Registered number: 7221650

Priory New Education Services Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

for the period from 13 April 2010 (date of incorporation) to 31 December 2010

20/09/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

Contents	
	Page
Directors' report	1 - 3
Independent auditors' report to the members of Priory New Education Services Limited	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6

Notes to the financial statements

7 - 15

Directors' report for the period ended 31 December 2010

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2010

Principal activities and review of business

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of specialist education and care for children who have emotional and behavioural difficulties, autistic spectrum difficulties, Asperger's Syndrome and dyslexia

The results for the period are set out in the Profit and loss account on page 5 and the position of the Company at the period end is set out in the Balance sheet on page 6. The company was incorporated on 13 April 2010. These are the Company's first financial statements.

As the company is focussed on the education sector, the performance of the company can be impacted by external factors. The principal factors are changes in the UK government's policy towards the outsourcing of education, changes in the regulatory regime and competitive threats from other independent providers. Management uses a range of financial and non financial indicators to manage the business. These are derived from all areas of the business and include sales growth by unit, occupancy and achieved profit margins. Gross profit margin for the period was 14.5%

Results and dividends

The profit for the period, after taxation, amounted to £85,000

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend

Directors

The directors who served during the period were

P Scott (appointed 13 April 2010) J Lock (appointed 13 April 2010) M Franzidis (appointed 13 April 2010) H Sharpe (appointed 13 April 2010)

D Hall (appointed 13 April 2010)

Key performance indicators

Given the straight forward nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The development, performance and position of Priory Investments Holdings Limited, which includes this company, is discussed in the group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the Group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of Priory Investments Holdings Limited, which include those of the company, are discussed in the Group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

Directors' report for the period ended 31 December 2010

Future developments

The future developments of the Company are aligned to the strategy of the Priory Group, headed by Priory Investments Holdings Limited. The Group's strategy for the future development of the business is included in the Group's annual report, which does not form part of this report.

Provision of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors
 are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of
 any information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to
 establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' report for the period ended 31 December 2010

This report was approved by the board on 31 August 2011 and signed on its behalf

D Hall

Secretary 21 Exhibition House Addison Bridge Place

London W14 8XP

Independent auditors' report to the members of Priory New Education Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Priory New Education Services Limited for the period ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the Profit and loss account, the Balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 2 the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its profit for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Richard Bunter (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Newcastle upon Tyne

31 August 2011

Profit and loss account for the period ended 31 December 2010

	Note	13 April 2010 to 31 December 2010 £000
Turnover	2	949
Cost of sales		(811)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		138
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(53)
Profit for the financial period	14	85

All results derive from continuing operations

There is no material difference between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained loss for the period stated above and their historical cost equivalents

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the results above, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

Priory New Education Services Limited Registered number: 7221650

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2010

	Note	£000	2010 £000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	6		272
Tangible assets	7		2,882
Investments	8	_	2,620
		_	5,774
Current assets			
Debtors amounts falling due after more than one year	9	718	
Debtors amounts falling due within one year	9	351	
Cash at bank	_	1,063	
		2,132	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	10	(1,166)	
Net current assets	-		966
Total assets less current liabilities		_	6,740
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	11		(6,655)
Net assets		_	85
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13		-
Profit and loss account	14	_	85
Total shareholders' funds	15		85

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 31 August 2011

J Lock Director

The notes on pages 7 to 15 form part of these financial statements

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2010

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies applied consistently are set out below

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Priory Investments Holdings Limited and is included in the consolidated financial statements of that company, which are publicly available. Consequently

- The company is exempt by virtue of section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group accounts on the grounds that it is included in the consolidated financial statements of a parent undertaking. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.
- the company is exempt under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related party transactions" from disclosing related party transactions with entities that from part of the Priory Investments Holdings Limited group, and
- the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised 1996) "Cash flow statements"

1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the Company in respect of services provided to customers, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts. Turnover is recognised as the services are provided. Turnover invoiced in advance is included in deferred income until service is provided. Turnover in respect of services provided but not yet invoiced by the period end is included within accrued income.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the Profit and loss account over its estimated economic life.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases.

Freehold property Fixtures & fittings

- 50 years

3 to 16 years

1.5 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2010

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.6 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse

1.7 Pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the Company to the fund in respect of the period

18 Group relief

Payment is generally made for group relief at the current tax rate at the time of first estimating the tax provision. To the extent that amendments are subsequently made to the group relief plan, there is generally no payment or receipt in respect of the change.

