THE COMPANIES A	CT	2006
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COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

WRITTEN RESOLUTION

- of -

THE GLOBAL WARMING POLICY FOUNDATION

("the Charity")

Circulated on the 14hday of December 2014

("the Circulation Date")

Passed on the Ahday of January 2015

The members of the Chanty pass the following resolution as a written resolution to have effect as if passed by the Charity in General Meeting pursuant to Article 5 of the Charity's Articles of Association and section 288 of the Companies Act 2006

Special Resolution

THAT Article 6 6 of the Charity's Articles of Association is deleted and replaced with the following

"Any retiring Trustee who remains qualified may be re-appointed, provided that no person may be re-appointed under this Article as a Trustee for more than two consecutive terms of office (a consecutive term being one that begins less than a year after the previous term finished) without the prior written consent of the Chairman."

Lord Nigel Lawson

Lord Bernard Patrick Donoughue

Lord Robert Fellowes

Statement

7.1.2015 2/1/15

Date

-1.2015

Date





RM

14/01/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE

#179

Set out above is a written resolution which it is proposed should be passed by the members of the Charity in accordance with Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006. The resolution is proposed to be passed as a special resolution.

If you wish to signify your agreement to the resolution you must do so by sending to the Charity a document which identifies the resolution to which it relates and indicates your agreement to that resolution. The easiest way to do this is to sign, date and return this document. Your agreement, once signified, may not be revoked.

In order for the resolution to be passed, eligible members holding the required majority must have indicated their agreement to the resolution on or before the date occurring after a period of 28 days beginning with the Circulation Date

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 1989 AND 200

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

MEMORANDUM

and

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

THE GLOBAL WARMING POLICY FOUNDATION

Incorporated on 15 July 2009

As amended by Special Resolution dated 7 January 2015

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 1989 AND 2006 COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

of

THE GLOBAL WARMING POLICY FOUNDATION

1. NAME

The name of the Company is The Global Warming Policy Foundation ("the Charity")

2. REGISTERED OFFICE

The registered office of the Charity is to be in England and Wales

3. OBJECT

The object of the Charity is to advance the public understanding of global warming and of its possible consequences, and also of the measures taken or proposed to be taken in response to it, including by means of the dissemination of the results of the study of, and research into

- (a) the sciences relevant to global warming,
- (b) its impact upon the environment, economies and society,
- (c) and the above-mentioned measures

and also by the promotion of study and research in those subjects ("the Object")

4. POWERS

The Charity has the following powers, which may be exercised only in promoting the Object

- 4 1 to promote or carry out research,
- 4 2 to provide advice,

- 4 3 to organise (or to make grants or loans towards the costs of others organising) meetings, lectures, conferences broadcasts or courses of instruction,
- 4 4 to publish or distribute information,
- 4 5 to co-operate with other bodies,
- to enter into any funding or other arrangement with any government or any other authority (supreme, municipal, local or otherwise) and to obtain from such government or authority any rights, concessions, privileges, licences and permits,
- 4 7 to support, administer or set up other charities and undertake and execute charitable trusts,
- 4 8 to raise funds (but not by means of taxable trading),
- 49 to take and accept any gift of money, property or other assets whether subject to any special trusts or not,
- 4 10 to borrow money and give security for loans (but only in accordance with the restrictions imposed by the Charities Acts),
- 4 11 to acquire or hire property rights or privileges of any kind and to construct, restore, improve, maintain and alter such property,
- 4 12 to let or dispose of or turn to account property of any kind (but only in accordance with the restrictions imposed by the Charities Acts),
- 4 13 to make planning applications, applications for consent under bye-laws or building regulations or other similar applications,
- 4 14 to pay any rent and other outgoings and expenses and execute and do all such other instruments, acts and things as may be requisite in connection with the use, maintenance, upkeep, expansion, alteration or improvement of such property,
- 4 15 to purchase lease or hire and operate and maintain any equipment necessary or convenient for the administration of the Charity,
- 4 16 to make grants or loans of money and to give guarantees,
- 4 17 to set aside funds for special purposes or as reserves against future expenditure,
- 4 18 to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue promissory notes, bills, cheques and other instruments and to operate bank accounts,
- 4 19 to deposit or invest funds in any manner (but to invest only after obtaining advice from a financial expert, unless the Trustees reasonably conclude that in all the circumstances it is unnecessary or inappropriate to do so, and having regard to the suitability of investments and the need for diversification),
- 4 20 to delegate the management of investments to a financial expert, but only on terms that

