Directors' Report and Financial Statements For the year ending 31 December 2011

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Directors Report and Financial Statement For the year ending 31 December 2011

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Directors and other information For the year ending 31 December 2011

Directors Stewart Smith (United Kingdom)

Russell Hubbard (United Kingdom) (appointed 14 November 2011) Peter Watson (United Kingdom)

(resigned 08 April 2011)

Registered office 18 Charles Street

Mayfair London W1J 5DU United Kingdom

Independent auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

One Spencer Dock North Wall Quay

Dublin 1 Ireland

Bankers HSBC UK

8 Canada Square London E14 5HQ United Kingdom

Solicitors Allen and Overy

1 Bishops Square London E1 6AO United Kingdom

Directors' Report

For the year ending 31 December 2011

The Directors present their Report together with the audited Financial Statements for the year ending 31 December 2011

Principal Activity

The principal activity of Hong Kong Aviation Capital (UK) Limited, (the "Company") is to provide advisory services to HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co , Limited whose business is to provide aircraft sale, management and leasing solutions to the aviation industry. The Company was incorporated on 18 December 2009.

Review of Business

During the year ending 31 December 2011, the Company continued to provide advisory service to HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co, Limited around current and existing transactions. In addition, The Company entered into new employment contracts with UK based individuals. These employees commenced providing aviation advisory services to HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co. Limited under the existing service agreement.

Future Development

The Company is expected to continue operating in the current manner for the foreseeable future

Results and dividends

During the year ending 31 December 2011, the Company made a profit after taxation of £ 23,918 (period 18 December 2009 to 31 December 2010 £42,124) during the same year No dividends were declared or paid

Financial Risk Management

Credit risk

The Company operates as a supplier to group companies who in turn act as a supplier to airlines. The airline industry is cyclical, economically sensitive and highly competitive. The Company's ability to succeed is indirectly dependent on the financial strength of its customers and their ability to react to and cope with the volatile competitive environment in which they operate. If its customers experience financial difficulties this may result in defaults or the early termination of leases.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The company is exposed to foreign exchange risk in the normal course of business, principally on expenses incurred in US dollars

Post balance sheet events

No events of note impacting the results shown in the accounts have taken place since the end of the financial period

Directors

The Directors of the Company, who served during the year, are as shown below -

Stewart Smith (appointed 18 December 2009)
Russell Hubbard (United Kingdom) (appointed 14 November 2011)
Peter Watson (resigned 08 April 2011)

None of the Directors had any interests as defined by the Companies Act 2006, in the shares of the Company throughout the year

Directors' Report For the year ending 31 December 2011

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year—Under that law they have elected to prepare the Financial Statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law

Under company law the Directors must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period

in preparing these Financial Statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements, and
- prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

So far the Directors are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Independent Auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers, have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with Section 485 of the Companies Act 2006 and a resolution that they be reappointed will be proposed at the next annual general meeting

Going concern

The Directors are satisfied that the Company can continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The parent of the Company HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co., Limited has the capacity to meet any expenses arising to which Hong Kong Aviation Capital (UK) Limited has insufficient resources to meet. For this reason they adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Financial Statements.

Political donations

The Electoral Act 1997 requires companies to disclose all political donations over £2,000 in aggregate made during the financial year. The Directors, on enquiry have satisfied themselves that no such donations have been made by the Company during the financial year.

Directors' Report For the year ending 31 December 2011

Books of account

The measures taken by the Directors to secure compliance with the Company's obligation to keep proper books of account are the use of appropriate systems and procedures and employment of competent persons

By order of the Board of Directors:

Stewart Smith

Director

Date 17 September 2012

18 Charles Street Mayfair London W1J 5DU United Kingdom



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HONG KONG AVIATION CAPITAL (UK) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Hong Kong Aviation Capital (UK) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the accounting policies and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HONG KONG AVIATION CAPITAL (UK) LIMITED – continued

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Ronan Dovle

Senior Statutory Auditor

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Dublin

17 September 2012

Hong Kong Aviation Capital (UK) Limited Profit and loss account For the year ending 31 December 2011

