GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT,
REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022
FOR

S AND M TYRES HOLDINGS LIMITED

GBJ LLP
Statutory Auditor
Sterling House
27 Hatchlands Road
Redhill
Surrey
RH1 6RW

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COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

DIRECTORS: Mrs S D Whittemore R J Whittemore R J Whittemore **SECRETARY: REGISTERED OFFICE:** EG Wholesale Elite House Star Road, Partridge Green Horsham West Sussex **RH13 8RA REGISTERED NUMBER:** 06978507 (England and Wales) **AUDITORS: GBJ LLP** Statutory Auditor Sterling House 27 Hatchlands Road Redhill Surrey

RH1 6RW

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

The directors present their strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 31 January 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company's principle activity is selling tyres; we sell to the public and local businesses through sixteen fast-fit centres that trade as Elite Garages. We wholesale tyres to the motor trade across southern England as EG Wholesale.

In addition we operate nine petrol stations in West Sussex, Surrey, Hampshire and Cornwall and a supermarket which trades as Morrisons Local in Shaftesbury.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

We consider the key financial performance indicators are those that communicate the financial performance and strength of the company as a whole being turnover and gross margin.

The products that we deal in are closely related to the price of oil and the exchange rate of the dollar, these factors along with interest rates and the effect of our competitors are the major risks and uncertainties we face.

The last twelve months have seen the second year in which the pandemic has made a significant impact on our business, the gradual easing of lockdowns saw our petrol stations showing a fuel volume increase of 20% but in reality this was moving back to nearer ,but still slightly below, the volumes of two years ago .The year also saw panic buying of fuel and significant disruption at our sites due to the lack of tanker drivers following brexit. The step up in shop sales we achieved during the first year of the pandemic were maintained into this year, Overall shop turnover increased by a third. The gross margin from our forecourt operation increased by 12% on the previous year. In January we opened our first supermarket which trades as Morrisons local in Shaftesbury.

The tyre side of our business saw turnover increase by 20% on the previous year to slightly above where we were two years ago . The gross profit for the year increased by 11.9%. During the year we acquired the site in Shaftesbury which opened as a fastfit centre in February 2022, in December 21 we added another site in Newport Isle of Wight which started wholesale operations in April 2022 and retail shortly thereafter.

Our total turnover for the year increased to £57.2m (2021 - £44.9m) an increase of 27.3% and our gross profit increased to £6.6m (2021 - £5.4m) a rise of 21.7%.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The risks and uncertainties in our business are affected by international exchange rates, commodity prices, pandemics and general business confidence. Changes in the level of competition from other tyre sellers and petrol retailers will also have a bearing. The war in Ukraine has had seen dramatic increases in the price of energy products which seems set to continue for some time.

OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The company does not actively use financial instruments as part of its financial risk management. The company's policy is to finance working capital through the use of loan advances. The company is exposed to the usual credit and cash flow risk associated with selling on credit. The Directors do not consider any other risks attaching to the use of financial instruments to be material to an assessment of the company's financial position or results for the year.

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

PRICE RISK, CREDIT RISK, LIQUIDITY RISK AND CASH FLOW RISK

The business' principal financial instruments comprise bank balances, trade debtors, trade creditors and loans to the business. The main purpose of the instruments is to finance the business' operations.

In respect of bank balances, the liquidity risk is managed by maintaining a balance between the continuity of funding and flexibility by management of credit facilities.

Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by the regular monitoring of amounts outstanding for both time and credit limits. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful debtors.

It is the company's policy to ensure settlement of supplier invoices in accordance with the stated terms. The business manages the liquidity risk by ensuring that there are sufficient funds available for operations.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

R J Whittemore - Director

11 October 2022

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31 January 2022.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 January 2022.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 February 2021 to the date of this report.

Mrs S D Whittemore R J Whittemore

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, GBJ LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

R J Whittemore - Director

11 October 2022

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of S And M Tyres Holdings Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 January 2022 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 31 January 2022 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that material misstatements in the financial statements may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the ISAs (UK).

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We enquired of management concerning the Company's policies and procedures relating to:

- the identification, evaluation and compliance with laws and regulations;
- the detection and response to the risks of fraud; and
- the establishment of internal controls to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.

