

**FUTURE MATRIX CONSULTING LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

Price Mann Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants
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HA8 7EB

Future Matrix Consulting Ltd
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 December 2022

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Future Matrix Consulting Ltd
Balance Sheet
As At 31 December 2022

Registered number: 07322089

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		511,369		530,689
Investments	4		100		100
			511,469		530,789
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	359,735		278,783	
Cash at bank and in hand		18,762		40,118	
			378,497		318,901
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(242,263)		(181,727)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			136,234		137,174
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			647,703		667,963
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	7	(244,953)		(293,799)	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation			(13,194)		(16,864)
NET ASSETS			389,556		357,300
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		101		101
Profit and Loss Account			389,455		357,199
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			389,556		357,300

Future Matrix Consulting Ltd
Balance Sheet (continued)
As At 31 December 2022

For the year ending 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Bharat Shah

Director

20 June 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold	0
Plant & Machinery	Over 4 years
Motor Vehicles	20% reducing Balance

1.4. Investment Properties

All investment properties are carried at fair value determined annually and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided for. Changes in fair value are recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 3 (2021: 3)

Future Matrix Consulting Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 December 2022

3. Tangible Assets

	Investment Properties	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 January 2022	441,928	211,282	45,242	698,452
Additions	-	2,880	-	2,880
As at 31 December 2022	441,928	214,162	45,242	701,332
Depreciation				
As at 1 January 2022	-	157,299	10,464	167,763
Provided during the period	-	15,244	6,956	22,200
As at 31 December 2022	-	172,543	17,420	189,963
Net Book Value				
As at 31 December 2022	441,928	41,619	27,822	511,369
As at 1 January 2022	441,928	53,983	34,778	530,689

4. Investments

	Other £
Cost	
As at 1 January 2022	100
As at 31 December 2022	100
Provision	
As at 1 January 2022	-
As at 31 December 2022	-
Net Book Value	
As at 31 December 2022	100
As at 1 January 2022	100

Future Matrix Consulting Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 December 2022

5. Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	56,374	30,122
	<u>56,374</u>	<u>30,122</u>
Due after more than one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	303,361	248,661
	<u>303,361</u>	<u>248,661</u>
	<u>359,735</u>	<u>278,783</u>

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	43,056	41,766
Bank loans and overdrafts	45,734	50,137
Corporation tax	28,453	17,445
Other taxes and social security	1,025	756
VAT	11,488	5,547
Net wages	3,349	1,038
Other creditors	19,186	6,810
Directors' loan accounts	62,693	56,949
Amounts owed to subsidiaries	27,279	1,279
	<u>242,263</u>	<u>181,727</u>

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans	244,953	293,799
	<u>244,953</u>	<u>293,799</u>

8. Share Capital

	2022	2021
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>101</u>	<u>101</u>

9. General Information

Future Matrix Consulting Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 07322089 . The registered office is 83 Lavender Hill, London, SW11 5QL.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.