Registered Number 07311804

Digisol Consulting Ltd

Abbreviated Accounts

31 March 2013

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013		2012	
Fixed exects	0	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets	2				
Tangible			1,550		1,527
		_	1,550	_	1,527
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		5,423		11,480	
Total current assets		5,423		11,480	
				<u> </u>	
		(5.700)		(10.40.0)	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(5,782)		(10,434)	
Net current assets (liabilities)			(359)		1,046
Total assets less current liabilities		_	1,191	_	2,573
Total assets less current habilities			1,191		2,073
Total net assets (liabilities)		_	1,191		2,573
Capital and reserves	4		4		ı
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	4		1 1,190		1 2,572

Shareholders funds	1.191	2,573
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- a. For the year ending 31 March 2013 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 22 October 2013

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr Patel, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 March 2013

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

Cash flow statement

The director has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Balance Sheet and amortised over its estimated useful life up to a maximum of 20 years. This length of time is presumed to be the maximum useful life of purchased goodwill because it is difficult to make projections beyond this period. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following each acquisition and subsequently as and when necessary if circumstances emerge that indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Post retirement benefits

The company has agreed to provide certain additional post-retirement benefits to selected senior employees. The estimated cost of providing such benefits is charged against profits on a systematic basis over the employees' working lives within the company.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Equipment 0% Method for Equipment

₂ Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
At 01 April 2012	1,909	1,909
Additions	410	410
At 31 March 2013	2,319	2,319
Depreciation		
At 01 April 2012	382	382

Charge for year	387	387
At 31 March 2013	769	769
Net Book Value		
At 31 March 2013	1,550	1,550
At 31 March 2012	1,527	1,527

 $_{\mbox{\scriptsize 3}}$ Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

4 Share capital

	2013 £	2012 £
Authorised share capital:		
1 Ordinary of £1 each	1	1
Allotted, called up and fully		
paid:		
1 Ordinary of £1 each	1	1