- 4 20 1 require the financial expert to comply with any investment policy (and any revision of that policy) set down in writing for the financial expert by the Trustees,
- 4 20 2 require the financial expert to report every transaction to the Trustees,
- 4 20 3 require the financial expert to review the performance of the investments with the Trustees regularly,
- 4 20 4 entitle the Trustees to cancel the delegation arrangement at any time,
- 4 20 5 require the investment policy and the delegation arrangement to be reviewed with the Trustees at least once a year,
- 4 20 6 require all payments to the financial expert to be on a scale or at a level which is agreed in advance and to be notified promptly to the Trustees on receipt,
- 4 20 7 prohibit the financial expert from doing anything outside the powers of the Trustees,
- 4 21 to arrange for investments or other property of the Charity to be held in the name of a nominee (being a corporate body controlled by the Trustees or by a financial expert acting under the instructions of the Trustees) and to pay any reasonable fee required,
- 4 22 to insure the property of the Charity against any foreseeable risk and take out other insurance policies to protect the Charity when required,
- 4 23 to insure the Trustees against the costs of a successful defence to a criminal prosecution brought against them as charity trustees or against personal liability incurred in respect of any act or omission which is or is alleged to be a breach of trust or breach of duty, unless the Trustee concerned knew that, or was reckless whether, the act or omission was a breach of trust or breach of duty,
- 4 24 subject to Clause 5, to employ paid or unpaid agents, staff or advisers,
- 4 25 to provide and contribute to superannuation or pension funds for the officers, employees and workers of the Charity or any of them or otherwise to make provision for such officers employees and workers, their widows and children,
- 4 26 to enter into contracts to provide services to or on behalf of other bodies,
- 4 27 to arrange for the amalgamation or merger of the Charity with any charitable organisation the purposes of which in the opinion of the Trustees are similar to the purposes of the Charity either alone or as amalgamated,
- 4 28 to establish or acquire subsidiary companies to assist or act as agents for the Charity,
- 4 29 to pay the reasonable and proper costs of forming and administering the Charity, and
- 4 30 to do anything else within the law which promotes or helps to promote the Object

5. BENEFITS TO MEMBERS AND TRUSTEES

- The property and funds of the Charity must be used only for promoting the Object and do not belong to the members of the Charity but
 - 5 1 1 members who are not Trustees may be employed by or enter into contracts with the Charity and receive reasonable payment for goods or services supplied,
 - 5 1 2 members (including Trustees) may be paid interest at a reasonable rate on money lent to the Charity,
 - 5 1 3 members (including Trustees) may be paid a reasonable rent or hiring fee for property let or hired to the Charity,
 - 5 1 4 individual members and Trustees who are beneficiaries may receive charitable benefits in that capacity
- A Trustee must not receive any payment of money or other material benefit (whether directly or indirectly) from the Charity except
 - 5 2 1 as mentioned in Clauses 4 23, 5 1 2, 5 1.3, 5 1 4 or 5 3,
 - 5 2 2 reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses (including hotel and travel costs) actually incurred in running the Charity,
 - 5 2 3 an indemnity in respect of any liabilities Properly Incurred in running the Charity or otherwise to the extent permitted by the Companies Acts,
 - 5 2 4 without prejudice to Clause 5 3, payment to any company in which a Trustee has no more than a 1% shareholding,
 - 5 2 5 in exceptional cases, other payments or benefits (but only with the written approval of the Commission in advance)
- Any Trustee (or any person connected to a Trustee whose remuneration might result in a Trustee obtaining a material benefit) may enter into a contract with the Charity to supply goods or services in return for a payment or other material benefit but only if
 - 5 3 1 the goods or services are actually required by the Charity,
 - 5 3 2 the nature and level of the remuneration is no more than is reasonable in relation to the value of the goods or services and is set in accordance with the procedure in Clause 5 4,
 - 5 3 3 in any financial year, no more than one half of the Trustees are subject to such a contract (or have a person connected to them who is subject to such a contract)
- Whenever a Trustee has a personal interest in a matter to be discussed at a meeting of the Trustees or a committee the Trustee concerned must
 - 5 4 1 declare an interest before discussion begins on the matter,
 - 5 4 2 withdraw from the meeting for that item unless expressly invited to remain in order to

