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ANNUAL REPORT & FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

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Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

# Officers and Professional Advisors

#### **Directors**

Mr R S Terry
Mr L Moorse
Mr R M Fielding (appoint

Mr R M Fielding (appointed 18 September 2014) Mr P Laithwaite (resigned 18 September 2014)

Dr D Pearce (resigned 18 September 2014)

#### Secretary

Mr E Walker

#### **Registered Office**

Quindell Court

1 Barnes Wallis Road
Segensworth East
Fareham
Hampshire
PO15 SUA

#### **Bankers**

Lloyds Bank Plc The Atrium Davidson House Forbury Square Reading Berkshire RG1 3EU

#### Solicitors

Dorsey & Whitney LLP 199 Bishopsgate London EC2M 3UT

Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

## **Directors' Report**

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU.

#### Principal activities and business review

The principal activities of the company are the provision of consultancy services and case management, to the insurance industry and legal fraternity

During the year the Company (together with its subsidiaries) was acquired by Quindell Plc

#### **Dividends**

The directors have paid an interim dividend amounting to £64,500 and they do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2012 £619,500)

#### **Directors and their interests**

A list of the directors' interests in the shares of Quindell Plc is shown in the accounts of that company

#### Going concern

As at December 2013, the Company had cash of £49,730, as well as access to significant banking facilities provided by the wider Quindell Group. No material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern have been identified by the Directors. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### Disabled persons policy

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always considered, bearing in mind the aptitudes of the applicant concerned in the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Company continues and that appropriate retraining is arranged. It is the policy of the Company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical to that of other employees.

#### **Employee consultation**

The Company places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued to keep them informed on matters affecting them as employees and on the performance of the Company and its wider Group

### **Directors' Responsibility Statement**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable laws and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare such financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have chosen to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union and applicable law

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of its profit or loss for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board

L Moorse

29 September 2014

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# **Financial Statements**

### Income Statement

for the year ended 31 December 2013			
		2013	2012
	Note	£	£
Revenue		94,670	49,500
Administrative expenses		(35,131)	(20,022)
Exceptional expenses		-	(370,000)
Other operating income		5,998	9,934
Operating profit		65,537	(330,588)
Investment income		-	600,000
Profit before taxation		65,537	269,412
Taxation	7	(14,687)	-
Retained profit		50,850	269,412

## Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total Equity £
At 1 April 2012	201	431,737	431,938
Profit for the year		269,412	269,412
Dividends paid for the year	-	(619,500)	(619,500)
At 31 December 2012	201	81,649	81,850
Dividends paid for the year	-	(64,500)	(64,500)
Profit for the year	<del>-</del>	50,850	50,850
At 31 December 2013	201	67,999	68,200

Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

## **Financial Statements**

Statement of Financial Position

as at 31 December 2013				<u>.</u>
		31 Dec 2013	31 Dec 2012	31 Mar 2012
	Note	£	£	£
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	8	46,572	125,647	125,647
Investments	9	300	300 _	300
		46,872	125,947	125,947
Current assets				
Trade and other receivables	10	61,900	195,771	466,693
Cash	11	49,730	37,945	24,883
		111,630	233,716	491,576
Total assets		158,502	359,663	617,523
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables	12	(75,615)	(277,813)	(181,692)
Current tax liabilities		(14,687)	<u></u>	(3,893)
		(90,302)	(277,813)	(185,585)
Total liabilities		(90,302)	(277,813)	(185,585)
Net assets		68,200	81,850	431,938
Equity				
Share capital	13	201	201	201
Retained earnings		67,999	81,649	431,737
Total equity		68,200	81,850	431,938

For the year ending 31 December 2013 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies, and the directors are satisfied that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of that Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

The financial statements of React & Recover Medical Group Limited, registered number 07316438, on pages 6 to 15 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 September 2014 and signed on its behalf by

Laurence Moorse Director

Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

## **Financial Statements**

for the year ended 31 December 2013			
		2013	2012
	Note	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations before and tax	14	(5,147)	36,455
Corporation tax repaid/(paid)		-	(3,893)
Net cash generated from operating activities		(5,147)	32,562
Cash flow from investing activities			
(Purchase)/Sale of property, plant and equipment		81,432	-
Dividends received		-	600,000
Equity dividends paid		(64,500)	(619,500)
Net cash used in investing activities		16,932	(19,500)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	15	11,785	13,062
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	11	37,945	24,883
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	11	49,730	37,945

Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### 1 General information

React & Recover Medical Group Limited is a company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom

### 2 Adoption of new and revised Standards

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) for the first time IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" has been applied The Company's transition date for the adoption of IFRS 1 is 31 March 2012 IFRS 1 permits companies adopting IFRS for the first time to take certain exemptions from full retrospective application of IFRS accounting policies. In accordance with IFRS 1 the company has not revised estimates required under IFRS 1 that were also required under UK GAAP as at 31 March 2012 and 31 December 2012, and, in addition where estimates were required under UK GAAP, they have been based on information known at that time, and not on subsequent events. The financial statements have also been prepared in accordance with IFRSs adopted by the European Union The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets acquired. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below

