Ales Garages Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 January 2023

Ales Garages Limited

Registered number: 07123020

Balance Sheet

as at 31 January 2023

	Notes		2023		2022
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		75,432		85,566
Current assets					
Debtors	5	27,558		23,554	
Cash at bank and in hand		13,290		31,351	
		40,848		54,905	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	6	(39,517)		(38,009)	
Net current assets			1,331		16,896
Total assets less current liabilities		-	76,763	_	102,462
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one yea	ı r 7		(64,133)		(96,159)
Net assets			12,630	-	6,303
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			12,530		6,203
Shareholders' funds		-	12,630	- -	6,303

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

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A Vochyan

Director

Approved by the board on 25 March 2023

Ales Garages Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 January 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant and machinery over 5 years Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between

the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2	Employees	2023	2022
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	6	4
3	Intangible fixed assets		£
	Goodwill:		
	Cost		
	At 1 February 2022		595
	At 31 January 2023		595
	Amortisation		
	At 1 February 2022		595
	At 31 January 2023	-	595
	Net book value		
	At 31 January 2023	_	-

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

Land and machinery M o buildings etc vehic	
£	££
Cost	
At 1 February 2022 10,000 109,150 25,8	145,020
Additions - 16,709	- 16,709
At 31 January 2023 10,000 125,859 25,8	161,729
Depreciation	
At 1 February 2022 2,000 34,615 22,8	339 59,454
Charge for the year 2,000 21,812 3,0	26,843
At 31 January 2023 4,000 56,427 25,8	86,297
Net book value	
At 31 January 2023 6,000 69,432	- 75,432
At 31 January 2022 8,000 74,535 3,0	85,566
5 Debtors 20)23
3 Deptors 20	£ £
Trade debtors 8,3	324 6,172
Other debtors 19,2	
27,5	
6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 20	2022
	£ £
	6,667
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts 6,2	202 -
Taxation and social security costs 12,2	
Director's account	5 62
Other creditors 14,3	
39,5	38,009
7 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year 20	2022
	£
Bank loans 24,6	30,750
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts 6,2	202 19,369
Boune Back Loan 22,4	192 33,140
Other creditors 10,8	12,900
64,1	96,159

A Vochyan is the majority shareholder.

9 Other information

Ales Garages Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit 2

Broomleigh Business Park

Worsley Bridge Road

London

SE26 5BN

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