Company registration number: 07239828

Garon Park Golf Complex Limited

Unaudited financial statements

31 December 2016

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Statement of financial position 31 December 2016

	2016		2015		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	4		376,179		381,386
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5	80,260 33,378 293,066 406,704		71,946 25,950 229,686 327,582	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(568,548)		(569,987)	
Net current liabilities			(161,844)		(242,405)
Total assets less current liabilities			214,335		138,981
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7				(786)
Net assets			214,335		138,195
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account			99,001 115,334		99,001 39,194
Shareholders funds			214,335		138,195

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 December 2016

For the year ending 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 March 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Alan Henry Walker

Director

Company registration number: 07239828

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2016

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 169 New London Road, Chelmsford, Essex, CM2 0AE.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the accounting policies set out below. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 January 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 11.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight line basis.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are intially recorded at cost and are subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2016

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Short leasehold property - Straight line over the life of the lease

Plant and machinery - 20% reducing balance
Fittings fixtures and equipment - 33.3% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 20% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price, less selling costs. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Hire purchase and finance leases

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other receivables and payables.

Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Defined contribution pension plans

Contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. These contributions represent the Company's contributions to a pension plan which commenced in October 2015 under the auto enrolment scheme.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2016

4.	Tangible assets					
		Short	Plant and	Fixtures,	Motor	Total
		leasehold	machinery	fittings and	vehicles	
		property	£	equipment £	£	£
	0	£	Ł	£	L	L
	Cost	358,041	137,544	44,123	5,000	544,708
	At 1 January 2016 Additions	336,041	24,250	4,063	3,000	28,313
	Additions					
	At 31 December 2016	358,041	161,794	48,186	5,000 	573,021
	Depreciation					
	At 1 January 2016	57,980	68,714	33,047	3,581	163,322
	Charge for the year	12,060	16,221	4,951	288	33,520
	At 31 December 2016	70,040	84,935	37,998	3,869	196,842
	Carrying amount					
	At 31 December 2016	288,001	76,859	10,188	1,131	376,179
	At 31 December 2015	300,061	68,830	11,076	1,419	381,386
			====			
5.	Debtors				2010	0015
					2016	2015
	011				£	£ 25,950
	Other debtors				33,378 =====	
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due	within one yea	ır			
					2016	2015
	•				£	£
	Trade creditors				43,369	75,063
	Corporation tax				19,710	1,130
	Social security and other taxes				44,616	45,956
	Other creditors				460,853	447,838
					568,548	569,987

Included in 'Other creditors' is a shareholder's loan for £161,988 (2015: £177,837) and a director's loan for £81,161 (2015: £89,721). Both of these loans are secured and are repayable on demand. However, all parties are satisfied that repayment will be deferred until the company has sufficient funds to make the repayments and is in a position to do so.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2016

7. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2016	2015
	£	£
Other creditors	-	786

8. Operating leases

The company as lessee

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	89,310	90,893
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	324,267	330,029
Later than 5 years	2,160,000	2,240,000
	2,573,577	2,660,922

Further to the amounts disclosed above, additional rent is due in respect of the lease for the site at which the Golf Club is located. This is calculated annually and is based on percentages of turnover.

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2016		•		
		Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		3	£	£	£
Alan Henry Walker		(89,721)	(1,440)	10,000	(81,161)
	2015				
		Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		£	£	£	£
Alan Henry Walker		(88,208)	(1,513)	-	(89,721)

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2016

10. Controlling party

A.H. Walker, director, is the controlling party by virtue of his majority shareholding.

11. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 January 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.