Registered number: 07178076

GROUSE ADVISORY LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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# GROUSE ADVISORY LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:07178076

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Note		2021 £		2020 £
Fixed assets					
Investment property	5		2,224,541		2,034,227
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	1,880		500	
Cash at bank and in hand		9,629		90,548	
	_	11,509		91,048	
Current liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(720,661)		(690,319)	
Net current liabilities	_		(709,152)		(599,271)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	1,515,389	-	1,434,956
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(843,893)		(1,014,212)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax			(52,624)		-
Net assets		-	618,872	- :	420,744
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		10,000		10,000
Profit and loss account	12		608,872		410,744
		•	618,872	<del>-</del>	420,744

# GROUSE ADVISORY LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:07178076

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

### P Howlett

Director

Date: 2 November 2021

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

### 1. General information

Grouse Advisory Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in England and Wales with its registered office at 5 Elstree Gate, Elstree Way, Borehamwood, Hertfordshire, WD6 1JD.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of the holding of investment property and investment research.

### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises amounts chargeable in respect of the sale of services and rent from investment property during the year.

#### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Freehold property

Not depreciated

Long-term leasehold property

Not depreciated

Plant and machinery

25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### 2.4 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually by the director and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### 2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty.

#### 2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

### 2.8 Foreign currency translation

#### **Functional and presentation currency**

The Company's functional and presentational currency is £ sterling.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

### 2.9 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

### 2.10 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

### 2.11 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of Financial Position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.12 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2020 - 1).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

4.	Tangible fixed assets			
				Plant and machinery £
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 April 2020			3,549
	At 31 March 2021			3,549
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2020			3,549
	At 31 March 2021			3,549
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2021			
	At 31 March 2020			
5.	Investment property			
			Long term	
		Freehold investment	leasehold investment	
		property	property	Total

The 2021 valuations were made by the director, on an open market value for existing use basis.

Valuation

At 1 April 2020 Surplus on revaluation

At 31 March 2021

If the Investment properties had been accounted for under the historic cost accounting rules, the properties would have been measured as follows:

£

894,227

173,314

1,067,541

£

1,140,000

1,157,000

17,000

£

2,034,227

2,224,541

190,314

	2021	2020
	£	£
Historic cost	1,892,590	1,892,590

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

6. Debtors	
2021 £	2020 £
Other debtors	500
7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	
2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans 126,486	130,762
Taxation 15,115	7,852
Other creditors 564,230	547,165
Accruals and deferred income 14,830	4,540
720,661	690,319
8. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year  2021 £ Bank loans  843,893	2020 £ 1,014,212
2021 £	2020 £
Amounts falling due within one year	
Bank loans 126,486	130,762
Amounts falling due 2-5 years	
Bank loans 489,058	534,189
Amounts falling due after more than 5 years	
Bank loans 354,835	480,023
970,379	1,144,974

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

#### 10. **Deferred taxation**

Z.
(52,624)
(52,624)

2021

Charged to profit or loss

At end of year

The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows:

2021	2020
£	£

Property revaluation

(52,624)

10,000

10,000

#### 11. Share capital

	2021	2020
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		

## 100 Ordinary shares of £100 each

#### 12. Reserves

### Profit and loss account

Included in profit & loss reserves are revaluation surplus accounting to £279,327 (2020 - £141,637) which are not distributable.

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