfolios during the year. Operating expenses have increased during the year from £9,649,000 to £11,841,000 due to additional resource required to manage the loan books, the profit after tax has improved from £11,536,000 to £15,872,000. This was mainly due to the increase in other operating income.

The balance sheet on page 6 of the financial statements shows the Company's financial position at the year end; it reflects the purchase of consumer loans and funding from another group company during the year. Details of amounts owed from and to other group companies are shown in notes 11 and 14.

The directors recommend no final dividend (2013: £nil) which, given the interim dividend of £8,000 per share (2013: £12,000 per share), means a total dividend for the year of £8,000 per share (2013: £12,000 per share).

The Group manages its operations on a centralised basis. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that further key performance indicators for the Company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The performance of the Group's mortgage lending operation, which includes the Company, is discussed in the Group's Annual Report, which does not form part of this Report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

An analysis of the Company's exposure to risk, including financial risk, and the steps taken to mitigate these risks are set out in note 3, and a discussion of critical accounting estimates is set out in note 2.

After considering the above, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. This is further supported by the Group holding sufficient cash resources to support the Company's obligations as they fall due. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Financial Statements.

ENVIRONMENT

The Group recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to reduce any damage that might be caused by the Group's activities. The Company operates in accordance with group policies, which are described in the Group's Annual Report, which does not form part of this Report.

EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees. All operational services are provided by employees of the Group. The Group's employment policies are described in its Annual Report, which does not form part of this Report.

Approved by the Board of Directors

and signed on behalf of the Board

R J Woodman

Director

23 January 2015

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited Financial Statements of Idem Capital Securities Limited ('the Company'), registration no: 07350538, for the year ended 30 September 2014.

DIRECTORS

The directors throughout the year and subsequently were:

N Keen (resigned 13 May 2014)

R D Shelton

J G Gemmell (resigned 30 June 2014)

R J Woodman

D Newcombe (appointed 1 July 2014)

K G Allen (appointed 1 July 2014)

AUDITOR

The directors have taken all necessary steps to make themselves and the Company's auditor aware of any information needed in preparing the audit of the Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year, and, as far as each of the directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor are unaware.

No notice from members under section 488 of the Companies Act 2006 having been received, the directors intend that the auditor, Deloitte LLP, shall be deemed to be reappointed in accordance with section 487(2) of the Act.

INFORMATION PRESENTED IN OTHER SECTIONS

Certain information required to be included in a directors' report by Schedule 7 can be found in the other sections of the Annual Report, as described below. All of the information presented in these sections is incorporated by reference into this Directors' Report and is deemed to form part of this report.

A description of the Company's financial risk management objectives and policies, and its exposure to risks arising from its use of financial instruments are set out in note 3 to the accounts.

Approved by the Board of Directors

and signed on behalf of the Board

R J Woodman

Director

23 January 2015

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

in relation to Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF IDEM CAPITAL SECURITIES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Idem Capital Securities Limited for the year ending 30 September 2014 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 16. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the Financial Statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Peter Birch (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Birmingham, United Kingdom

23 January 2015

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

	Note	2014 £000	2013 £000
Interest receivable and similar income	4	27,548	31,419
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(9,859)	(7,223)
Net interest income		17,689	24,196
Other operating income		13,310	8
Total operating income		30,999	24,204
Operating expenses		(11,841)	(9,649)
Operating profit, being profit on ordinary activities before taxation	7 —	19,158	14,555
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(3,286)	(3,019)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	13	15,872	11,536

All activities derive from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains or losses, other than the profit for the current and preceding years, and consequently a separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has not been presented.

BALANCE SHEET

30 SEPTEMBER 2014

	Note	2014 £000	2014 £000	2013 £000	2013 £000
ASSETS EMPLOYED	11010	2000	2000	2000	2000
FIXED ASSETS	•				
Loans to customers	9	58,259		142,029	
Investments	10	173,679		23,760	
	_	•	231,938		165,789
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors falling due within one year	11	16,169		2,499	
Cash at bank		1,107		803	
	_		17,276	 	3,302
			249,214		169,091
FINANCED BY					
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS					
Called up share capital	12	1		1	
Profit and loss account	13	12,646		4,774	
•	_		12,647		4,775
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	14		236,567		164,316
			249,214		169,091
			,	:	

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 23 January 2015. Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

R D Shelton

Director

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with applicable UK Accounting Standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below. They have been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as described in the Strategic Report.

