AMENDED

Jessie and James Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 December 2022



Jessie and James Limited

Registered number:

07270397

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2022

	Notes		2022		2021
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		140		160
Tangible assets	4	_	772	_	386
			912		546
Current assets					
Stocks		27,675		36,820	
Debtors	5	235,152		133,197	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,076		392	
	-	265,903		170,409	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	6	(152,360)		(192,094)	
Net current assets/(liabilities)	-		113,543		(21,685)
		-		-	
Total assets less current liabilitie	es		114,455		(21,139)
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	7		(24,167)		(34,487)
				,	
Net assets/(liabilities)		-	90,288	-	(55,626)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			200		200
Share premium			174,900		174,900
Profit and loss account			(84,812)		(230,726)
Shareholders' funds		-	90,288	-	(55,626)
		-		•	

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as at 31 December 2022

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr J New Director

Approved by the board on 11 May 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery over 3 years
Office equipment over 4 years

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2022 Number	2021 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	4	4
3	Intangible fixed assets Goodwill:		£
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2022	_	200
	At 31 December 2022	-	200
	Amortisation		
	At 1 January 2022		40
	Provided during the year	_	20
	At 31 December 2022	-	60
	Net book value		
	At 31 December 2022	-	140
	At 31 December 2021		160

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 10 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery etc £	Motor vehicles ₤	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2022	10,970	2,044	13,014
	Additions	642	200	842
	At 31 December 2022	11,612	2,244	13,856
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2022	10,584	2,044	12,628
	Charge for the year	406	50	456
	At 31 December 2022	10,990	2,094	13,084
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2022	622	150	772
	At 31 December 2021	386	- -	386_
5	Debtors		2022 £	2021 £
	Trade debtors		107,279	16,284
	Other debtors		127,873	116,913
		-	235,152	133,197
6 .	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts		56,840	62,002
	Trade creditors		16,727	42,472
	Taxation and social security costs		3,077	3,914
	Other creditors		75,716	83,706
			152,360	192,094
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans		24,167	34,487

8 Related party transactions

Included within other creditors is an amount of £21,463 owed by the directors (2021: £8,184 other debtors). This loan is undated, unsecured, interest free and repayable apon demand.

Included within other creditors is an amount of £51,851 owed to the shareholders (2021: £81,851). These loans are undated, unsecured, interest free and repayable apon demand.

9 Furlough Disclosure note

During the year, the company received grants of £Nil (2021: £28,500). The accounting policy adotped is the accruals model. This grant relates to Covid-19 support from the government.

10 Going Concern

These accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis. The drectors have confirmed that they will continue to provide financial support to the company until such time as it's position improves.

10 Other information

Jessie and James Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

1 The Briars Waterberry Drive Waterlooville Hampshire PO7 7YH