Registration number: 07180925

Downsview Developments Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

HODSON & CO

Wiston House
1 Wiston Avenue
Worthing
West Sussex
BN14 7QL

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(Registration number: 07180925)
Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> 5	81,069	60,500
Investment property	<u>5</u>	5,264,001	4,141,749
	-	5,345,070	4,202,249
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	1,056,630	1,153,397
Cash at bank and in hand	-	43,570	56,914
		1,100,200	1,210,311
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> </u>	(64,805)	(81,361)
Net current assets	_	1,035,395	1,128,950
Total assets less current liabilities		6,380,465	5,331,199
Creditors : Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(4,821,524)	(4,896,654)
Provisions for liabilities	_	(157,561)	
Net assets	=	1,401,380	434,545
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Other reserves		964,691	-
Profit and loss account	-	435,689	433,545
Total equity	=	1,401,380	434,545

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 07180925) Statement of Financial Position 31 March 2019

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 11 October 2019	
L J Ford	
Director	
The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{8}$ form an integral part of these financial statements	5.
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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 91 Boundary Road Hove East Sussex BN3 7GA

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 11 October 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Equipment

Depreciation method and rate

between 2 and 5 years

Investment property

Investment property is initially recorded at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure.

Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available without undue cost or effort for an item of investment property, it shall be transferred to tangible assets and treated as such until it is expected that fair value will be reliably measurable on an on-going basis.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 2 (2018 - 2).

4 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 April 2018	59,344	4,061	-	63,405
Additions		2,017	20,050	22,067
At 31 March 2019	59,344	6,078	20,050	85,472
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2018	-	2,905	-	2,905
Charge for the year	<u>-</u>	1,498	<u>-</u>	1,498
At 31 March 2019		4,403		4,403
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2019	59,344	1,675	20,050	81,069
At 31 March 2018	59,344	1,156		60,500

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £59,344 (2018 - £59,344) in respect of short leasehold land and buildings.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

5 Investment properties

	£
At 1 April	4,141,749
Fair value adjustments	1,122,252
At 31 March	5,264,001

Investment property is included at fair value. Gains are recognised in the income statement. Deferred taxation is provided on these gains at the rate expected to apply when the property is sold. The investment property has been measured at fair value which is the open market value of the property. When arising, the fair value adjustment is taken through the profit and loss account.

6 Debtors

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors		9,857	13,226
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	<u>9</u>	22,562	-
Other debtors	_	1,024,211	1,140,171
	_	1,056,630	1,153,397

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>8</u>	(13,854)	-
Trade creditors		15,664	12,788
Taxation and social security		9,032	1,304
Accruals and deferred income		17,429	16,925
Other creditors		36,534	50,344
		64,805	81,361
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than o	ne year Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	4,821,524	4,896,654
8 Loans and borrowings			
		2019 £	2018 £

9 Related party transactions

Other borrowings

Non-current loans and borrowings

Summary of transactions with other related parties

Included in 'Other Debtors' is an amount due from Kinohill Limited of £1,052,998 (2017: £1,118,937). Kinohill Limited is a company in which the director has a common interest.

4,821,524

4,896,654

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