Company registration number: 07298387

A S ESTIMATIONS LIMITED

Unaudited financial statements

28th February 2017

TUESDAY

A69YFDAQ

A28

04/07/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE #275

Contents

	Page
Directors and other information	2
Directors report	3
Accountants report	4
Statement of comprehensive income	5
Statement of financial position	6 - 7
Statement of changes in equity	8
Notes to the financial statements	9 - 12

Directors and other information

Directors Mr A. Savage

Ms R Maskell

Company number 07298387

Registered office Broad Oak House

1 Grover Walk Corringham Essex SS17 7LU

Business address 24 Hobhouse Road

Stanford le Hope

Essex SS17 8BJ

Accountants A.W. Fenn & Co

Broad Oak House 1 Grover Walk Corringham Essex SS17 7LU

Bankers Lloyds TSB

High Street Grays Essex

Directors report Year ended 28th February 2017

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 28th February 2017.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr A. Savage Ms R Maskell

Small company provisions

AllEway

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 20/06/2017 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr A. Savage

Director

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of A S ESTIMATIONS LIMITED Year ended 28th February 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of A S ESTIMATIONS LIMITED for the year ended 28th February 2017 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/en/member/professional-standards/rules-standards/acca-rulebook.html.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of A S ESTIMATIONS LIMITED, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 26th May 2015. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of A S ESTIMATIONS LIMITED and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of A S ESTIMATIONS LIMITED as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/uk/en/technical-activities /technical-resources-search/2009/october/ factsheet-163-audit-exempt-companies.html. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than A S ESTIMATIONS LIMITED and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that A S ESTIMATIONS LIMITED has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of A S ESTIMATIONS LIMITED. You consider that A S ESTIMATIONS LIMITED is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of A S ESTIMATIONS LIMITED. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Signed

A.W. Fenn & Co

Chartered Certified Accountants

Broad Oak House 1 Grover Walk Corringham Essex SS17 7LU

Dated: 22/06/2017

Statement of comprehensive income Year ended 28th February 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover Administrative expenses		49,701 (31,506)	50,070 (26,015)
Operating profit		18,195	24,055
Other interest receivable and similar income		16	13
Profit before taxation	5	18,211	24,068
Tax on profit		(3,769)	(4,842)
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		14,442	19,226

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Statement of financial position 28th February 2017

	2017		2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	134		268	
			134		268
Current assets					
Debtors	7	11,886		11,475	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,704		2,029	
		13,590		13,504	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(4,772)		(5,760)	
Net current assets			8,818		7,744
Total assets less current liabilities			8,952		8,012
Provisions for liabilities			(27)		(54)
Net assets			8,925 ———		7,958
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		1
Profit and loss account			8,923		7,957
Shareholder funds			8,925		7,958

For the year ending 28th February 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholder has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Statement of financial position (continued) 28th February 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20/06/2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr A. Savage

Director

Company registration number: 07298387

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 28th February 2017

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1st March 2015	1	6,497	6,498
Profit for the year		19,226	19,226
Total comprehensive income for the year	t	19,226	19,226
Dividends paid and payable		(17,766)	(17,766)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(17,766)	(17,766)
At 28th February 2016 and 1st March 2016	1	7,957	7,958
Profit for the year		14,442	14,442
Total comprehensive income for the year		14,442	14,442
Issue of shares Dividends paid and payable	1	(13,476)	1 (13,476)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	1	(13,476)	(13,475)
At 28th February 2017	2	8,923	8,925

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 28th February 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Broad Oak House, 1 Grover Walk, Corringham, Essex, SS17 7LU.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 28th February 2017

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment - written off over 3 years

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 28th February 2017

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors was 2 (2016: 1).

5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2017	2016
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	134	134

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 28th February 2017

6.	Tangible assets		
		Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
		£	£
	Cost At 1st March 2016 and 28th February 2017	402	402
	Depreciation		
	At 1st March 2016	134	134
	Charge for the year	134	134
	At 28th February 2017	268	268
	Carrying amount		
	At 28th February 2017	134	134
	At 28th February 2016	268	268
7.	Debtors		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors	4,000	3,583
	Other debtors	7,886	7,892
		11,886	11,475
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	-	2017	2016

9. Related party transactions

Corporation tax

Other creditors

In the financial year the company paid a total of £13476 of dividends to its shareholders (£17766 2016).

£

4,788

5,760

972

£

3,796

4,772

976

10. Controlling party

The company is controlled by its director Mr A. Savage.