provide information,

- 5 4 3 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting,
- 5 4 4 withdraw during the vote and have no vote on the matter
- If a conflict of interests arises for a Trustee because of a duty or loyalty owed to another organisation or person and the conflict is not authorised by virtue of any other provision in this Memorandum or the Articles, the unconflicted Trustees may authorise such a conflict of interests provided that
 - 5 5 1 the procedure in Clause 5 4 is followed, and
 - 5 5 2 the unconflicted Trustees consider it is in the best interests of the Charity to authorise the conflict of interest in the circumstances applying
- This clause may not be amended without the prior written consent of the Commission

6. LIMITED LIABILITY

The liability of members is limited

7. GUARANTEE

Every member promises, if the Charity is dissolved while he, she or it remains a member or within 12 months afterwards, to pay up to one pound towards the costs of dissolution and the liabilities incurred by the Charity while the contributor was a member

8. DISSOLUTION

- If the Charity is dissolved, the assets (if any) remaining after provision has been made for all its liabilities must be applied in one or more of the following ways
 - by transfer to one or more other bodies established for exclusively charitable purposes within, the same as or similar to the Object,
 - 8 1 2 directly for the Object or charitable purposes within or similar to the Object,
 - 8 1 3 in such other manner consistent with charitable status as the Commission approves in writing in advance
- 8 2 A final report and statement of account must be sent to the Commission

9. INTERPRETATION

- 9 1 Words and expressions defined in the Articles have the same meanings in this Memorandum
- References to an Act of Parliament are references to the Act as amended or re-enacted from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it

We wish to be formed into a company under this Memorandum of Association

NAMES & ADDRESSES OF SUBSCRIBERS

SIGNATURES OF SUBSCRIBERS

Lord Nigel Lawson PC The House of Lords London SW1A 0PW

Witness to the above signature

Signature of witness

Name

Address

Occupation

Lord Robert Fellowes GCB GCVO QSO PC Barclays Bank plc 1 Churchill Place London E14 5HP

Witness to the above signature

Signature of witness

Name

Address

Occupation

Lord Bernard Patrick Donoughue 71 Ebury Mews East London SW1W 9QA
Witness to the above signature

Signature of witness

Name

Address

Occupation.

Dated

2009

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 1989 AND 2006

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

THE GLOBAL WARMING POLICY FOUNDATION

1. MEMBERSHIP

- 1 1 The Charity must maintain a register of members in accordance with the Companies Acts
- 1 2 Membership of the Charity is open to any individual or organisation interested in promoting the Object who
 - 1 2 1 applies to the Charity in the form required by the members,
 - 1 2 2 is approved by Special Resolution of the members, and
 - 1 2 3 signs the register of members or consents in writing to become a member either personally or (in the case of a member organisation) through an authorised representative
- The Trustees may establish different classes of membership and prescribe their respective privileges and duties and set the amounts of any subscriptions
- 1 4 Membership is terminated if the member concerned
 - 1 4 1 gives written notice of resignation to the Charity,
 - 1 4 2 dies or (in the case of an organisation) ceases to exist,
 - 1 4 3 is more than six months in arrears in paying the relevant subscription (if any) (but in such a case the member may be reinstated on payment of the amount due)
- 1 5 Membership of the Charity is not transferable

2. GENERAL MEETINGS

2 1 Members are entitled to attend general meetings personally or by proxy or (in the case of a member organisation) by an authorised representative General meetings are called on at least

14 clear days' written notice specifying the business to be discussed

- There is a quorum at a general meeting if the number of members or authorised representatives present in person or by proxy is at least two (or 50% of the members if greater)
- The Chairman or (if the Chairman is unable or unwilling to do so) a member elected by those present presides at a general meeting
- 2.4 A general meeting may be called at any time by the Trustees
- A general meeting may be called on a written request to the Trustees from at least two of the members or, if more than twelve months have passed since the Charity last held a general meeting, from one of the members
- On receipt of a written request made pursuant to Article 2 5, the Trustees must call a general meeting within 21 days and the general meeting must be held not more than 28 days after the date of the notice calling the general meeting