	Note	Year ending 31 Dec 2011	For the period 18 Dec 2009 to 31 Dec 2010
		£	£
Fee Income	4	634,898	1,240,794
Employee benefits expense	5	(341,896)	(947,063)
Office and administration costs		(175,638)	(44,071)
Travel and entertainment		(44,688)	(132,368)
Office rent		(46 <i>,</i> 807)	(55,870)
Depreciation	7	(1,874)	(1,441)
Other gains/(losses)		3,646	(543)
Profit from ordinary activities before taxation		27,641	59,438
Tax on profit on ordinary activities			
Current tax expense	6	(4,310)	(16,959)
Deferred tax benefit/(expense)	6	587	(355)
Profit after taxation		23,918	42,124

Operating profit is derived from continuing activities

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

There is no difference between the results as reported and the results on an unmodified historical cost basis

The above profit and loss account should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Hong Kong Aviation Capital (UK) Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2011

	Note	31 Dec 2011 £	31 Dec 2010 £
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	7	6,924	12,030
Total non-current assets		6,924	12,030
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalent	8	41,617	1
Deferred tax asset	9	232	-
Other receivables	10	119,377	134,315
Total current assets		161,226	134,316
Total assets		168,150	146,346
Current liabilities			
Other payables	11	100,045	86,907
Current tax fiability	12	2,062	16,959
Deferred tax liability	9		355
Total current liabilities		102,107	104,221
Net current assets		59,119	30,095
Total assets less current liabilities		66,043	42,125
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	13	1	1
Retained earnings	14	66,042	42,124
Shareholders funds		66,043	42,125

The Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 17 September 2012 and were signed on its behalf by

Stewart Smith Director

1 Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom and under the historical cost accounting rules

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Financial Statements

Foreign currency

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Financial Statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency') The functional currency is Pounds Sterling (GBP) The Financial Statements are presented in sterling rates of exchange, which is also the Company's presentation currency

(II) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

Taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, except where the likelihood of a deferred tax liability crystallising in the foreseeable future is remote. Timing differences are temporary differences between profits as computed for tax purposes and profits as stated in the Financial Statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in years different from those in which they are recognised in the Financial Statements. Deferred tax is not provided on permanent differences. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the years in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recoverable.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis

Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The Company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and specific criteria have been met for each of the Company's activities as described below. The company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Revenue is recognised for the major business activity as follows

Fee revenue

Fee revenue is derived from services performed under the service agreement and is recognised on an accruals basis

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Employee benefits expense

Expenses in respect of employee entitlements are recognised in the profit and loss account

Salaries and wages

Salaries and wages are recognised on an accrual basis. Included in these amounts are expenses related to annual leave provisioning

Bonuses

Bonuses are of both a contractual and discretionary nature. They are recognised only when the Company has declared them or is contractually obliged

Termination payments and other

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the normal retirement date or an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Company recognises termination payments when it is demonstrably committed to either terminating the employment of contract or an offer for voluntary redundancy has been accepted by the employee.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost. Items of computer software are depreciated according to their individual asset functions over a period of 4 years, to nil residual value.

Other items of furniture, fittings and equipment are depreciated according to their individual asset functions over periods of between 3 and 4 years, to nil residual value

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and cash at bank

Other receivables

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost

Other payables including taxation

Payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. They include liabilities for annual leave that are expected to be settled within 12 months.

Value Added Tax (VAT)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated VAT, unless the VAT incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of VAT receivable or payable. The net amount of VAT recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity

Cash flow statement

The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co, Limited and is included in the consolidated Financial Statements of HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co, Limited, which are publicly available Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS 1 (revised 1996)

1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Accounting period

Hong Kong Aviation Capital (UK) Limited was incorporated on 18 December 2009. The comparative accounting period runs from 18 December 2009 to 31 December 2010.

2. Directors' emoluments

The Directors did not receive any fees specific in respect of their services as directors of the Company during the year. However in addition to being directors of the Company, certain Directors were also employees during the year, as such their emoluments were as follows.

	Year ending 31 Dec 2011	For the period 18 Dec 2009 to 31 Dec 2010
	£	£
Fees	-	-
Salary	65,636	160,000
Bonus	3,099	189,942
Retirement benefit costs		52,708
	68,735	402,650
3. Auditors remuneration	Year ending 31 Dec 2011	For the period 18 Dec 2009 to 31 Dec 2010
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities is stated after charging		
Auditors remuneration	16,547	10,000
Tax services		
Total auditors remuneration	16,547_	10,000
4. Fee income		
	Year ending 31 Dec 2011	For the period 18 Dec 2009 to 31 Dec 2010
	£	£
Service fee income	634,898	1,240,794
	634,898	1,240,794
5 Employee benefits expense		
	Year ending 31 Dec 2011	For the period 18 Dec 2009 to 31 Dec 2010
	£	£
Salaries and wages	291,850	796,080
Social security costs	50,046	90,728
Termination payments and other		60,255
	341,896	947,063

6. Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
	Year ending 31 Dec 2011	For the period 18 Dec 2009 to 31 Dec 2010
a) Analysis of the charge for the period		
	£	£
The charge for taxation comprises		
UK corporation tax charge at 26 5% (2010 28%)		
Current year	7,803	16,959
Adjustment for current tax of prior periods	(3,493)	
Current tax charge	4,310	16,959
Deferred tax (benefit)/expense	(587)_	355_
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3,723	17,314
b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	27,641	59,438
Current tax at average rate of 26 5% (2010 28%)	7,323	16,643
Expenses not currently deductible for tax purposes	480	316
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(3,493)_	
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4,310	16,959
7 Property, plant and equipment		

/ Property, plant and equipment			
	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Computer software	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 January 2011	12,902	569	13,471
Disposal	(3,226)	(6)	(3,232)
At 31 December 2011	9,676	563	10,239
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 January 2011	1,416	25	1,441
Charge for the period	2,831	142	2,973
Disposal	(1,098)	(1)	(1,099)
At 31 December 2011	3,149	166	3,315
Net book amount			
At 31 December 2011	6,527	397	6,924
At 31 December 2010	11,486	544	12,030

8.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010
		£	£
Cash	on hand	1	1
Cash a	at bank	41,616	
		41,617	
_			
9.	Deferred tax asset and liability	31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010
		£	£
Oneni	ng deferred tax asset/(liability) balance	(355)	_
	ed tax asset/(liability) charged to profit and loss account	(333)	
	g the year	587	(355)
	ng deferred tax asset/(liability)	232	(355)
	•		
	eferred tax asset/(liability) balance is composed of		
Capita	al allowances in excess of depreciation	947	(1,268)
5.6	14		
	ed tax asset/(liability) at average rate of 26 5%	232	(355)
(2010	28%)	232	(333)
10.	Other receivables		
		31 Dec 2011 £	31 Dec 2010 £
Office	space deposits	13,031	2,778
	eceivable	3,873	2,925
	rable from related parties	101,767	128,612
Other	receivables -	706	-
	-	119,377	134,315
11.	Other payables		
11.	outer payables	31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010
		£	£
Accru	ed expenses	72,349	12,875
	es payable	17,498	51,719
	security costs payable	6,058	15,270
Provis	sion for annual leave	4,140	7,043
	-	100,045	86,907
12.	Current tax asset and liability		
		31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010
		£	£
		_	_
Overp	payment of tax	5,741	-
-	nt tax liability	(7,803)	(16,959)
Curre	nt tax liability	(2,062)	(16,959)

13. Share	capital		
		31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010
		£	£
Authorised			
1 ordinary sh	are of £1 each	1	1
Allotted and	fully paid:		
1 ordinary sh	are of £1 each	1	1
14 Reta	ined earnings		
		31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010
		£	£
At the beginn	ing of year/period	42,124	_
Profit for the	financial year/period	23,918_	42,124
Retained prof	fit for the year/period	66,042	42,124
Closing retail	ned earnings	66,042	42,124
15. Numb	er of employees		
		31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010
Number of en	nployees for the year	3	3
Average num	per of people employed		

16 Contingent liabilities

Total average headcount

Sales and commercial

Technical

Risk

The Company has no contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2011

17. Parent undertaking and ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co , Limited, which is the parent company of the largest group that presents group accounts HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co , Limited is incorporated in Hong Kong HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co Limited is the largest company for which consolidated Financial Statements are prepared. The Financial Statements can be obtained at Suite 6511-13,65/F, The Centre, 99 Queens Road Central, Central, Hong Kong

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18 Related Parties

The Hong Kong Aviation Capital ("HKAC") group consists of companies that are headed by HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co , Limited The Company provides advisory services to HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co , Limited for a fee under a services agreement

Stewart Smith and Russell Hubbard are also directors of other companies within the HKAC group

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co , Limited and is included in the consolidated Financial Statements of HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co , Limited, which are publicly available Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from disclosing related-party transactions with entities that are part of HNA Group (Hong Kong) Co , Limited under the terms of FRS 8

19. Capital and other commitments

The Company has no capital or other commitments as at 31 December 2011