Accounting convention

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except as required in the valuation of certain financial instruments which are carried at fair value.

Loans to customers

Loans to customers are considered to be 'loans and receivables' as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 26 – 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' (FRS 26). They are therefore accounted for on the amortised cost basis.

Such loans are valued at inception as the amount of initial advance, which is the fair value at that time, inclusive of procuration fees paid to brokers or other business providers and less initial fees paid by the customer. Thereafter they are valued at this amount less the cumulative amortisation calculated using the Effective Interest Rate ('EIR') method. The loan balances are then reduced where necessary by a provision for balances which are considered to be impaired.

The EIR method spreads the expected net income arising from a loan over its expected life. The EIR is that rate of interest which, at inception, exactly discounts the expected future cash payments and receipts arising from the loan to the initial carrying amount.

Impairment of loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are reviewed for indications of possible impairment throughout the year and at each balance sheet date, in accordance with FRS 26. Where loans exhibit objective evidence of impairment, the carrying value of the loans is reduced to the net present value of their expected future cash flows, including the value of the potential realisation of any security, discounted at the original EIR. Loans are assessed collectively, compared by risk characteristics and account is taken of any impairment arising due to events which are believed to have taken place but have not been specifically identified at the balance sheet date.

Investments

Investments and debt securities are valued at inception as the amount paid, which is the fair value at that time. Thereafter they are valued at this amount plus the cumulative amortisation calculated using the Effective Interest Rate ('EIR') method.

The EIR method spreads the expected net income arising from an investment over its expected life. The EIR is that rate of interest which, at inception, exactly discounts the expected future cash payments and receipts arising from the investments to the initial carrying amount.

Loans and receivables are reviewed for indications of possible impairment throughout the year and at each balance sheet date, in accordance with FRS 26. Where loans exhibit objective evidence of impairment, the carrying value of the loans is reduced to the net present value of their expected future cash flows, including the value of the potential realisation of any security, discounted at the original EIR. Loans are assessed collectively, compared by risk characteristics and account is taken of any impairment arising due to events which are believed to have taken place but have not been specifically identified at the balance sheet date.

Related party disclosures

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by Financial Reporting Standard 8 - 'Related Party Disclosures' and does not therefore provide details of transactions with other group companies as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Paragon Group of Companies PLC, the accounts of which are publicly available.

Current tax

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue

The revenue of the Company comprises interest receivable and other income. The accounting policy for the recognition of each element of revenue is described separately within these accounting policies.

Fee and commission income

Other income includes administration fees charged to borrowers, which are credited to the profit and loss account when the related service is performed.

FRS 29 disclosure

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by Financial Reporting Standard 29 - 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' and does not therefore provide the disclosures required by the Standard as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Paragon Group of Companies PLC, the accounts of which are publicly available.

Cash flow statement

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by Financial Reporting Standard 1 - 'Cash Flow Statements' and does not therefore provide a cash flow statement as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Paragon Group of Companies PLC, the accounts of which are publicly available.

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Certain balances reported in the Financial Statements are based wholly or in part on estimates or assumptions made by the directors. There is, therefore, a potential risk that they may be subject to change in future periods. The most significant of these are:

Impairment losses on loans to customers

Impairment losses on loans are calculated based on statistical models. The key assumptions revolve around estimates of future cash flows from customer's accounts and their timing. These key assumptions are based on observed data from historical patterns and are updated regularly based on new data as it becomes available.

In addition the directors consider how appropriate past trends and patterns might be in the current economic situation and make any adjustments they believe are necessary to reflect the current conditions.

The accuracy of the impairment calculations would therefore be affected by unexpected changes to the economic situation, variances between the models used and the actual results or assumptions which differ from the actual outcomes.

In particular, if the impact of economic factors such as employment levels on customers is worse than is implicit in the model then the number of accounts requiring provision might be greater than suggested by the model, while falls in house prices, over and above any assumed by the model might increase the provision required in respect of accounts currently provided.

Effective interest rates

In order to determine the effective interest rate applicable to the investments an estimate must be made of the expected life of the investments and hence the cash flows relating thereto. These estimates are based on historical data and reviewed regularly. The accuracy of the effective interest rate applied would therefore be compromised by any differences between actual repayments and that predicted.