On adoption of IFRSs, there were no accounting standard which affected the reported financial position, financial performance or cash flows of the company Under UK GAAP the Company was exempt from preparing a cash flow statement in accordance with IAS1, a third balance sheet has been presented as at 31 March 2012, which is the same position as at the opening balance sheet date of the earliest comparative period, being 1 April 2012 Therefore no transition disclosures or reconciliations are presented

In the current year, the following new and revised Standards and Interpretations have been adopted

# Standards and interpretations not significantly affecting the reported results or the financial position

Amendments to IFRS 7

Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January

2013)

IFRS 11

Joint Arrangements

**IFRS 13** 

Fair Value Measurement (effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January

2013)

Amendments to

Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income (effective for

periods beginning on or after 1 January

2013)

IAS 19

IAS 1

Employee Benefits (2011)

Amendments to IAS 36

Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-

Financial Assets (2013)

**IAS 28** 

(as revised in 2011) investments in

Associates and Joint Ventures

All amendments issued to IFRS10, IFRS 11, IFRS 12 and IAS 27 have also been applied. Annual improvements issued for 2010-2012 and for 2011-2013 have been considered and applied.

Where any additional disclosure requirements were identified from these standards, the appropriate disclosures have been included in the notes to the accounts

#### Accounting standards not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following relevant Standards and Interpretations which have not been applied in these financial statements were in issue but not yet effective (and in some cases had not been adopted by the EU)

#### International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

IFRS 9

Financial Instruments (effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 but is

yet unendorsed)

Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7

Mandatory Effective Date of IFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures (effective for periods

beginning on or after 1 January 2015)

Amendments to

IAS 32

Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial

Liabilities (effective for periods beginning

on or after 1 January 2014)

Amendments to

IAS 39

Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting (effective for periods

beginning on or after 1 January 2014)

The Directors do not anticipate that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company

Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### 3 Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and IFRIC interpretations adopted by the European Union (EU) The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. A summary of the significant accounting policies is set out below

In the opinion of the directors, the company is engaged in only one class of business and its revenue and profit before taxation are derived wholly in the United Kingdom

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received and represents amounts receivable for services provided in the ordinary course of business, net of discounts and sales taxes

The Company provides management services. Income is recognised on delivery of service. Income can be reliably estimated based on agreed charges with customers or instructing parties. Where services are delivered by external parties costs can be reliably estimated based on contractual charges agreed with those suppliers.

#### **Operating profit**

Operating profit is profit stated before finance income, finance expense and tax

#### **Investment property**

No depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment property and leasehold investment property with over 20 years to expiry. The directors consider that this results in the financial statements giving a true and fair view.

#### Trade receivables

Trade receivables are held at amortised cost less any impairment provisions and this equates to their recoverable value Amounts set aside for settlement adjustments, which insurers in certain limited circumstances (e.g. due to administrative delays) seek to negotiate, are based on historical experience. The resulting settlement adjustments are recognised within revenue as they relate to revisions of income estimates, not collectability (credit risk). Movements in the impairment provision relating to credit risk are recognised within administrative expenses as bad debt expenses.

#### Trade payables

Trade payables do not carry any interest and are stated at their fair value

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash in the Statement of Financial Position comprises cash at banks and in hand. For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### Taxation including deferred tax

The tax expense represents the sum of current tax and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in equity in which case it is recognised in equity. The current tax is based on taxable profit for the year calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Statement of Financial Position date.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. In principle deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets or liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Statement of Financial Position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority.

Annual Report & Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2013

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# 4 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made a number of judgements, and the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

The key assumption concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the Statement of Financial Position date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is noted below

#### Revenue recognition

The Company recognises revenue as described in the revenue recognition accounting policy, when it is reasonably certain that the revenue has been earned

Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

5	Ope	ratıng	profit
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The operating profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	2013	2012
	£	£
Exceptional item – loan written off	•	370,000
Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(2,357)	-

### 6 Employee and staff costs

There were no employees during the year apart from the directors. The costs of the directors were borne by other group companies.

### 7 Taxation

	2013	2012
	£	£
The taxation charge comprises		
Current tax		
- Current year	14,687	_
- Adjustments in respect of prior year	-	-
Total tax expense	14,687	-

Income tax for the UK is calculated at the standard rate of UK corporation tax of 23% (2012 24%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. The total charge for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows

	2013	2012
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	65,537	269,412
Tax at 23% (2012 24%) thereon	15,074	64,659
Effect of		
Group dividend income	•	(144,000)
Group relief – loss surrendered	-	79,341
Indexation allowance	(542)	-
Change in tax rate	155	
Total tax charge for the year	14,687	

#### Factors affecting future tax charges

The 2013 Budget on 20 March 2013 announced that the UK corporation tax rate will be reduced to 21% from 1 April 2014 and to 20% from 1 April 2015. These rates were substantially enacted on 2 July 2013. A rate of 20% has been used for deferred tax assets and liabilities being realised or settled after 1 April 2015.

Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## 8 Property, plant and equipment

	Land and buildings £	Total £
Cost		
At 31 March 2012 and 1 January 2013	125,647	125,647
Disposals	(79,075)	(79,075)
At 31 December 2013	46,572	46,572
Net book value 31 December 2013	46,572	46,572
31 December 2012	125,647	125,647

### 9. Fixed asset investments

	Subsidiary	
	shares	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 31 March 2012 and 1 January 2013	300	300
Additions	<u> </u>	
At 31 December 2013	300	300
Net book value		
31 December 2013	300	300
31 December 2012	300	300

### Holdings of 20% or more

The company holds 20% or more of the share capital of the following companies

	Country of			Proportion		
	registration	Nature of	Shares held	of shares		
Company	or incorporation	business	class	held		
Subsidiary undertaking						
React Medical Management Limited	UK	Medical reporting	Ordinary	100%		
React Medical Reporting Limited	UK	Medical reporting	Ordinary	100%		
Recover Healthcare Limited	UК	Rehabilitation services	Ordinary	100%		
Medicalaw Limited	UK	Medico-legal services	Ordinary	100%		

### 10 Trade and other receivables

	2013	2012	31/03/12
	£	£	£
Other receivables	-	25,100	465,793
Amounts due from group companies	61,080	168,414	-
Prepayments and accrued income	820	2,257	900
	61,900	195,771	466,693

The directors consider that the net carrying amount of Trade receivables approximates to their fair value

Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

11	Cash	and	cash	equiva	lents
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Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following for the purposes of the ca	sh flow statement		
	2013	2012	31/03/12
	£	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	49,730	37,945	24,883
	49,730	37,945	24,883

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash held by the Company The carrying amount of these assets approximates to their fair value

### 12 Trade and other payables

	2013	2012	31/03/12
	£	£	£
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	6,747	3,339	-
Amounts due to group companies	61,443	52,407	179,493
Payroli and other taxes including social security	6,326	3,868	-
Accruals	1,000	3,000	2,000
Other liabilities	99	215,199	199
	75,615	277,813	181,692

Trade payables principally comprise amounts outstanding for trade purchases and ongoing costs. The directors consider that the carrying amount of Trade payables approximates to their fair value.

### 13. Share Capital

	2013		201	2	31/03/12	
		Nominal		Nominal	02,00,	Nominal
	Number	value	Number	Value	Number	Value
		£		£		£
Issued and fully paid						
Ordinary shares						
At the start of the year	200	200	200	200	200	200
Issued during the year		•	-		-	
At the end of the year	200	200	200	200	200	200
Issued and fully paid:						
B Shares						
At the start of the year	1	1	1	1	1	1
Issued during the year	•				-	
At the end of the year	1	1	1	1	1	1

## 14 Cash flow from operating activities

	2013	2012
	£	£
Operating profit	65,537	(330,588)
Adjustments for		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(2,357)	-
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital and provisions	63,180	(330,588)
Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other receivables	133,871	270,922
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(202,198)	96,121
Cash generated from operations before exceptional costs	(5,147)	36,455

Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

# Notes to the Financial Statements

### 15. Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds

	1 January 2013 £	Cash flow movements £	31 December 2013 £
Cash and cash equivalents	37,945	11,785	49,730
Net funds	37,945	11,785	49,730

#### 16 Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise borrowings, cash and liquid resources and various items such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise from its operations. The Company does not use derivatives. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to manage the Company's operations. It is, and has been throughout the period under review, the policy of the Company that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

#### Liquidity risk

The Company has a strong cash position and funds generated from operations are managed centrally

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Less than 1 year	Between 1-5 years
<b>2013</b> Trade and other payables	75,615	(75,615)	(75,615)	<u> </u>
2012 Trade and other payables	277,813	(277,813)	(277,813)	

### Credit risk

The Company is not subject to significant concentration of credit risk with exposure spread across many companies. Policies are maintained to ensure that the Company enters into sales contracts that are tailored to the customers' respective credit risk. The credit quality of the Company's trade receivables is considered by management to be good, as evidenced by the low rates of impairment provided and amounts written off

The average credit period taken on sales of services is 28 days (2012–26 days). No interest is charged on the receivables balances. The Company does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances nor has the legal right of offset with any amounts owed by the Company to the receivables counterparty.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. At the reporting date the principal financial assets were

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Non-current assets			
Property	8	46,572	125,647
Loans and receivables			
Amounts due from group companies	9	61,080	168,414
Cash and cash equivalents	10	49,730	37,945
		157,382	332,006

The receivables are all based in the UK and denominated in sterling

Annual Report & Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2013

# Notes to the Financial Statements

### 17 Ultimate parent company

The immediate and ultimate parent company of the Company is Quindell Plc Copies of the consolidated accounts of Quindell Plc can be obtained by writing to the Company Secretary at Quindell Court, 1 Barnes Wallis Road, Segensworth East, Fareham, Hampshire PO15 SUA