On Device Research Limited

**Financial Statements** 

for the Year Ended 31 July 2022

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## On Device Research Limited

# Company Information for the year ended 31 July 2022

Directors:	A J Hill T C Tarrant R S Dighcro P E Gelenbe
Registered office:	Summit House 12 Red Lion Square London WC1R 4QH
Registered number:	07329573 (England and Wales)
Auditors:	Haines Watts Statutory Auditor New Derwent House 69-73 Theobalds Road London WC1X 8TA

# Balance Sheet 31 July 2022

	Notes	£	2022 £	£	2021 £
Fixed assets	Notes	ı	*	ı.	*
Tangible assets	5		8,103		5,874
Investments	6		34,293		34,293
			42,396		40,167
Current assets					
Debtors	7	1,675,958		1,896,662	
Cash at bank		486,580		458,702	
		2,162,538		2,355,364	
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	1,181,160		1,351,904	
Net current assets			981,378		1,003,460
Total assets less current liabilities			1,023,774		1,043,627
Creditors					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	9		162,500		212,502
Net assets			861,274		831,125
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		181		181
Share premium	<b>1</b> 1		1,050,726		1,050,726
Retained earnings	<b>1</b> 1		(189,633)		(219,782)
			861,274		831,125

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 26 April 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

A J Hill - Director

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 July 2022

#### 1. Statutory information

On Device Research Limited is a private Company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The Company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£) and amounts are rounded to the nearest £1.

#### Significant judgements and estimates

The directors make a number of assessments which require judgement in preparing the accounts and can have a significant effect upon the financial statements. However due to the straight forward nature of the Company's business, the directors do not believe that there are any judgements or estimates that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the value of work undertaken by the group in the financial year, which has been completed and accepted by clients under the terms of their contracts with the group. In assessing the values attributable to contracts in progress at the balance sheet date, turnover is accrued based upon the stage of completion of the contract and the extent to which the right to consideration has been obtained through performance.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc. - 25% on reducing balance and 25% on cost

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The Directors' undertake impairment reviews on investments annually.

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the Company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 July 2022

#### 3. Accounting policies - continued

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the obligation will be required to be settled, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Provisions are discounted when the time value of money is material.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Company holds basic financial instruments which comprise cash at bank, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables. The Company has chosen to apply the provisions of Section 11 Basic Financial Instruments in full.

Financial assets - classified as basic financial instruments

#### (i) Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand include cash in hand, deposits held with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### (ii) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at the transaction price, including any transaction costs. Amounts that are receivable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received, net of any impairment.

At the end of each reporting period, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a receivable amount may be impaired. A provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities - classified as basic financial instruments

## (iii) Trade and other payables and loans and borrowings

Trade and other payables and loans and borrowings are initially measured at the transaction price, including any transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amounts that are payable within one year are measured at the discounted amount of the cash expected to be paid.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 July 2022

#### 3. Accounting policies - continued

#### Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The current economic conditions present increased risks for all businesses. In response to such conditions, the directors have carefully considered these risks including an assessment on uncertainty on future trading projection for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements, and the extent to which they might affect the preparation of the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Based on assessment, the directors consider that the Company maintains an appropriate level of liquidity, sufficient to meet the demands of the business including any capital and servicing obligations.

In addition, the Company's assets are assessed for recoverability on a regular basis, and the directors consider that the Company is not exposed to losses on these assets which would affect their decision to adopt the going concern basis.

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foresceable future and that there are no material uncertainties that lead to significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Thus the directors have continued to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing these financial statements.

## 4. Employees and directors

The average number of employees during the year was 33 (2021 - 23).

#### 5. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £
Cost	
At 1 August 2021	61,485
Additions	11,063
At 31 July 2022	72,548
Depreciation	
At 1 August 2021	55,611
Charge for year	8,834
At 31 July 2022	64,445
Net book value	
At 31 July 2022	8,103
At 31 July 2021	5,874

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 July 2022

6.	Fixed asset investments		
			Shares in
			group
			undertakings
			£
	Cost		
	At I August 2021		
	and 31 July 2022		34,293
	Net book value		
	At 31 July 2022		34,293
	At 31 July 2021		34,293
7.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		
, .	Debiors, amounts turing due within one year	2022	2021
		£ 2022	£
	Trade debtors	1,455,082	1,381,859
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	59,526	145,229
	Other debtors	32,342	192,492
	Prepayments and accrued income	129,008	177,082
	repayments and accrucu meome	1,675,958	1,896,662
		1,073,936	1,890,002
8.	Creditore, amounts falling due within one year		
0.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2022	2021
	Deale have and secondarily	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	50,000	37,498
	Trade creditors	449,129	505,066
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	192,512	120,609
	Social security and other taxes	86,828	241,523
	VAT	79,935	70,508
	Other creditors	4,423	5,032
	Directors' loan accounts	31	7,314
	Accruals and deferred income	318,302	364,354
		<u>1,181,160</u>	1,351,904
	A fixed and floating charge on the loan is held over all assets of the company.		
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2022	2021
		2022	2021
	Park loons 1.2 years	£	£ 212.502
	Bank loans - 1-2 years	<u> 162,500</u>	<u>212,502</u>

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 July 2022

### 10. Called up share capital

11.

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal value: £	2021	2020 £
1,809,494	Ordinary	£0.0001	<u> 181</u>	<u> 181</u>
Reserves		Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Totals £
At 1 August 2021		(219,782)	1,050,726	830,944

30,149

(189,633)

1,050,726

30,149

861,093

## 12. Disclosure under Section 444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006

The Auditors' Report was unqualified.

Andy Jepson FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Haines Watts

## 13. Related party disclosures

Profit for the year

At 31 July 2022

The Company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

### 14. Ultimate controlling party

The Company's ultimate controlling party is the directors by virtue of their ownership of 51% of the issued share capital in the Company.

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 July 2022

### 15. Share-based payment transactions

#### Enterprise Management Incentive Scheme share options issued

Company employees have been granted options under an Enterprise Management Incentive Scheme at exercise prices of £0.37 which entitles the holders to options on shares in the Company at a future date.

Options granted in 2021 were at an exercise price of £0.37 following approval from HMRC.

The first vesting date was March 2022 and the directors assess that the fair value of the share options at grant date are negligible as market value of the shares at grant date and exercise price of the options are aligned and there is too much uncertainty, and therefore volatility, over the company's future share price at share option grant date to make a reasonable estimate of the share options' fair value. Therefore we have no share based payment amount to recognise in the financial statements this year.

The following table shows the movements during the year:

2022 Number	2021 Number		
Granted during the year Lapsed during the year Exercised during the year		- -	103,689
Outstanding at 31 July		103,689	103,689
Options granted but not ve	ested at 31 July	69,126	103,689

The vesting period of the options are 4 years. At the year end the average vesting period left on the options in this scheme were 2 years and 8 months.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.