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's operations are financed principally by group loans and to a lesser extent by share capital. In addition, various financial instruments, for example debtors, prepayments and accruals, arise directly from the Company's operations.

It is, and has been throughout the year under review, the Company's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

The Company's financial assets are comprised of loans to customers and investments in securities. Investments in securities represent the Company's contribution made to special purpose vehicle ('SPV') companies established and controlled by third parties to purchase pools of loans assets. All such investments are denominated in sterling and the underlying loans are made to United Kingdom borrowers. Cash generated by the assets is distributed to investors in accordance with a specified priority of payments. The Group has no obligation to make further contributions to the SPV companies concerned.

The management has considered the position of the underlying assets and concluded that they will generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amount of the investment.

The principal risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The board of the Company's holding company reviews and agrees policies for all companies in the Group managing each of these risks and they are summarised below. These policies have remained unchanged throughout the year and since the year end.

Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its loans to customers. The maximum credit risk at 30 September 2014 approximates to the carrying value of loans to customers (note 9). There are no significant concentrations of credit risk due to the large number of customers included in the portfolios.

In assessing credit risk an applicant's ability to repay the loan remains the overriding factor in the decision to lend by the originator.

Idem Capital Securities Limited continues to administer the loans and the collections process is the same as that utilised for all companies in the Group.

In order to control credit risk relating to counterparties to the Company's financial instruments, the board of the Company's holding company determines on a group basis, which counterparties the group of companies will deal with, establishes limits for each counterparty and monitors compliance with those limits.

Liquidity risk

It is the Company's policy to ensure that adequate resources are available at all times to provide for the day to day activities of the Company and to meet regulatory requirements. Management considers the year end position satisfactorily reflects the policies and objectives set out above.

The Company has no external borrowings and liquidity is provided as part of the Group's working capital arrangements.

Interest rate risk

The Company's assets predominantly bear LIBOR linked interest rates. The interest rates charged on the Company's variable rate loan assets are determined by reference to, inter alia, the Company's funding costs and the rates being charged on similar products in the market. Generally this ensures the matching of changes in interest rates on the Company's loan assets and borrowings and any exposure arising on the interest rate resets is relatively short term.

Currency risk

The Company has no material exposure to foreign currency risk.

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
	2014 £000	2013 £000
Mortgage income	18,101	27,256
Investment income	4,978	4,075
Interest received on loan notes issued by other group companies	4,325	-
Interest receivable from group companies	133	78
Bank interest	11	10
- -	27,548	31,419
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	2014 £000	2013 £000
Interest payable to group companies	9,859	7,223
	Mortgage income Investment income Interest received on loan notes issued by other group companies Interest receivable from group companies Bank interest INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	Mortgage income 18,101 Investment income 4,978 Interest received on loan notes issued by other group companies 4,325 Interest receivable from group companies 133 Bank interest 11 27,548 INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES 2014 £000

6. DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

Directors' received no remuneration for the services provided to the Company during either the current or the preceding year.

The Company had no employees in the current or preceding years. All administration is performed by employees of the Group. The directors of the Company are all employed by Paragon Finance PLC, a fellow group company, and their remuneration is disclosed within the financial statements of that company, which do not form part of this Report.

7. OPERATING PROFIT, BEING PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Operating profit is after charging:		
Auditor remuneration - audit services	14	13

Non audit fees provided to the Group are disclosed in the accounts of the parent company and the exemption from disclosure of fees payable to the Company's auditor in respect of non-audit services in these financial statements has been taken.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

8. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

a) Tax charge for the year

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Current tax		
Corporation tax	3,302	3,019
Prior year credit	(16)	-
	3,286	3,019
b) Factors affecting the current tax charge	2014 £000	2013 £000
Profit before tax	19,158	14,555
UK corporation tax at 22% (2013: 23.5%) based on the profit for the year Effects of:	4,215	3,420
Other adjustments	(913)	(401)
Prior year credit	(16)	-
	3,286	3,019

During the year ended 30 September 2012 the Government enacted provisions reducing the rate of corporation tax from 24.0% to 23.0% from 1 April 2014. During the year ended 30 September 2013 the Government enacted provisions further reducing the rate of corporation tax to 21.0% with effect from 1 April 2014 and 20.0% from 1 April 2015. Therefore the standard rate of corporation tax applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 September 2013 was 23.5%, the rate for the year ending 30 September 2014 was 22.0%, the rate for the year ending 30 September 2015 is expected to be 20.5% and the rate in subsequent years is expected to be 20.0%.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

9. LOANS TO CUSTOMERS

Loans to customers comprise unsecured loans at 30 September 2014 and 30 September 2013, which are all denominated and payable in sterling, and are categorised as loans and receivables as defined by FRS 26.

