

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD 31 OCTOBER 2020 TO 30 APRIL 2022
FOR
MWK HEALTHCARE LIMITED

Sedulo Accountants Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants
62-66 Deansgate
Manchester
M3 2EN

MWK HEALTHCARE LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 07349488)

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FOR THE PERIOD 31 OCTOBER 2020 TO 30 APRIL 2022**

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MWK HEALTHCARE LIMITED

**COMPANY INFORMATION
FOR THE PERIOD 31 OCTOBER 2020 TO 30 APRIL 2022**

DIRECTOR: D M W Keeling

SECRETARY: D M W Keeling

REGISTERED OFFICE: F09 The Fort Offices
Artillery Business Park
Oswestry
Shropshire
SY11 4AD

REGISTERED NUMBER: 07349488 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Sedulo Accountants Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants
62-66 Deansgate
Manchester
M3 2EN

BALANCE SHEET
30 APRIL 2022

	Notes	30.4.22 £	£	30.10.20 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		-		20,794
Tangible assets	5		-		59
			-		20,853
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		13,453		92,252	
Debtors	6	105,824		36,403	
Cash at bank		85,735		25,989	
		205,012		154,644	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	176,434		37,623	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			28,578		117,021
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			28,578		137,874
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	8		12,333		236,187
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			16,245		(98,313)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			200		200
Retained earnings			16,045		(98,513)
			16,245		(98,313)

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the period ended 30 April 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

BALANCE SHEET - continued
30 APRIL 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 20 July 2022 and were signed by:

D M W Keeling - Director

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD 31 OCTOBER 2020 TO 30 APRIL 2022**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Mwk Healthcare Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Patents and licences are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of five years.

Development costs are being amortised evenly over their estimated useful life of five years.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings - 25% on cost

Government grants

Grants are classified as either as a grant relating to revenue or a grant relating to assets.

Grants relating to revenue are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE PERIOD 31 OCTOBER 2020 TO 30 APRIL 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS102 to all of its financial statements.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which includes debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less, if not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Taxation

Taxation for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE PERIOD 31 OCTOBER 2020 TO 30 APRIL 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Going concern

In common with virtually every other business in the country, the Company has been experiencing the effects of the Coronavirus pandemic. Whilst the full impact of this exceptional situation on the Company cannot be assessed with complete certainty at the current time, the Directors believe they have taken all possible steps to protect the Company including accessing relevant Government assistance.

At the time of signing these accounts the Directors are of the opinion that the Company will remain viable for the foreseeable future and therefore these Financial Statements have been prepared on the Going Concern basis.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the period was 2 (2020 - 2) .

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE PERIOD 31 OCTOBER 2020 TO 30 APRIL 2022

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Patents and licences £	Development costs £	Totals £
COST			
At 31 October 2020	7,221	20,938	28,159
Additions	-	14,246	14,246
At 30 April 2022	<u>7,221</u>	<u>35,184</u>	<u>42,405</u>
AMORTISATION			
At 31 October 2020	3,177	4,188	7,365
Amortisation for period	4,044	30,996	35,040
At 30 April 2022	<u>7,221</u>	<u>35,184</u>	<u>42,405</u>
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 April 2022	-	-	-
At 30 October 2020	<u>4,044</u>	<u>16,750</u>	<u>20,794</u>

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Fixtures and fittings £
COST	
At 31 October 2020 and 30 April 2022	190
DEPRECIATION	
At 31 October 2020	131
Charge for period	59
At 30 April 2022	<u>190</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 April 2022	-
At 30 October 2020	<u>59</u>

6. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	30.4.22 £	30.10.20 £
Trade debtors	36,679	3,930
Other debtors	<u>69,145</u>	<u>32,473</u>
	<u>105,824</u>	<u>36,403</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE PERIOD 31 OCTOBER 2020 TO 30 APRIL 2022

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	30.4.22	30.10.20
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	4,420	1,333
Trade creditors	69,612	33,769
Taxation and social security	47,522	1,058
Other creditors	54,880	1,463
	<u>176,434</u>	<u>37,623</u>

8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	30.4.22	30.10.20
	£	£
Bank loans	12,333	18,667
Other creditors	-	217,520
	<u>12,333</u>	<u>236,187</u>

Amounts falling due in more than five years:

Repayable by instalments		
Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	<u>-</u>	<u>2,667</u>

9. DIRECTOR'S ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

Included within other debtors is an amount owed by the directors of £10,464 (2020: £32,472).

The loans are interest free with no fixed repayment terms.

10. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Kneeton Business Consultants Limited

During the year the company entered into transactions with Kneeton Business Consultants Limited, a company in which the director Mr P M Tomlinson is a shareholder in the company.

During the year the company made a payment of £165,000 to this company in relation to consultancy services.

SHJ Solutions Limited

During the year the company entered into transactions with SHJ Solutions Limited, a company in which the director Mr G H Jenkins is a shareholder in the company.

During the year the company made a payment of £165,000 to this company in relation to consultancy services.

Julian Tomkins

During the year the company entered into transactions with Julian Tomkins, who is a shareholder in the company.

During the year the company made a payment of £165,000 to Mr J Tomkins in relation to consultancy services.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.