2. Turnover

The Company's turnover, profit on ordinary activities before taxation and net assets arise primarily from its principal activity of the provision of specialist education and care for children who have emotional and behavioural difficulties, autistic spectrum difficulties, Asperger's Syndrome and dyslexia

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom

3. Profit

The profit is stated after charging

13 April 2010 to 31 December 2010 £000

Amortisation - intangible fixed assets Depreciation of tangible fixed assets - owned by the company

55

During the period, no director received any emoluments

The remuneration of the auditors was borne by another Group undertaking

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2010

	Staff costs
	Staff costs were as follows
13 April 2010 to 31 December 2010 £000	
490 42 3	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs
535	
the period was as follows	The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, duri
13 April 2010 to	
31 December 2010 No.	
25 3	Teachers and social workers Administration
28	
	Taxation
13 April 2010 to 31 December 2010 £000	
2000	Analysis of tax charge in the period
56	Current tax (see note below) UK corporation tax charge on profit for the period
(3	Deferred tax (see note 12) Origination and reversal of timing differences

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2010

5. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the period

The tax assessed for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28%. The differences are explained below

	13 April 2010 to 31 December 2010
	£000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	138
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28%	39
Effects of	
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	5
Depreciation of non qualifying assets	12
Current tax charge for the period (see note above)	56

The current tax charge of £56,000 will be relieved by the surrender of losses from other group companies in exchange for payment of the same amount

Factors that may affect future tax charges

A number of changes to the UK Corporation tax system were announced in the June 2010 Budget Statement. The Finance (No 2) Act 2010, which was substantively enacted on 20 July 2010, includes legislation reducing the main rate of corporation tax from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. A further reduction to 25% from 1 April 2012 was substantively enacted on 5 July 2011. Future finance bills are expected to introduce additional reductions to 23%. It is currently expected that each future Finance Bill enacted will reduce the corporation tax rate by 1% until a final rate of 23% is reached by 2014/5. These rate reductions will be reflected in the deferred tax calculations when the Finance Bills are substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2010

6	Intangible fixed assets			
				Goodwill £000
	Cost			
	Additions			279
	At 31 December 2010			279
	Amortisation		•	
	Charge for the period			7
	At 31 December 2010			7
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2010			272
7.	Tangıble fixed assets			
		Freehold	Fixtures &	- -4.1
		property £000	fittings £000	Total £000
	Cost			
	Additions	2,381	556	2,937
	At 31 December 2010	2,381	556	2,937
	Depreciation		-	·
	Charge for the period	22	33	55
	At 31 December 2010	22	33	55
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2010	2,359	523	2,882

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2010

8 Fixed	asset investments		
			Investments in subsidiary companies £000
Cost	or valuation		
At 13 Addıtı	April 2010 ons		- 2,620
At 31	December 2010		2,620
Net b	ook value		
At 31	December 2010		2,620
Subs	ıdıary undertakıngs		
The fo	ollowing were subsidiary undertakings of the c	ompany	
Name	•	Class of shares	Holding
	JC Arrowsmith Limited all Property Limited	Ordinary Ordinary	100 % 100 %
9 Debte	ors		
			2010 £000
	after more than one year		
Amou Defer	ints owed by group undertakings red tax asset (see note 12)		715 3
			718
			
Due	anthin and user		2010 £000
	within one year edebtors		311
Amou	ints owed by group undertakings		13
Prepa	syments and accrued income		
			351

Amounts due from group undertakings due after more than one year are unsecured and bear interest at LIBOR plus 2 25% per annum

Amounts due from group undertakings due within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2010

10. Creditors:

Amounts falling due within one year

	2010 £000
Trade creditors	27
Amounts owed to group undertakings	580
Group relief payable	56
Social security and other taxes	29
Accruals and deferred income	474
	1,166

Amounts due to group undertakings due within one year are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand

11. Creditors

Amounts falling due after more than one year

2010 £000

Amounts owed to group undertakings

6,655

Amounts due to group undertakings are unsecured, bear interest at LIBOR plus 2 25% per annum and are repayable on demand. It is not expected that the demand would be made or that these amounts will be paid within one year and accordingly these amounts have been shown as amounts falling due after more than one year.

12. Deferred taxation

	2010 £000
At beginning of period Arising during period	3
At end of period	3
The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows	
	2010 £000
Accelerated capital allowances	3

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2010

13. Share capital

2010 £

Authorised

1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each

1,000

Allotted, called up and fully paid

1 Ordinary share of £1

1

During the period one ordinary share was issued at par for cash consideration of £1

14. Reserves

Profit and
loss account
£000
85

Deafit and

Profit for the period

At 31 December 2010

85

15. Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

2	Z	Ù.	1	V
1	E	01	0	0

Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the period

-85

Closing shareholders' funds

85

16. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the period represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £3,000. At 31 December 2010, there were oustanding contributions of £1,000.

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2010

17 Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent company, which is incorporated in the United Kingdom, is Priory New Investments No 3 Limited

At 31 December 2010, the company's ultimate parent company was Priory Investments Holdings Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands), which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. A copy of the consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary at 21 Exhibition House, Addison Bridge Place, London, W14 8XP At that date, the directors considered that there was no ultimate controlling party of the company

On 4 March 2011, Priory Investments Holdings Limited was acquired by Priory Group No 3 plc, a subsidiary of Priory Group Limited As a result of the transaction, the company's ultimate parent company from 4 March 2011 onwards is Priory Group Limited (incorporated in England) Priory Group Limited is beneficially owned by funds managed by Advent International Corporation which is considered by the directors to be the ultimate controlling party of the company