

Registered number
07239824

Willowstone Developments Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2020



Willowstone Developments Limited
Registered number: 07239824
Balance Sheet
as at 31 March 2020

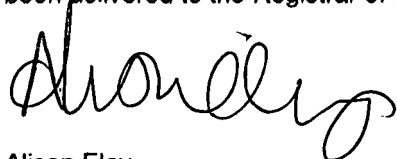
	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	244	244
Current assets			
Stocks		566,618	-
Debtors	4	71,200	307,466
Deposit Account		200	141,282
TSB Account		208	-
Cash at bank and in hand		1,301	18,739
		<u>639,527</u>	<u>467,487</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(18,857)	(37,316)
Net current assets		<u>620,670</u>	<u>430,171</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>620,914</u>	<u>430,415</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6	(336,938)	(197,560)
Net assets		<u>283,976</u>	<u>232,855</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		3,000	3,000
Profit and loss account		280,976	229,855
Shareholders' funds		<u>283,976</u>	<u>232,855</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.



Alison Eley
Director

Approved by the board on 29 July 2020

Willowstone Developments Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Plant and machinery	over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 5 years

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Debtors

and doubtful debts:

amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially shown less debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any

recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and

are included in the profit and loss account.

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Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 2 years
Furniture and machinery	over 2 years
Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Freehold buildings	over 20 years

expected useful life, as follows:

at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its useful life. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than leasehold land. Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative

impairment losses.

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative

to the total estimated contract costs.

completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts

applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard.

FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with

Accounting policies

for the year ended 31 March 2020
Notes to the Accounts
Williamstone Developments Limited

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for the year ended 31 March 2020

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	2020 Number	2019 Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

3 Tangible fixed assets	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 1 April 2019	736

Willowstone Developments Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 March 2020

At 31 March 2020	<u>736</u>
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Depreciation	
At 1 April 2019	<u>492</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>492</u>

Net book value	
At 31 March 2020	<u>244</u>
At 31 March 2019	<u>244</u>

4 Debtors	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	22,985	259,251
Land Deposits	50,000	50,000
Other debtors	(1,785)	(1,785)
	<u>71,200</u>	<u>307,466</u>

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	13,286	6,912
Corporation tax	12,391	21,833
Vat Liability	(12,295)	-
Credit Card Liability	3,915	6,956
Other creditors	1,560	1,615
	<u>18,857</u>	<u>37,316</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2020	2019
	£	£
Other creditors	<u>336,938</u>	<u>197,560</u>

7 Other information

Willowstone Developments Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:
17 Osbourne Street
Winshill
Burton Upon Trent
Staffs
DE15 0JL