The Company is subject to many laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements. We identified the following laws and regulations as the most likely to have a material effect if non-compliance were to occur; United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, the Companies Act 2006, tax legislation, anti-bribery legislation, GDPR and employment law.

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by evaluating management's incentives and opportunities for manipulation of the financial statements. This included the evaluation of the risk of management override of controls. We determined that the principal risks were in relation to:

- journal entries that increased revenues or that reclassified costs from the income statement to the balance sheet
- stock existence, completeness and valuation
- potential management bias in determining accounting estimates
- transactions with related parties.

It is the audit partner's assessment that the audit team collectively had the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations.

We obtained an understanding of the Company's operations, including the nature of its revenue sources, products and services and of its objectives and strategies to understand the classes of transactions, account balances, expected financial statement disclosures and business risks that may result in risks of material misstatement. We also considered the effectiveness of the Company's control environment to identify and prevent any irregularities and fraud.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Nigel Green (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of GBJ LLP Statutory Auditor Sterling House 27 Hatchlands Road Redhill Surrey RH1 6RW

11 October 2022

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

	Notes	£	2022 £	£	2021 £
	Notes	L	L	T.	T.
TURNOVER			57,277,801		44,969,515
Cost of sales			50,591,104		39,480,580
GROSS PROFIT			6,686,697		5,488,935
Administrative expenses			5,251,507		4,445,774
			1,435,190		1,043,161
Other operating income			563,026		832,465
OPERATING PROFIT	4		1,998,216		1,875,626
Income from shares in group		400.000			
undertakings Income from other participating interests		120,000 209,366		202,253	
Interest receivable and similar income		1,388	_	2,654	
			330,754		204,907
			2,328,970		2,080,533
Interest payable and similar expenses	5		54,748		52,414
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION			2,274,222		2,028,119
Tax on profit	6		378,631		381,938
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR Profit attributable to:			1,895,591		1,646,181
Owners of the parent			<u>1,895,591</u>		1,646,181

CONSOLIDATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

Note	2022 s £	2021 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	1,895,591	1,646,181
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the parent	1,895,591	1,646,181

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 JANUARY 2022

			2022		2021
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	9		-		-
Tangible assets	10		15,369,871		13,274,356
Investments	11				
Interest in joint venture					
Share of gross assets			7,475,457		6,880,994
Share of gross liabilities			(5,944,831)		(5,559,734)
			1,530,626		1,321,260
Other investments			8,239		95,308
			16,908,736		14,690,924
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	12	4,045,065		3,135,241	
Debtors	13	3,806,424		2,845,616	
Cash in hand		5,850		4,150	
		7,857,339	•	5,985,007	
CREDITORS		, , , , , , , , , , , ,		-,,	
Amounts falling due within one year	14	11,054,784		9,366,335	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(3,197,445)	· · ·	(3,381,328)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			13,711,291		11,309,596
			, ,		, ,
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	15		(2,308,479)		(1,841,644)
•			, , , ,		,
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	17		(253,945)		(214,676)
NET ASSETS			11,148,867		9,253,276
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	18		100		100
Retained earnings	19		11,148,767		9,253,176
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			11,148,867		9,253,276

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 11 October 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

R J Whittemore - Director

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 JANUARY 2022

			2022		2021
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	9		-		_
Tangible assets	10		12,502,192		11,057,178
Investments	11		986,769		986,769
			13,488,961		12,043,947
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	14	4,659,007		4,897,830	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(4,659,007)		(4,897,830)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			8,829,954		7,146,117
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	18		100		100
Retained earnings	19		8,829,854		7,146,017
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			8,829,954		7,146,117
Company's profit for the financial year			1,683,837		1,415,203

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 11 October 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

R J Whittemore - Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 February 2020	100	7,631,113	7,631,213
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	(24,118) 1,646,181	(24,118) 1,646,181
Balance at 31 January 2021	100	9,253,176	9,253,276
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 January 2022	100	1,895,591 11,148,767	1,895,591 11,148,867

The notes form part of these financial statements

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 February 2020	100	5,754,932	5,755,032
Changes in equity Dividends	-	(24,118)	(24,118)
Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 January 2021	100	1,415,203 7,146,017	1,415,203 7,146,117
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 January 2022		1,683,837 8,829,854	1,683,837 8,829,954

