Company registration number 07349554 (England and Wales)	
ASTUTIS LIMITED	
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022	
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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

		2022	2	2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		399,314		229,996
Tangible assets	4		71,203		57,573
Investments	5		-		9,382
			470,517		296,951
Current assets					
Debtors	7	2,063,181		1,853,882	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,201,858		1,652,868	
		3,265,039		3,506,750	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(2,266,839)		(2,421,711)	
Net current assets			998,200		1,085,039
Total assets less current liabilities			1,468,717		1,381,990
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than					
one year	9		(175,000)		(235,000)
Provisions for liabilities	10		(146,733)		(9,800)
Net assets			1,146,984		1,137,190
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		100,000		100,000
Profit and loss reserves			1,046,984		1,037,190
Total equity			1,146,984		1,137,190

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 March 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr S A Terry

Director

Company Registration No. 07349554

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Astutis Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 6 Charnwood Court, Parc Nantgarw, Nantgarw, Cardiff, CF15 7QZ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the provision of training courses is recognised by reference to the start date of the delivery of the course and is included in deferred income.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date where it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably; the intangible asset arises from contractual or other legal rights; and the intangible asset is separable from the entity.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Software 4 years E Learning 4 years

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings 25% straight line Computers 25% straight line

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

 Λ subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.6 Financial instruments

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at the transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting end date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value. When a provision is measured at present value, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.11 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.12 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

1.13 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
Total	62	58

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

			Intangible fixed assets
Total £	E Learning	Software £	
r	£	ī	Cost
1,110,418	1,015,395	95,023	At 1 July 2021
258,422	258,422	-	Additions - internally developed
(425,485)	(425,485)	-	Disposals
943,355	848,332	95,023	At 30 June 2022
			Amortisation and impairment
880,422	787,045	93,377	At 1 July 2021
89,104	88,351	753	Amortisation charged for the year
(425,485)	(425,485)	-	Disposals
544,041	449,911	94,130	At 30 June 2022
			Carrying amount
399,314	398,421	893	At 30 June 2022
229,996	228,350	1,646	At 30 June 2021
			Tangible fixed assets
Total	Computers	Fixtures and fittings	
£	£	£	Cont
250.250	286,980	63,278	Cost At 1 July 2021
350,258 47,089	8,057	39,032	Additions
47,069			Additions
397,347	295,037	102,310	At 30 June 2022
			Depreciation and impairment
292,685	230,286	62,399	At 1 July 2021
33,459	25,110	8,349	Depreciation charged in the year
326,144	255,396	70,748	At 30 June 2022
			Carrying amount
71,203	39,641	31,562	At 30 June 2022
57,573	56,694	879	At 30 June 2021
2021	2022		Fixed asset investments
£	£		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

5	Fixed asset investments	(Continued)
	Movements in fixed asset investments	
		Shares in subsidiaries £
	Cost or valuation	
	At 1 July 2021 & 30 June 2022	9,382
	Impairment	
	At 1 July 2021	-
	Impairment losses	9,382
	At 30 June 2022	9,382
	Carrying amount	
	At 30 June 2022	-
	At 30 June 2021	9,382

6 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2022 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Nature of business	Class of	% Held	
		shares held	Direct Inc	direet
Astutis FZ LLC	Training and consultancy	Ordinary	100.00	0

 $The above subsidiary \ registered \ of fice \ address \ is \ Knowledge \ Park, \ Block \ 9, Executive \ Suites \ 26, Dubai.$

7 Debtors

	2022	2021
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Trade debtors	1,771,754	1,281,174
Corporation tax recoverable	-	30,859
Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	211,893
Other debtors	291,427	329,956
	2,063,181	1,853,882

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans	60,000	60,000
	Trade creditors	226,368	222,846
	Corporation tax	34,447	95,946
	Other taxation and social security	265,144	364,997
	Other creditors	1,680,880	1,677,922
		2,266,839	2,421,711
9	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	175,000	235,000
	5		
10	Provisions for liabilities	2022	2021
		2022 £	2021 £
		ı	r
	Costs of subsidiary closure	130,379	_
	Deferred tax liabilities	16,354	9,800
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		146,733	9,800
	Movements on provisions apart from deferred tax liabilities:		
			Costs of subsidiary
			closure £
	At 1 July 2021 and 30 June 2022		130,379

During the year the company decided to close down its subsidiary undertaking, and has made a provision in these accounts to cover exam fee costs to be incurred in respect of the subsidiary customers, and also for legal and professional fees expected to be incurred to facilitate the closure of the subsidiary.

11 Called up share capital

	2022	2021	2022	2021
Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary A shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Ordinary B shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
	100,000	000,001	100,000	100,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

12 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2022 2021 £ £

266,687 339,890

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.