3. APPOINTMENT OF PROXIES

- 3 1 Proxies may only be validly appointed by a notice in writing which
 - 3 1 1 states the name and address of the member appointing the proxy,
 - 3 1 2 identifies the person appointed to be that member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed,
 - 3 1 3 is signed by the member appointing the proxy or is authenticated in such manner as the Trustees may determine,
 - 3 1 4 is delivered to the Charity in accordance with Article 10 2,
 - 3 1 5 is received by the Charity at least 24 hours before the meeting to which it relates
- The Charity may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form and may specify different forms for different purposes
- Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions
- 3 4 Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it should be treated as
 - allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion on how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolution put to the meeting,
 - 3 4 2 appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as to the meeting itself
- An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the Charity, in accordance with Article 10 2, a notice given by or on behalf of the member who gave the proxy notice, but such revocation will only take effect if the Charity receives it before the start of the meeting to which it relates

4. **VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS**

- 4 1 A resolution at a general meeting shall be decided by a show of hands, unless a poll is demanded
- 4 2 Except where otherwise provided by the Companies Acts, every issue is decided by a majority of the votes cast
- Subject to Article 4 4, every member present in person or by proxy or through an authorised representative) has one vote on each issue
- A person who has been appointed as proxy for more than one member has only one vote on a show of hands
- 4 5 A poll on a resolution may be demanded
 - 4 5 1 In advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote, or
 - 4 5 2 at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared
- 4 6 A poll may be demanded by
 - 4 6 1 the chairman of the meeting,
 - 4 6 2 two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution, or
 - 4 6 3 a person representing at least half of the total voting rights of all the members present at the meeting and having the right to vote on the resolution
- 4 7 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if the poll has not yet been taken and the chairman of the meeting consents to the withdrawal
- 4 8 Polls must be taken immediately and in such manner as the chairman of the meeting directs

5. WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

- Subject to Article 5 8, any resolution that may be passed validly at a general meeting of the Charity may be passed as a written resolution
- A written resolution may be proposed by the Trustees or by one or more of the members (on written request to the Trustees)
- 5 3 If the members exercise their right to propose a written resolution
 - 5 3 1 they may also require the Charity to circulate with it an accompanying statement of up to 1,000 words on the subject matter of the resolution, and
 - 5 3 2 such members shall meet the costs of circulating the written resolution (and, where relevant, any accompanying statement), unless the Charity resolves otherwise

- The Trustees must circulate any proposed written resolution to all members, together with
 - 5 4 1 any accompanying statement,
 - 5 4 2 guidance on how to signify agreement to the resolution, and
 - 5 4 3 the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse
- A member signifies agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Charity receives from him an authenticated document (whether in hard copy or electronic form) identifying the resolution to which it relates and his agreement to it
- 5 6 Subject to Article 5 7, a written resolution is passed when
 - 5 6 1 In the case of an Ordinary Resolution, a simple majority of the members have signified their agreement to it, and
 - 5 6 2 in the case of a Special Resolution, at least 75% of the members have signified their agreement to it
- A proposed written resolution lapses if it is not passed before the end of 28 days beginning on the first day on which it was circulated
- 5 8 The following may not be passed as a written resolution
 - 5 8 1 a resolution to remove a Trustee before his period of office expires, and
 - 5 8 2 a resolution to remove an auditor before his period of office expires

6. THE TRUSTEES

- The Trustees as charity trustees have control of the Charity and its property and funds
- 6 2 The Trustees when complete consist of at least three and not more than twelve individuals
- The subscribers to the Memorandum are the first Trustees of the Charity
- Any person who is willing to act as a Trustee of the Charity and is permitted to be so appointed by the law and the Articles, may be appointed to be a Trustee by Ordinary Resolution of the members
- 6 5 Subject to termination under Article 6 7
 - 6 5 1 the subscribers to the Memorandum and such other members as are also appointed as Trustees may serve as Trustees indefinitely, and
 - 6 5 2 any other Trustees shall hold office for a period of three years
- Any retiring Trustee who remains qualified may be re-appointed, provided that no person may be re-appointed under this Article as a Trustee for more than two consecutive terms of office (a consecutive term being one that begins less than a year after the previous term finished) without the prior written consent of the Chairman