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	2,819,021	2,731,868
Interest paid		(54,748)	(52,414)
Tax paid		(346,329)	(209,999)
Net cash from operating activities		2,417,944	2,469,455
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(2,754,780)	(1,788,002)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		101,743	129,139
Interest received		1,388	2,654
Dividends received		120,000	_
Net cash from investing activities		(2,531,649)	(1,656,209)
Cash flows from financing activities			
New loans in year		660,920	502,500
Loan repayments in year		(218,503)	(1,508,324)
Loan to joint venture		87,069	22,713
Amount withdrawn by directors		(532,934)	187,791
Equity dividends paid		<u>-</u>	(24,118)
Net cash from financing activities		(3,448)	(819,438)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(117,153)	(6,192)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2	(835,850)	(829,658)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of			
year	2	<u>(953,003</u>)	(835,850)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2022	2021
	£	£
Profit before taxation	2,274,222	2,028,119
Depreciation charges	570,268	463,448
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(12,745)	(2,265)
Finance costs	54,748	52,414
Finance income	(330,754)	(204,907)
	2,555,739	2,336,809
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(909,824)	165,692
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(834,040)	366,802
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	2,007,146	(137,435)
Cash generated from operations	2,819,021	2,731,868

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 31 January 2022

Tour strada or buildary 2022	31.1.22 £	1.2.21 £
Cash and cash equivalents	5,850	4,150
Bank overdrafts	(958,853)	(840,000)
	(953,003)	(835,850)
Year ended 31 January 2021		·
	31.1.21	1.2.20
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	4,150	4,500
Bank overdrafts	<u>(840,000</u>)	<u>(834,158</u>)
	(835,850)	(829,658)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	At 1.2.21 £	Cash flow £	At 31.1.22 £
Net cash	_		
Cash at bank and in hand	4,150	1,700	5,850
Bank overdrafts	(840,000)	(118,853)	(958,853)
	(835,850)	(117,153)	(953,003)
Debt			<u> </u>
Debts falling due within 1 year	(261,811)	(4,641)	(266,452)
Debts falling due after 1 year	(1,841,644)	(466,835)	(2,308,479)
· ·	(2,103,455)	(471,476)	(2,574,931)
Total	(2,939,305)	(588,629)	$(\overline{3,527,934})$

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

S And M Tyres Holdings Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 31 January 2021.

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements. The parent company's profit for the financial year was £1,415,203 (2020 - £1,583,634).

Turnover and revenue recognition

Turnover represents amounts receivable for the sale of motor vehicle parts, accessories, forecourt goods and the repair of motor vehicles, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Revenue is recognised by the group as and when the entity satisfies a performance obligation and the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Amortisation method and rate - 100% in year of acquisition

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Short leasehold - in accordance with the property
Plant and machinery - 25% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method for fuel stock. Tyre stock is valued using the average cost method.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount being the higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the group's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

EIIII EOTEEO AND DINEOTONO		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Wages and salaries	6,652,026	5,868,308
Social security costs	617,572	518,076
Other pension costs	98,824	182,955
·	7,368,422	6,569,339
The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
g	2022	2021
Retail and workshops	234	238
Administration and support	10	11
Other departments	2	2
·	246	251

The average number of employees by undertakings that were proportionately consolidated during the year was 246 (2021 - 251).

	2022	2021
	£	£
Directors' remuneration	<u> 562,560</u>	<u>454,940</u>
Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Emoluments etc	<u>291,200</u>	287,200

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

4.	OP	ER4	TING	PROFIT
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The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2022 £	2021 £
Other operating leases	112,792	112,195
Depreciation - owned assets	570,267	463,448
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(12,745)	(2,265)
Auditors' remuneration	10,095	<u>19,745</u>
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2022	2021

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank interest	337	1,164
Bank loan interest	54,331	51,250
Other interest payable	80	
	54,748	52,414

6. **TAXATION**

5.

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
Current tax: UK corporation tax	339,362	301,214
Deferred tax Tax on profit	39,269 378,631	80,724 381,938

7. INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

DIVIDENDS 8.

