Maxem Glazing Ltd

Registered number: Balance Sheet		07242708			
as at 31 March 2023					75 15
	Notes		2023		(Restated) 2022
	Notes		2023 £		2022 £
Fixed assets			£		,L
Intangible assets	3		_		334
Tangible assets	4		19,416		25,887
		-	19,416	-	26,221
Current assets			•		,
Stocks		7,026		4,613	
Debtors	5	39,375		38,761	
Cash at bank and in hand		16,800		19,078	
		63,201		62,452	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	6	(56,248)		(54,189)	
Net current assets			6,953		8,263
Total assets less current liabilities		-	26,369	-	34,484
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(23,052)		(30,047)
Provisions for liabilities			(3,103)		(4,204)
Net assets		- -	214	-	233
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account			204 10		204 29
From and loss account			10		29
Shareholders' funds		-	214	-	233

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mrs V Andrews

Director

Approved by the board on 5 September 2023

Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 25% on a reducing balance basis Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 25% on a reducing balance basis

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2023 Number	2022 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	4	3
3	Intangible fixed assets Goodwill:		£
	Cost At 1 April 2022 At 31 March 2023		10,000
	Amortisation At 1 April 2022 Provided during the year At 31 March 2023		9,666 334 10,000
	Net book value At 31 March 2023 At 31 March 2022		334

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 10 years.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets	
	Plant and machinery etc
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2022	51,441
At 31 March 2023	51,441
B	
Depreciation	05.550
At 1 April 2022	25,553
Charge for the year	6,472
At 31 March 2023	32,025
Net book value	
At 31 March 2023	19,416
At 31 March 2022	25,888
	(Restated)
Debtors	2023 2022

Debtors 2022 2023

				£	£
	Trade debtors			5,130	9,242
	Prepayments	5,731	8,210		
	Directors account	21,469	16,082		
	Other debtors			7,045	5,227
			- -	39,375	38,761
					(Restated)
6	6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			2023	2022
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			8,241	9,302
	Trade creditors			28,403	31,119
	Taxation and social security costs			19,603	13,768
	Other creditors		_	1	
			_	56,248	54,189
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after (one year		2023	2022
				£	£
	Bank loans		_	23,052	30,047
8	Other financial commitments			2023 £	2022 £
	T. 10			~	
	Total future minimum payments under i	non-cancellable ope	rating leases		4,275
9	Loans to directors				
	Description and conditions	B/fwd	Advanced	Repaid	C/fwd
	•	£	£	£	£
	M Andrews	8,041	11,284	(8,590)	10,735
	V Andrews	8,040	11,284	(8,590)	10,734
		16,081	22,568	(17,180)	21,469

Included in debtors is an amount owing to the company by both directors. The balance represents the highest amount outstanding in the year.

10 Related party transactions

Dividends of £16,140 (2022: £31,000) were paid to the directors who were also shareholders of the company.

11 Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party was Mr M Andrews, a director and shareholder of the company.

12 Other information

Maxem Glazing Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:
Unit 1 Block 33
Second Avenue
Westfield Industrial Estate
Radstock
BA3 4BH

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