Registration number: 07173928

Stevens Belting Limited

Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

(Registration number: 07173928)
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	108,979	140,722
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	94,076	113,619
Debtors	<u>6</u>	257,940	218,901
Cash at bank and in hand		163	17
		352,179	332,537
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> 7</u>	(319,717)	(313,059)
Net current assets		32,462	19,478
Total assets less current liabilities		141,441	160,200
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(22,125)	(32,353)
Provisions for liabilities		(25,048)	(14,811)
Net assets		94,268	113,036
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Retained earnings		94,168	112,936
Shareholders' funds		94,268	113,036

For the financial year ending 30 June 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

(Registration number: 07173928)
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2023

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the director has not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

proved and authorised by the director on 9 January 2024	
A Sells	
rector	

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 8a New Street Mepal Ely CB6 2AP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 9 January 2024.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate on the date when the fair value is re-measured.

Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and ratePlant and machineryOver 5 yearsMotor vehiclesOver 5 yearsFurniture and fittingsOver 5 years

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 16 (2022 - 16).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

4 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 July 2022	2,765	123,354	155,181	281,300
Additions	-	21,297	3,500	24,797
Disposals	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(21,989)	(21,989)
At 30 June 2023	2,765	144,651	136,692	284,108
Depreciation				
At 1 July 2022	2,485	85,427	52,666	140,578
Charge for the year	114	19,429	23,549	43,092
Eliminated on disposal			(8,541)	(8,541)
At 30 June 2023	2,599	104,856	67,674	175,129
Carrying amount				
At 30 June 2023	166	39,795	69,018	108,979
At 30 June 2022	280	37,927	102,515	140,722
5 Charles				
5 Stocks			2023	2022
			£	£
Other inventories		=	94,076	113,619
6 Debtors				
			2023 £	2022 £
Trade debtors			237,437	208,751
Other debtors		_	20,503	10,150
			257,940	218,901
		=		

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

7 Creditors

Due within one year 8 22,737 36,348 Loans and borrowings 8 22,737 36,348 Trade creditors 135,495 139,974 Taxation and social security 130,376 118,858 Accruals and deferred income 17,049 16,674 Other creditors 14,060 1,205 319,717 313,059 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2023 2022 Note £ £ Due after one year 2 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 2022 Fe £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings 22,125 32,353 Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Due within one year Loans and borrowings 8 22,737 36,348 Trade creditors 135,495 139,974 Taxation and social security 130,376 118,858 Accruals and deferred income 17,049 16,674 Other creditors 14,060 1,205 319,717 313,059 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Loans and borrowings 8 2023 2022 Note £ £ Due after one year 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings 2023 2022 If £ £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings 22,125 32,353				
Loans and borrowings 8 22,737 36,348 Trade creditors 135,495 139,974 Taxation and social security 130,376 118,858 Accruals and deferred income 17,049 16,674 Other creditors 14,060 1,205 319,717 313,059 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Loans and borrowings 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 8 Loans and borrowings 8 22,125 32,353 Non-current loans and borrowings Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353		Note	£	£
Trade creditors 135,495 139,974 Taxation and social security 130,376 118,858 Accruals and deferred income 17,049 16,674 Other creditors 14,060 1,205 319,717 313,059 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2023 2022 Note £ £ Due after one year 2023 32,353 Loans and borrowings 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 2022 £ £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings 22,125 32,353 Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353	Due within one year			
Trade creditors 135,495 139,974 Taxation and social security 130,376 118,858 Accruals and deferred income 17,049 16,674 Other creditors 14,060 1,205 319,717 313,059 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2023 2022 Note £ £ Due after one year 2023 32,353 Loans and borrowings 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 2022 £ £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings 22,125 32,353 Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353	Loans and borrowings	8	22,737	36,348
Accruals and deferred income 17,049 16,674 Other creditors 14,060 1,205 319,717 313,059 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Note £ £ Due after one year 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 2022 £ £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings 22,125 32,353 Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353	Trade creditors	_	135,495	139,974
Other creditors 14,060 1,205 319,717 313,059 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Note 2023 2022 Note £ £ Due after one year 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 2022 £ Non-current loans and borrowings 22,125 32,353 Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353	Taxation and social security		130,376	118,858
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2023 2022 Note £ £ Due after one year 2023 32,353 Loans and borrowings 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings 2022 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings 22,125 32,353 Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353	Accruals and deferred income		17,049	16,674
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2023 2022 Note £ Due after one year Loans and borrowings 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 2022 £ Non-current loans and borrowings Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353	Other creditors		14,060	1,205
Due after one year 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 2022 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings 22,125 32,353 32,353			319,717	313,059
Due after one year 8 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 22,125 32,353 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 2022 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings 22,125 32,353 32,353	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
Due after one year Loans and borrowings 8 Loans and borrowings 2023 2022 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353	Ç		2023	2022
Loans and borrowings822,12532,3538Loans and borrowings2023 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings Hire purchase contracts2023 £ 22,1252022 £ 32,353		Note	£	£
8 Loans and borrowings 2023 2022 £ £ Non-current loans and borrowings Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353	Due after one year			
Non-current loans and borrowings Hire purchase contracts 2023 £ £ 2022 £ 22,125 22,125 32,353	Loans and borrowings	8	22,125	32,353
2023 2022 £ £				
Non-current loans and borrowings Hire purchase contracts £ £ 22,125 32,353	8 Loans and borrowings			
Non-current loans and borrowings Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353				
Hire purchase contracts 22,125 32,353			£	£
·			22 125	20.252
2022 2022	Hire purchase contracts		22,125	32,333
วิทิวั				
£ £			2023 £	2022 £
Current loans and borrowings	Current loans and borrowings			
Bank overdrafts 8,695 9,003	Bank overdrafts		8,695	9,003
Hire purchase contracts14,04227,345	Hire purchase contracts		14,042	27,345
<u>22,737</u> <u>36,348</u>			22,737	36,348

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.