

GuyKat Solutions Ltd**Registered number:** 07100069**Balance Sheet****as at 31 December 2016**

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	10,078	5,560
Investments	3	15,199	-
		<u>25,277</u>	<u>5,560</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	4	168,381	162,314
Cash at bank and in hand		319,316	109,479
		<u>487,697</u>	<u>271,793</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(288,882)	(172,127)
Net current assets		<u>198,815</u>	<u>99,666</u>
Net assets		<u>224,092</u>	<u>105,226</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		223,092	104,226
Shareholders' funds		<u>224,092</u>	<u>105,226</u>

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr G McEvoy

Director

Approved by the board on 10 March 2017

GuyKat Solutions Ltd
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 December 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Plant and machinery	between 2 to 5 years straight line
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 5 years

Investments

Investments in unquoted equity instruments are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. Fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing

differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 1 January 2016	26,047
Additions	12,107
At 31 December 2016	<u>38,154</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2016	20,487
Charge for the year	7,589
At 31 December 2016	<u>28,076</u>
Net book value	
At 31 December 2016	<u>10,078</u>
At 31 December 2015	<u>5,560</u>

3 Investments

	Other investments £
Cost	
Additions	15,199
At 31 December 2016	<u>15,199</u>

4 Debtors

	2016 £	2015 £
Trade debtors	158,923	150,192

Other debtors	9,458	12,122
	<u>168,381</u>	<u>162,314</u>

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2016	2015
	£	£
Trade creditors	13,070	7,432
Corporation tax	38,900	15,561
Other taxes and social security costs	26,198	23,575
Other creditors	210,714	125,559
	<u>288,882</u>	<u>172,127</u>

6 Controlling party

Mr G McEvoy is the controlling party by virtue of his shareholding in the company.

7 Other information

GuyKat Solutions Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Faraday Wharf
Holt Street
Birmingham
B7 4BB

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.