

Sable Cottage Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Bissell & Brown Midlands Ltd
Chartered Certified Accountants
Charter House, 56 High Street
Sutton Coldfield
West Midlands
B72 1UJ

Sable Cottage Limited

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Accountants' Report	<u>2</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>3</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>4 to 11</u>

Sable Cottage Limited

Company Information

Directors	Mr S A Patel Mr A K Patel
Registered office	1 Glanville Drive Four Oaks Sutton Coldfield West Midlands B75 5HW
Accountants	Bissell & Brown Midlands Ltd Chartered Certified Accountants Charter House, 56 High Street Sutton Coldfield West Midlands B72 1UJ

**Chartered Certified Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the
Unaudited Statutory Accounts of
Sable Cottage Limited
for the Year Ended 31 December 2020**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Sable Cottage Limited for the year ended 31 December 2020 as set out on pages 3 to 11 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.accaglobal.com/gb/en/discover/public-value/rulebook.html>.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Sable Cottage Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 20 April 2017. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Sable Cottage Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Sable Cottage Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at <http://www.accaglobal.com/gb/en/technicalactivities/technical-resources-search/2009/october/factsheet-163-audit-exempt-companies.html>.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Sable Cottage Limited and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Sable Cottage Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Sable Cottage Limited. You consider that Sable Cottage Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Sable Cottage Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

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Bissell & Brown Midlands Ltd
Chartered Certified Accountants
Charter House, 56 High Street
Sutton Coldfield
West Midlands
B72 1UJ

9 September 2021

Sable Cottage Limited
(Registration number: 07014039)
Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020

	Note	31 December 2020 £	31 December 2019 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	-	6,719
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	1,848,593	1,863,795
		<u>1,848,593</u>	<u>1,870,514</u>
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	2,750	2,750
Debtors	<u>7</u>	94,633	116,798
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>27,225</u>	<u>119,425</u>
		124,608	238,973
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	<u>(434,615)</u>	<u>(399,132)</u>
Net current liabilities		<u>(310,007)</u>	<u>(160,159)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		1,538,586	1,710,355
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>8</u>	<u>(955,206)</u>	<u>(987,494)</u>
Provisions for liabilities		<u>(101,779)</u>	<u>(121,417)</u>
Net assets		<u>481,601</u>	<u>601,444</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>9</u>	100	100
Revaluation reserve		601,324	601,324
Profit and loss account		<u>(119,823)</u>	<u>20</u>
Total equity		<u>481,601</u>	<u>601,444</u>

For the financial year ending 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Directors' Report or the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 23 August 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

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Mr S A Patel
Director

The notes on pages 4 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Page 3

Sable Cottage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales. The company's registration number is 07014039.

The address of its registered office is:

1 Glanville Drive
Four Oaks
Sutton Coldfield
West Midlands
B75 5HW
United Kingdom

The principal place of business is:

1 Glanville Drive
Four Oaks
Sutton Coldfield
West Midlands
B75 5HW
United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 23 August 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest £.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of care services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Sable Cottage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and development property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	20% straight line
Land and buildings	2% straight line

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class	Amortisation method and rate
Goodwill	10% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from clients for care services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Sable Cottage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks

Stock is food and cleaning products and is stated at cost.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Trade debtors

Trade debtors which are receivable within one year and which do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade debtors are subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled and any impairment losses.

Where the arrangement with a trade debtor constitutes a financing transaction, the debtor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Sable Cottage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the amounts due will not be collected according to the original terms of the contract. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss for the excess of the carrying value of the trade debtor over the present value of the future cash flows discounted using the original effective interest rate. Subsequent reversals of an impairment loss that objectively relate to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial instruments are classified as liabilities and equity instruments according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Where the arrangement with a trade creditor constitutes a financing transaction, the creditor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar instrument.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and other similar charges.

Commitments to receive a loan are measured at cost less impairment.

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flows expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party. A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed (including directors) during the year was 33 (2019 - 35).

Sable Cottage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2020	268,750	268,750
At 31 December 2020	268,750	268,750
Amortisation		
At 1 January 2020	262,031	262,031
Amortisation charge	6,719	6,719
At 31 December 2020	268,750	268,750
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2020	-	-
At 31 December 2019	6,719	6,719

5 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2020	1,736,609	657,402	2,394,011
Additions	-	5,066	5,066
At 31 December 2020	1,736,609	662,468	2,399,077
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2020	41,244	488,972	530,216
Charge for the year	8,684	11,584	20,268
At 31 December 2020	49,928	500,556	550,484
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2020	1,686,681	161,912	1,848,593
At 31 December 2019	1,695,365	168,430	1,863,795

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £1,686,681 (2019 - £1,695,365) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

Sable Cottage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

5 Tangible assets (continued)

Revaluation

The fair value of the company's land and buildings was revalued on 31 March 2015. An independent valuer was not involved. The property was valued by the directors at the accounting period end based on similar properties in the area. Had this class of asset been measured on a historical cost basis, the carrying amount would have been £947,994 (2019 - £961,436).

6 Stocks

	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
	£	£
Food and cleaning products	2,750	2,750

7 Debtors

	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	71,761	97,075
Other debtors	6,688	2,000
Prepayments	16,184	17,723
Total current trade and other debtors	94,633	116,798

8 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

		31 December 2020	31 December 2019
	Note	£	£
Loans and borrowings	8.1	365,857	322,099
Trade creditors		35,942	48,753
Taxation and social security		14,471	6,182
Other creditors		2,640	2,180
Accrued expenses		15,705	15,786
Corporation tax liability		-	4,132
		434,615	399,132

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		31 December 2020	31 December 2019
	Note	£	£
Loans and borrowings	8.1	955,206	987,494

Sable Cottage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

8 Creditors (continued)

8.1 Loans and borrowings

	31 December 2020 £	31 December 2019 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	62,000	68,000
Loans from directors	111,137	111,379
Other loans - under one year	192,720	142,720
	<u>365,857</u>	<u>322,099</u>

	31 December 2020 £	31 December 2019 £
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	<u>955,206</u>	<u>987,494</u>

Bank borrowings

The carrying amount of Bank borrowings at the year end is £1,020,443 (2019 - £1,055,494).

There is a fixed charge over the assets of the company in favour of Royal Bank of Scotland.

9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary share of £1 each	100	100	100	100

Rights, preferences and restrictions

Ordinary shares have the following rights, preferences and restrictions:

Holders of the ordinary share capital have a right to vote and receive dividends.

Sable Cottage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020 (continued)

10 Dividends

Final dividends paid

	31 December 2020	31 December 2019
	£	£
Final dividend of £Nil (March 2019 - £100.00) per each Ordinary share	-	10,000

11 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of contingencies not included in the balance sheet at 31 December 2019 is £343,180 (2019 - £381,173).

12 Related party transactions

Summary of transactions with all associates

During the year The Seymour Home Limited loaned £50,000 to Sable Cottage Limited.

The balance due from Sable Cottage Limited to The Seymour Home Limited at 31 December 2020 was £192,720 (2019 £142,720).

Loans from related parties

	Associates £
31st December 2020	
At start of period	142,720
Advanced	50,000
At end of period	192,720
31st March 2019	
At start of period	242,912
Repaid	(100,192)
At end of period	142,720

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.