FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

FOR

TIME PROPERTIES LIMITED

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TIME PROPERTIES LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

DIRECTORS: N M Ismail Abdoola

Dr D Hitihamu

REGISTERED OFFICE: Unit 1

Imperial Food Park Imperial Avenue South Bank Middlesbrough TS6 6BA

REGISTERED NUMBER: 07300206 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: Sedulo Audit Limited

Statutory Auditors Regency Court 62-66 Deansgate Manchester M3 2EN

BALANCE SHEET 30 JUNE 2019

		30.6.19		30.6.18	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Investment property	3		3,500,000		3,500,000
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	4	2,107,129		2,122,318	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	5	779,432	_	781,960	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,327,697		1,340,358
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			4,827,697		4,840,358
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	6		(792,249)		(873,269)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	8		(427,395)		(427,395)
NET ASSETS			3,608,053	=	3,539,694
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		1,975		1,975
Share premium	10		974,025		974,025
Retained earnings	10		2,632,053		2,563,694
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3,608,053	_	3,539,694

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 10 October 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

N M Ismail Abdoola - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Time Properties Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Going concern

The directors are satisfied that sufficient funds will be made available from fellow group companies operating from the company's premises to enable it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due, and accordingly the accounts are prepared on a going concern basis.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Significant judgements and estimates

In preparing these accounts the directors have had to make the following judgements that may have a material effect on the accounts:

- There is an inevitable degree of judgement involved in the valuation of Investment property at any given point in time. The investment property is carried at fair value, determined and assessed annually by the directors, having made judgements in regard to average replacement cost per square meter, depreciation factors, potential disposal and statutory costs, and average price per acre of land

Investment property

Investment property is shown at fair value determined annually. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognized in the Income statement

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The company only enters into transactions in 'basic' financial instruments which result in the recognition of assets and liabilities; these include trade and other debtors and creditors, bank balances, loans from banks and other third parties, and loans to related parties.

Basic financial assets (other than those classified as payable within one year) are initially measured at cost, and are subsequently carried at cost or amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Basic financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities (other than those classified as payable within one year) are initially recognised at present value of future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Basic financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts reported in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the terms of the loan using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Transaction costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated loan.

3. **INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

FAIR VALUE	Total £
At 1 July 2018 and 30 June 2019	3,500,000
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 June 2019 At 30 June 2018	3,500,000 3,500,000

Investment property was valued by an independent firm of professional valuers in November 2016 and the valuation adopted in the accounts, and is reviewed annually by the directors having regard to significant judgements and uncertainties as disclosed at note 2.

If the Investment property had not been revalued it would have been included in the accounts at the following historic cost: £843,302 (2018: £843,302).

4. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	30.6.19	30.6.18
	£	£
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,106,246	2,121,428
Other debtors	883	890
	2,107,129	2,122,318

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

5.	CREDITORS	s: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE	E YEAR		
				30.6.19 £	30.6.18 £
		d to group undertakings		750,000	750,000
	Other creditor	rs		<u>29,432</u> 779,432	<u>31,960</u> 781,960
6.	CREDITORS YEAR	S: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MOR	E THAN ONE	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	ILAK			30.6.19	30.6.18
	Amounts owe	d to group undertakings		£ 	£ <u>873,269</u>
7.	SECURED D	DEBTS			
	The following	secured debts are included within creditors:			
				30.6.19	30.6.18
	Owed to grou	p undertakings		£ 	£ 873,269
	Amounts owe	d to group undertakings bear interest at LIBOR+:	3%.		
		d to group undertakings are secured by fixed and		ecate and undertakin	nge
	of the compan		moating charges over the a	ssets and undertakn	igo
8.	PROVISION	S FOR LIABILITIES			
				30.6.19 £	30.6.18 £
	Deferred tax			427,395	427,395
					Deferred
					tax £
	Balance at 1 J Balance at 30				427,395 427,395
9.	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL			
		ed and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	30.6.19 £	30.6.18 £
	1,975	Ordinary	£1	1,975	<u>1,975</u>
	DECEDVEC				

10. RESERVES

Included within Profit and Loss reserves are non-distributable amounts of £2,229,303 (2018: £2,229,303) in relation to unrealized revaluation gains, net of taxation, on the company's investment property.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

11. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

David Miller (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Sedulo Audit Limited

12. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The immediate parent undertaking is LMC Baketime Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent undertaking is Fasic Investment Corporation Limited, a company registered in South Africa.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Fasic Investment Corporation Limited. The smallest group in which they are consolidated is that headed by LMC Baketime Holdings Limited. These consolidated accounts are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.