	2022 £	2021 £
Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each Interim Ordinary 'C' shares of £1 each	-	20,000
Interim	<u></u>	<u>4,118</u> <u>24,118</u>

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

9. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

	Goodwill £
COST	
At 1 February 2021	
and 31 January 2022	117,500
AMORTISATION	
At 1 February 2021	
and 31 January 2022	117,500
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 January 2022	<u>-</u>
At 31 January 2021	

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

Group					
	Freehold	Short	Plant and	Motor	
	property	leasehold	machinery	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£	£	£
COST					
At 1 February 2021	12,348,448	1,170,259	2,285,408	1,183,553	16,987,668
Additions	1,539,019	615,498	346,094	254,169	2,754,780
Disposals	-	(54,368)	(145,599)	(220,750)	(420,717)
At 31 January 2022	13,887,467	1,731,389	2,485,903	1,216,972	19,321,731
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 February 2021	1,433,687	452,211	1,332,159	495,255	3,713,312
Charge for year	94,005	63,772	220,216	192,274	570,267
Eliminated on disposal	-	(48,040)	(137,132)	(146,547)	(331,719)
At 31 January 2022	1,527,692	467,943	1,415,243	540,982	3,951,860
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31 January 2022	12,359,775	1,263,446	1,070,660	675,990	15,369,871
At 31 January 2021	10,914,761	718,048	953,249	688,298	13,274,356

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Company

	Freehold
	property
	£
COST	
At 1 February 2021	12,107,628
Additions	1,539,019
At 31 January 2022	13,646,647
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 February 2021	1,050,450
Charge for year	94,005
At 31 January 2022	1,144,455
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 January 2022	12,502,192
At 31 January 2021	11,057,178

11. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£	£	£	£
Shares in group undertakings	-	-	100	100
Participating interests	1,530,626	1,321,260	986,669	986,669
Loans to undertakings in which the				
company has a participating interest	-	87,069	-	-
Other investments not loans	8,239	8,239	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
	1,538,865	1,416,568	986,769	986,769

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

11. **FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued**

Additional information is as follows:

Group

Group			Interest in joint venture £
COST At 1 February 2021 Share of profit/(loss) At 31 January 2022 NET BOOK VALUE			1,321,260 209,366 1,530,626
At 31 January 2022 At 31 January 2021			1,530,626 1,321,260
Investments (neither listed nor unlisted) were as follows:		2022 £	2021 £
Group Tyre (UK) Limited Company	.	8,239	<u>8,239</u>
	Shares in group undertakings £	Interest in joint venture £	Totals £
COST At 1 February 2021 and 31 January 2022	100	986,669	986,769
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 January 2022 At 31 January 2021	100 100	986,669	986,769 986,769
Group			Loans to
			joint ventures
At 1 February 2021 Other movement At 31 January 2022			£ 87,069 (87,069)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

12. STOCKS

	Group	
	2022	2021
	£	£
Stocks	4,045,065	3,135,241

13. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group	
	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade debtors	3,178,021	2,447,668
Other debtors	28,277	44,878
Directors' loan accounts	126,768	
Prepayments	473,358	353,070
	3,806,424	2,845,616

14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 16)	1,225,305	1,101,811	-	-
Trade creditors	7,194,284	4,690,430	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	_	4,656,907	4,891,842
Tax	175,499	182,466	-	-
Social security and other taxes	279,574	281,654	-	-
VAT	395,391	620,376	-	-
Other creditors	378,161	687,400	-	_
Defined contributions pension	40,000	63,741	-	-
Directors' loan accounts	27,428	433,594	-	-
Accrued expenses	1,339,142	1,304,863	2,100	5,988
	11,054,784	9,366,335	4,659,007	4,897,830

15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	G	Group	
	2022	2021	
	£	£	
Bank loans (see note 16)	<u>2,308,479</u>	1,841,644	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

16. **LOANS**

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

		Group	
		2022	2021
		£	£
Amounts falling due within one year	or on demand:		
Bank overdrafts		958,853	840,000
Bank loans		266,452	261,811
		1,225,305	1,101,811
Amounts falling due between one and	two years:		
Bank loans - 1-2 years		_266,452	<u> 261,811</u>
Amounts falling due between two and	five years:		
Bank loans - 2-5 years	-	799,355	785,433
Amounts falling due in more than five	years:		
Repayable by instalments	-		
Bank loans more 5 yr by instal		1,242,672	794,400

Group

Bank borrowings

Barclays loan is denominated in sterling with a nominal interest rate of 1.75%, and the final instalment is due to be paid on 1 December 2026. The carrying amount at year end is £627,230 (2021: £687,740).

