

REGISTERED NUMBER: 07236350 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018
for
Chameleon Web Services Limited

Chameleon Web Services Limited (Registered number: 07236350)

Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

Chameleon Web Services Limited

Company Information
for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

DIRECTOR:	I Bevis
REGISTERED OFFICE:	202 Dudley Road Halsowen B63 3NR
REGISTERED NUMBER:	07236350 (England and Wales)
ACCOUNTANTS:	Breslins Birmingham Ltd Crosby Court 28 George Street Birmingham B3 1QG

Chameleon Web Services Limited (Registered number: 07236350)

Balance Sheet 30 April 2018

	Notes	30.4.18 £	£	30.4.17 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		78,358		23,955
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	65,606		56,890	
Cash at bank		<u>43,891</u>		<u>56,094</u>	
		109,497		112,984	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>55,462</u>		<u>55,423</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u>54,035</u>		<u>57,561</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>132,393</u>		<u>81,516</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7		1		1
Retained earnings	8		<u>132,392</u>		<u>81,515</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>132,393</u>		<u>81,516</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 April 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.
- (b)

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 29 January 2019 and were signed by:

I Bevis - Director

Chameleon Web Services Limited (Registered number: 07236350)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Chameleon Web Services Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of Vat and trade discounts. The policies adopted for the recognition of turnover are as follows

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

The Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer

The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;

The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;

It is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and

The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - 25% on reducing balance and 20% on reducing balance

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Chameleon Web Services Limited (Registered number: 07236350)

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Debtors and creditors receivable/ payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in the other administrative expenses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised costs using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts at a discounted at a market rate of interest.

Financial assets are classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured at cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimate future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the assets original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event accruing after impairment was recognized, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised.

The impairment reversal is recognised in the profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has been transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Chameleon Web Services Limited (Registered number: 07236350)

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangement entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions in FRS 102 paragraph 11.9 are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. Debt instruments may be designed as being measured at fair value through profit or loss to eliminate or reduce an accounting mismatch or if the instrument are measured and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 10 (2017 - 10) .

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc £
COST	
At 1 May 2017	32,321
Additions	68,426
At 30 April 2018	<u>100,747</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 May 2017	8,366
Charge for year	14,023
At 30 April 2018	<u>22,389</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 April 2018	<u>78,358</u>
At 30 April 2017	<u>23,955</u>

Chameleon Web Services Limited (Registered number: 07236350)

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 30 April 2018

5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
		30.4.18	30.4.17	
		£	£	
	Trade debtors	62,523	52,425	
	Other debtors	<u>3,083</u>	<u>4,465</u>	
		<u>65,606</u>	<u>56,890</u>	
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
		30.4.18	30.4.17	
		£	£	
	Trade creditors	5,839	9,726	
	Taxation and social security	44,065	44,247	
	Other creditors	<u>5,558</u>	<u>1,450</u>	
		<u>55,462</u>	<u>55,423</u>	
7.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:			
	Number: Class:	Nominal value:	30.4.18	30.4.17
			£	£
	1 Ordinary	1	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
8.	RESERVES			
				Retained earnings
				£
	At 1 May 2017			81,515
	Profit for the year			82,577
	Dividends			<u>(31,700)</u>
	At 30 April 2018			<u>132,392</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.