PURO PROPERTY PARTNERSHIP LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

WEDNESDAY

A7DCUZCØ

29/08/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE

CONTENTS

	Page
Balance sheet	1 - 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 8

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2017

		20	17	As 20	restated 16
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		123,845		7,640
Investment properties	4		1,218,292		1,092,314
			1,342,137		1,099,954
Current assets			, , ,		,,.
Debtors	5	12,822		300,741	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,902		44,927	
		17,724		345,668	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(866,479)		(641,147)	
			(0.40.777)		(00= 170)
Net current liabilities			(848,755)		(295,479)
Total assets less current liabilities			493,382		804,475
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(85,934)		(329,227)
Provisions for liabilities	8		(57,519)		(73,296)
Net assets			349,929		401,952
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		2		2
Profit and loss reserves	10		349,927		401,950
Total equity			349,929		401,952
					===

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 November 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2017

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 August 2018 and ard signed on its behalf by:

I K Southworth Director

Company Registration No. 06952572

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Puro Property Partnership Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 2, The Pavillions, Cranford Drive, Knutsford, Cheshire, WA16 8ZR.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include investment properties at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2017 are the first financial statements of Puro Property Partnership Ltd prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 June 2015. An explanation of how transition to FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 12.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of services supplied during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles 20% reducing balance

1.4 Investment properties

Investment properties are initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently they are measured at the director's assessment of open market value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Taxation

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons employed by the company during the year was 0 (2016 - 0).

3 Tangible fixed assets

£
7,640
141,280
148,920
-
25,075
25,075
123,845
7,640 ====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017

4	Investment property	
		2017
		£
	Fair value	
	At 1 December 2016	1,092,315
	Additions	335,977
	Disposals	(210,000)
	At 30 November 2017	1,218,292

The 2015 valuations were made by the directors on an open market for existing use basis. In the director's opinion the open market value of the properties, including the property acquired during the year, is not materially different to the above.

5	Debtors		
		2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	-	1,128
	Other debtors	1,917	289,481
	Prepayments and accrued income	10,905	10,132
		12,822	300,741
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans	-	312,937
	Obligations under finance leases	28,431	-
	Trade creditors	11,995	11,789
	Corporation tax	•	9,690
	Other taxation and social security	-	2,179
	Other creditors	826,053	303,036
	Accruals and deferred income	-	1,516
		866,479	641,147

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017

7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2017 £	2016 £
	Bank loans Other creditors	- 85,934	329,227
	Other creations		
		85,934 ———	329,227 =====
8	Deferred taxation		
	The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised thereon:	d by the company an	d movements
			As restated
		Liabilities	Liabilities
	Balances	2017	2016
	Balances:	£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances	23,530	1,452
	Tax losses	(31,485)	-
	Investment property	65,474	71,844
		57,519	73,296
			
			2017
	Movements in the year:		£
	Liability at 1 December 2016		73,296
	Credit to profit or loss		(15,777)
	Liability at 30 November 2017		57,519
9	Called up share capital		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Ordinary share capital	£	£
	Issued and fully paid		
	2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
	•	2	2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017

10	Profit and loss reserves		
			As restated
		2017	2016
		£	£
	At the beginning of the year	401,950	369,137
	(Loss)/profit for the year	(52,023)	32,813
	At the end of the year	349,927	401,950
		2017	As restated 2016
		£	£
	Non-distributable profits included above	_	_
	At the beginning of the year	318,975	316,222
	Non distributable profits in the year	(19,659)	-
	Movement on deferred tax on investment properties	6,370	2,753
	At the end of the year		•
	At the end of the year	305,686	318,975

11 Related party transactions

During the year, the company completed the sale of one of its investment properties to the SIPP of I K Southworth and M J Le-Gallez for a consideration of £192,000.

Included within other creditors are amounts of £468,145 due to I K Southworth (2016: £144,740 due from I K Southworth) and £350,005 due to M J Le-Gallez (2016: £144,740 due from M J Le-Gallez). The amounts are interest free and repayable on demand.

12 Reconciliations on adoption of FRS 102

Reconciliation of equity

	1 June 2015 £	30 November 2016 £
Equity as reported under previous UK GAAP	443,736	473,796
Adjustments arising from transition to FRS 102: Deferred tax recognised on investment property revaluation	(74,597)	(71,844)
Equity reported under FRS 102	369,139	401,952

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017

Reconciliations on adoption of FRS 102 (Continued) Reconciliation of profit for the financial period 2016 £ Profit as reported under previous UK GAAP 30,060 Adjustments arising from transition to FRS 102: Deferred tax recognised on investment property revaluation 2,753 Profit reported under FRS 102 32,813

Notes to reconciliations on adoption of FRS 102

Investment property reserve

Upon transition to FRS 102 the Company has reallocated the investment property reserve of £316,222 to the profit and loss reserve. £305,686 remains within the profit and loss reserve at the year ended 30 November 2017.

Deferred tax on investment property revaluation

Upon transition to FRS 102 the Company has recognised the deferred tax liability on the valuation of investment property of £74,597. £65,474 remains within the profit and loss reserve at the year end 30 November 2017.