Barclays loan is denominated in sterling with a nominal interest rate of 1.75%, and the final instalment is due to be paid on 11 April 2023. The carrying amount at year end is £858,940 (2021: £928,023).

Barclays loan is denominated in sterling with a nominal interest rate of 1.75%. £502,500 was advanced in July 2020 and the final instalment is due to be paid on 23 July 2025. The carrying amount at year end is £457,996 (2021: £487,692).

Barclays loan is denominated in sterling with a nominal interest rate of 2.55%, and the final instalment is due to be paid in March 2026. The carrying amount at year end is £630,765.

Bank loans are secured by fixed and floating charges via inter-company cross guarantees.

17. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	G	Group	
	2022	2021	
	£	£	
Deferred tax	<u>253,945</u>	<u>214,676</u>	

-26- continued...

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

17. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

Group

	Deferred tax
	£
Balance at 1 February 2021	214,676
Provided during year	39,269
Balance at 31 January 2022	253,945

18. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

No. Class:	Nominal	2022	2021
	value:	£	£
78 Ordinary 'A'	£1	82	78
1 Ordinary 'B'	£1	1	1
17 Ordinary 'C'	£1	17	17
		100	96

Rights, preferences and restrictions

Ordinary A shares have the following rights, preferences and restrictions:

Ordinary A shares have full rights to voting and are entitled to a dividend if declared on this class of share.

Ordinary B shares have the following rights, preferences and restrictions:

Ordinary B shares have full rights to voting and are entitled to a dividend if declared on this class of share.

Ordinary C shares have the following rights, preferences and restrictions:

Ordinary C shares have full rights to voting and are entitled to a dividend if declared on this class of share.

19. RESERVES

Group

	Retained earnings £
At 1 February 2021	9,253,176
Profit for the year	1,895,591
At 31 January 2022	11,148,767

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

19. RESERVES - continued

Company

Retained earnings

At 1 February 2021 Profit for the year At 31 January 2022 7,146,017 1,683,837 8,829,854

20. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £121,552 (2021 - £182,995).

Contributions totalling £40,000 (2021 - £63,741) were payable to the scheme at the end of the year and are included in creditors.

21. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

R J Whittemore

During the year the company incurred rents payable to R J Whittemore of £nil (2021: £nil). At the balance sheet date the amount due to R J Whittemore was £27,408 (2021: £230,208).

S D Whittemore

During the year the company made payments totalling £12,497 (2021: £12,497) to M Whittemore Family Settlement Trust, of which S D Whittemore is a trustee. The payments were made on a commercial arms length basis.

At the balance sheet date the amount due to S & M Tyres Limited from S D Whittemore was £126,768.

22. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the entity

Group Tyre (UK) Limited (Associate)

S and M Tyres Limited has a 10% interest in Group Tyre (UK) Limited. During the year purchases of £123,662 (2021: £124,473) were made from Group Tyre (UK) Limited. At the balance sheet date the amount due to Group Tyre (UK) Limited was £2,378 (2021: £2,734). At the balance sheet date, the amount due from Group Tyre (UK) Limited was £2,159 (2021: £1,804).

Group Tyre Wholesale Limited (Joint venture)

S and M Tyres Holdings Limited has a 50% interest in Group Tyre Wholesale Limited. During the year sales totalling £205,797 (2021: £330,762) and purchases totalling £682,557 (2021: £711,744) were made between the two companies. At the balance sheet date the amount due from Group Tyre Wholesale Limited was £69,963 (2021: £117,618). At the balance sheet date the amount due to Group Tyre Wholesale Limited was £457,514 (2021: £137,310).

23. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is R J Whittemore.

These financial statements are available upon request from EG Wholesale, Elite House Star Road, Partridge Green, Horsham, West Sussex RH13 8RA.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.