

**Registered Number 07220401**

**Netpas Design Limited**

**Abbreviated Accounts**

**30 April 2015**

Netpas Design Limited

Registered Number 07220401

Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2015

	Notes	2015	2014
		£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>	2		
Tangible		1,720	2,117
		<u>1,720</u>	<u>2,117</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors		327	4,564
Cash at bank and in hand		4,026	63
Total current assets		<u>4,353</u>	<u>4,627</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		(45,126)	(30,455)
<b>Net current assets (liabilities)</b>		(40,773)	(25,828)
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>(39,053)</u>	<u>(23,711)</u>
<b>Total net assets (liabilities)</b>		<u>(39,053)</u>	<u>(23,711)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	4	1	1
Profit and loss account		(39,054)	(23,712)

**Shareholders funds**

(39,053)

(23,711)

- a. For the year ending 30 April 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 28 January 2016

And signed on their behalf by:

**Mr. J. Pereira, Director**

**This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.**

**Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts**

For the year ending 30 April 2015

**1 Accounting policies****Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards. The going concern basis has been used. Of the company's liabilities £41,622 is owed to the director and it has been agreed that repayment will not be demanded whilst such action would adversely affect the company's operations. The director expects the major creditors, because of the nature of their relationship with the company, to continue with their support for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. This basis has been applied on the continuing support of the creditors. If the going concern basis were not appropriate, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the value of the assets to their recoverable amount and to provide for any further liabilities that might arise.

**Cash flow statement**

The director has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small.

**Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

**Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

**Fixed Assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

### Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

### Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Fixtures & Fittings	20% reducing balance basis
Equipment	20% reducing balance basis

## 2 Fixed Assets

	<b>Tangible Assets</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cost or valuation</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
At 01 May 2014	4,287	4,287
At 30 April 2015	<u>4,287</u>	<u>4,287</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>		
At 01 May 2014	2,170	2,170
Charge for year	397	397
At 30 April 2015	<u>2,567</u>	<u>2,567</u>
<b>Net Book Value</b>		
At 30 April 2015	1,720	1,720
At 30 April 2014	<u>2,117</u>	<u>2,117</u>

## 3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

4 Share capital

	2015	2014
	£	£
<b>Allotted, called up and fully paid:</b>		
1 Ordinary of £1 each	1	1