- 6.7 A Trustee's term of office automatically terminates if he or she
 - 671 is disqualified under the Charities Acts from acting as a charity trustee,
 - 6 7 2 is incapable, whether mentally or physically, of managing his or her own affairs,
 - 6 7 3 is absent from four consecutive meetings of the Trustees,
 - 6 7 4 resigns by written notice to the Trustees (but only if at least two Trustees will remain in office),
 - 6 7 5 is removed by resolution passed by at least half of the members present and voting at a general meeting after the meeting has invited the views of the Trustee concerned and considered the matter in the light of any such views.
- A technical defect in the appointment of a Trustee of which the Trustees are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at a meeting

7. PROCEEDINGS OF TRUSTEES

- 7 1 The Trustees must hold at least three meetings each year
- 7 2 A quorum at a meeting of the Trustees is at least three Trustees
- A meeting of the Trustees may be held either in person or by suitable electronic means agreed by the Trustees in which all participants may communicate with all the other participants
- 7 4 The Chairman or (if the Chairman is unable or unwilling to do so) some other Trustee chosen by the Trustees present presides at each meeting
- Fivery issue may be determined by a simple majority of the votes cast at a meeting but a written resolution signed by all the Trustees who would have been eligible to vote on the matter at a meeting of the Trustees is as valid as a resolution passed at a meeting (and for this purpose the resolution may be contained in more than one document and will be treated as passed on the date of the last signature)
- Except for the chairman of the meeting, who in the case of an equality of votes has a second or casting vote, every Trustee has one vote on each issue
- A procedural defect of which the Trustees are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at a meeting

8. POWERS OF TRUSTEES

- The Trustees have the following powers in the administration of the Charity
 - 8 1 1 to appoint (and remove) any individual (who may be a Trustee) to act as Secretary to the Charity,
 - 8 1 2 to appoint for such period as they think fit a Chairman, Treasurer and other honorary officers from among their number,

- 8 1 3 to delegate any of their functions to committees consisting of two or more individuals appointed by them (but at least one member of every committee must be a Trustee and all proceedings of committees must be reported promptly to the Trustees),
- 8 1 4 to form an Advisory Council consisting of two or more individuals appointed by them to provide advice and assistance to the Trustees,
- 8 1 5 to make Standing Orders consistent with the Memorandum, these Articles and the Companies Acts to govern proceedings at general meetings,
- 8 1 6 to make Rules consistent with the Memorandum, these Articles and the Companies Acts to govern proceedings at their meetings and at meetings of committees and of the Advisory Council,
- 8 1 7 to make Regulations consistent with the Memorandum, these Articles and the Companies Acts to govern the administration of the Charity, the functions and membership of committees and the Advisory Council, and the use of the Charity's seal (if any),
- 8 1 8 to establish procedures to assist the resolution of disputes within the Charity,
- 8 1 9 to exercise any powers of the Charity which are not reserved to a general meeting
- If the Trustees shall at any time be or be reduced in number to less than the number prescribed by Article 6.2 it shall be lawful for them to act as Trustees for the purposes of admitting persons as Trustees filling up vacancies in their body or summoning a general meeting but not for any other purpose

9. RECORDS & ACCOUNTS

- 9 1 The Trustees must comply with the requirements of the Companies Acts and of the Charities Acts as to keeping financial records, the audit of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Commission of
 - 911 annual reports,
 - 9 1 2 annual returns, and
 - 9 1 3 annual statements of account
- 9 2 The Trustees must keep proper records of
 - 9 2 1 all resolutions of members passed otherwise than at a general meeting,
 - 9 2 2 all proceedings at general meetings,
 - 9 2 3 all proceedings at meetings of the Trustees,
 - 9 2 4 all reports of committees, and
 - 9 2 5 all professional advice obtained

- The records referred to in Articles 9 2 1, 9 2 2 and 9 2 3 must be kept for 10 years from the date of the resolution, general meeting or Trustees' meeting, as relevant
- Accounting records relating to the Charity must be made available for inspection by any Trustee at any reasonable time during normal office hours and may be made available for inspection by members who are not Trustees if the Trustees so decide
- A copy of the Charity's latest available statement of account or annual report must be supplied on request to any Trustee or member, free of charge A copy of either document must also be supplied within two months to any other person who makes a written request for it and pays the Charity's reasonable costs