Unsecured loans have a contractual term of up to 10 years. In all cases the borrower is entitled to settle the loan at any point and in most cases such early settlement does take place. All borrowers are required to make monthly payments, except where an initial deferred period is included in the contractual terms.

All the unsecured loans are pledged as collateral for liabilities at 30 September 2014 and 30 September 2013.

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Balance at 1 October 2013	142,029	95,811
Additions	68,406	69,859
Securitisations and other sales	(128,795)	(5)
Other debits	18,679	27,370
Repayments and redemptions	(42,060)	(51,006)
Balance at 30 September 2014	58,259	142,029

Other debits include primarily interest charged to customers on loans outstanding, impairment movements on these loans and other changes in the amortised cost of the assets caused by the effective interest rate method.

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

10. INVESTMENTS

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Investment in structured entities (a)	19,319	23,760
Investment in group companies (b)	154,360	-
	173,679	23,760
(a) Investment in structured entities	2014 £000	2013 £000
Valuation and Cost		
At 1 October 2013	23,760	9,067
Investment during the year	-	21,376
Other debits	4,862	4,075
Repayments	(9,303)	(10,758)
At 30 September 2014	19,319	23,760

Investments in securities represent the Company's contribution made to special purpose vehicle ('SPV') companies established and controlled by unrelated third parties to purchase pools of loan assets. All such investments are denominated in sterling, unlisted and are considered to be debt investments as defined by FRS. The underlying loans are unsecured loans made to United Kingdom borrowers.

Other debits include primarily interest charged and other changes in the amortised cost of the assets caused by the effective interest rate method.

The fair values of investments in securities are considered to be not materially different to the amortised cost value at which they are disclosed.

	2014 £000	2013 £000
(b) Investment in group companies		
Valuation and Cost		
At 1 October 2013	-	-
Investment during the year	167,409	-
Repayments	(13,049)	-
At 30 September 2014	154,360	-

The investments are asset backed loan notes of group companies which are not subsidiaries of the Company.

The Company holds asset backed loan notes of the following companies:

Idem Capital Securities No.1 Limited

Idem First Finance Limited

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

11. DEBTORS

	2014	2013
Amounts falling due within one year:	€000	£000
Amounts due from group companies	3,417	2,455
Other debtors	12,211	44
Prepayments and accrued income	541	-
	16,169	2,499

The fair value of the above items are not considered to be materially different to their carrying values.

12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2014 £	2013 £
Allotted:		
1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each (fully paid)	1,000	1,000

13. COMBINED STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS AND STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

	Share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Shareholder's funds £000
At 1 October 2012	1	5,238	5,239
Profit for the financial year	-	11,536	11,536
Dividend	•	(12,000)	(12,000)
At 30 September 2013	1	4,774	4,775
Profit for the financial year		15,872	15,872
Dividend	-	(8,000)	(8,000)
At 30 September 2014	1	12,646	12,647

An interim dividend of £8,000 per share was paid during the year (2013: £12,000 per share). No final dividend is proposed (2013: £nil).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

14. CREDITORS

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2014 £000	2013 £000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Amounts due to group companies	229,692	161,282
Corporation tax	3,302	3,019
Accruals and deferred income	3,573	15
	236,567	164,316

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has identified the following transactions which are required to be disclosed under the terms of FRS8.

Transactions with Paragon Mortgages (No.20) PLC (PM20)

At the balance sheet date, the Company was owed £1,000 from the PM20 in relation to mortgage fees and insurance which is included in other debtors.

Transactions with Idem Capital Securities No. 1 Limited (ICS1)

At the balance sheet date, the Company was owed £11,305,000 from the ICS1 in relation to monies paid on behalf of ICS1 which is included in other debtors.

16. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Idem Capital Limited. The Company's ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party is The Paragon Group of Companies PLC, a company registered in England and Wales. The largest group into which the Company is consolidated in is The Paragon Group of Companies PLC.

Copies of the Group's financial statements are available from that company's registered office at 51 Homer Road, Solihull, West Midlands, B91 3QJ.