Registered number: 07313778

C & C METAL TRADING LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020

### C & C Metal Trading Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 July 2020

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# C & C Metal Trading Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 July 2020

Registered number: 07313778

		2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	3		5,652		7,065
Tangible Assets	4		356,437		650,004
				-	
			362,089		657,069
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	5	15,000		13,793	
Debtors	6	1,051,884		892,442	
Cash at bank and in hand		84,519	_	600,779	
			_	_	
		1,151,403		1,507,014	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(749,606)		(1,430,744)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			- 401,797		76,270
NET CONNENT ASSETS (EIABIETTES)				-	10,270
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			763,886	_	733,339
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than	8		(126,999)		(186,822 )
One Year	· ·		(120,999)	_	(100,022)
NET ASSETS			636,887		546,517
				=	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	40				
Called up share capital	10		1		1
Profit and Loss Account			636,886	-	546,516
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			636,887		546,517
				=	

### C & C Metal Trading Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 July 2020

For the year ending 31 July 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the
  preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board			

Mr Christian Pelosi

Director 16 March 2021

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

### C & C Metal Trading Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 July 2020

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### 1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

#### 1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of 10 years.

#### 1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 25% - Straight Line Method Motor Vehicles 25% - Straight Line Method Fixtures & Fittings 25% - Straight Line method Computer Equipment 25% - Straight Line Method

#### 1.5. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

#### 1.6. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

## C & C Metal Trading Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 July 2020

#### 1.7. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2020	2019
Office and administration	5	5
	5	5
3. Intangible Assets		
<u> </u>		Goodwill
		£
Cost		
As at 1 August 2019		14,130
As at 31 July 2020	- -	14,130
Amortisation	- -	
As at 1 August 2019		7,065
Provided during the period		1,413
As at 31 July 2020	_	8,478
Net Book Value	=	
As at 31 July 2020		5,652
As at 1 August 2019	=	7,065
	-	

# C & C MetaP¶sading Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 July 2020

4. Tangible Assets					
	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
As at 1 August 2019	1,480,759	195,050	33,436	41,101	1,750,346
Additions	1,000	-	-		1,000
As at 31 July 2020	<b>1</b> ,481,759	195,050	33,436	41,101	1,751,346
Depreciation					
As at 1 August 2019	915,407	126,613	31,315	27,007	<b>1</b> ,100,342
Provided during the period	267,605	18,250	1,358	7,354	294,567
As at 31 July 2020	1,183,012	144,863	32,673	34,361	1,394,909
Net Book Value					
As at 31 July 2020	298,747	50,187	763	6,740	356,437
As at 1 August 2019	565,352	68,437	2,121	14,094	650,004
5. Stocks		-			
				2020	2019
				£	£
Stock				15,000	13,793
				15,000	13,793
6. Debtors			=	<del></del> -	
o. Deplors				2020	2019
				£	£
Due within one year					
Trade debtors				156,785	106,114
Prepayments and accrued income				5,240	<b>1</b> 9,704
Loan and advances				328,902	765,976
Other debtors (1)				-	648
Intercompany Loan account				545,000	-
Net wages			_	15,957 	
				1,051,884	892,442

# C & C Metal Trading Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 July 2020

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year				
			2020	2019
			£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			80,610	83,404
Trade creditors			351,447	959,636
Corporation tax			129,690	58,020
PAYE/NI			1,677	5,115
VAT			105,454	66,588
Other creditors < 1 year			-	22,199
Accruals and deferred income			80,000	234,918
Directors' loan accounts		_	728	864
			749,606	1,430,744
8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		=		
·			2020	2019
			£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			126,999	186,822
		-		
		=	126,999	186,822
9. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase				
			2020	2019
			£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:				
Amounts Payable:				
Within one year			80,610	83,404
Between one and five years			126,999	186,822
		=	207,609	270,226
		=	207,609	270,226
10. Share Capital		_		
Chino daphar			2020	2019
Allotted, Called up and fully paid		<u>-</u>	1	1
	Value	Number	2020	2019
Allotted, called up and fully paid	£		£	£
Ordinary Shares	1.000	1	1	1

## C & C Metal Trading Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 July 2020

#### 11. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

	As at 1 August 2019	Amounts advanced	Amounts repaid	Amounts written off	As at 31 July 2020	
	£	£	£	£	£	
Mr Christian Pelosi	(864)	5,710	(5,574)	-	(728)	

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

#### 12. Ultimate Controlling Party

The company's ultimate controlling party is Mr Christian Pelosi by virtue of his ownership of 100% of the issued share capital in the company.

#### 13. General Information

C & C Metal Trading Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 07313778. The registered office is 145/147 Hatfield Road, St. Albans, Hertfordshire, AL1 4JY.

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