10. COMMUNICATION WITH MEMBERS

- 10 1 The Charity may validly send or supply any document (including any notice) or information to a member
 - 10 1 1 by delivering it by hand to the address recorded for the member in the register of members,
 - 10 1 2 by sending it by post or courier in an envelope (with postage or delivery paid) to the address recorded for the member in the register of members,
 - 10 1 3 by fax to a fax number notified by the member in writing,
 - 10 1 4 by electronic mail to an email address notified by the member in writing, or
 - 10 1 5 by means of a website the address of which has been notified to the member in writing,

in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Acts

- 10.2 Members may validly send any notice or document to the Charity
 - 10 2 1 by post to
 - (a) the Charity's registered office, or
 - (b) any other address specified by the Charity for such purposes,
 - 10 2 2 to any fax number or email address provided by the Charity for such purposes

11. DISSOLUTION

The provisions of the Memorandum relating to dissolution of the Charity take effect as though repeated here

12. INTERPRETATION

12.1 In the Memorandum and in these Articles

	•
"these Articles"	means these articles of association,
"authenticated document"	means a document sent (a) by hard copy that is signed by the person sending it, or (b) electronically in which the identity of the sender is confirmed in a manner specified by the Charity (or where no such manner has been specified, which contains or is accompanied by a statement of the identity of the sender and where the Charity has no reason to doubt the truth of that statement),
"authorised representative"	means an individual who is authorised by a member organisation to act on its behalf at meetings of the Charity and whose name is notified to the Charity in accordance with the Articles,
"Chairman"	means the chairman of the Trustees,
"the Charity"	means the company governed by these Articles,
"the Charities Acts"	means the Charities Acts 1992 1993 and 2006,
"charity trustee"	has the meaning prescribed by section 97(1) of the Charities Act 1993,
"clear days"	means the period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect,
"the Commission"	means the Charity Commission for England and Wales,
"the Companies Acts"	means the Companies Acts 1985 1989 and 2006 to the extent that they are for the time being in force,
"financial expert"	means a person who is reasonably believed by the Trustees to be qualified to give the relevant advice and/or provide the relevant services by his ability in and practical experience of financial and other matters relating to the investment,
"material benefit"	means a benefit which may or may not be financial but which has a monetary value,
"member" and "membership"	refer to membership of the Charity,
"Memorandum"	means the Charity's Memorandum of Association,
"month"	means calendar month,

"the Object"

means the Object of the Charity as defined in

Clause 3 of the Memorandum;

"person connected to a Trustee"

means (a) a child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother or sister of a Trustee, (b) the spouse or civil partner of a Trustee or anyone falling within paragraph (a), (c) a person carrying on business in partnership with a Trustee or with any person falling within paragraph (a) or (b), (d) an institution which is controlled by a Trustee or by any person falling within paragraphs (a) (b) or (c) (or which is controlled by any two ore more such persons when taken together), (e) a body corporate in which a Trustee or any person within paragraphs (a) to (c) has a substantial interest (or in which two or more such persons, taken together, have a substantial interest),

"personal interest"

does not include (a) an interest held only in a fiduciary capacity (e.g as a trustee of another charity) or (b) an interest in purchasing trustee

indemnity insurance;

"Properly Incurred"

means incurred otherwise than in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach

of trust in relation to the Charity,

"Secretary"

means the Secretary of the Charity,

"taxable trading"

means carrying on a trade or business on a continuing basis for the principal purpose of raising funds and not for the purpose of actually carrying out the Object, and the profits of which

are liable to tax,

"Trustee"

means a director of the Charity and "Trustees"

means all of the directors,

"written" or "in writing"

refers to a legible document on paper or a document which can be printed onto paper including a fax message or electronic mail,

"year"

means calendar year.

- 12 2 Expressions defined in the Acts have the same meaning in the Memorandum and these Articles
- 123 References to an Act of Parliament are to the Act as amended or re-enacted from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it

We wish to be formed into a company under these Articles of Association

NAMES & ADDRESSES OF SUBSCRIBERS

SIGNATURES OF SUBSCRIBERS

Lord Nigel Lawson PC The House of Lords London SW1A 0PW

Witness to the above signature

Signature of witness

Name

Address

Occupation

Lord Robert Fellowes GCB GCVO QSO PC Barclays Bank plc 1 Churchill Place London E14 5HP

Witness to the above signature

Signature of witness

Name

Address

Occupation

Lord Bernard Patrick Donoughue 71 Ebury Mews East London SW1W 9QA

Witness to the above signature

Signature of witness

Name

Address

Occupation

Dated

2009