Abbreviated accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2014

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23/12/2014

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COMPANIES HOUSE

Abbreviated balance sheet as at 31 March 2014

	2014		2013		
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		2,920		3,893
Current assets					
Stocks		250		500	
Debtors	•	919		7,531	
Cash at bank and in hand		8,662		4,635	
		9,831		12,666	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year		(11,407)		(6,928)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(1,576)		5,738
Total assets less current					
liabilities			1,344		9,631
Provisions for liabilities			(585)		(800)
Net assets			759		8,831
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	3		2		2
Profit and loss account			757		8,829
Shareholders' funds			759		8,831

The directors' statements required by Sections 475(2) and (3) are shown on the following page which forms part of this Balance Sheet.

Abbreviated balance sheet (continued)

Directors' statements required by Sections 475(2) and (3) for the year ended 31 March 2014

For the year ended 31 March 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

These accounts were approved by the directors on 18 December 2014, and are signed on their behalf by:

Matthew Brown

Director

Registration number 07021073

Joanne Brown Director

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value of sales made during the year and derives from the provision of goods falling within the company's ordinary activities.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance

1.4. Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

..... continued

1.5. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

		Tangible
2.	Fixed assets	fixed
		assets
		£
	Cost	
	At 1 April 2013	11,085
	At 31 March 2014	11,085
	Depreciation	
	At 1 April 2013	7,192
	Charge for year	973
	At 31 March 2014	8,165
	Net book values	
	At 31 March 2014	
	At 31 March 2013	3,893

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

continued	

3.	Share capital	2014 £	2013 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
	Equity Shares 2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2