
CYCLE CONFIDENT LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

CYCLE CONFIDENT LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 06944710

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	44,783	69,543
		<u>44,783</u>	<u>69,543</u>
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6	225,000	-
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	343,827	752,564
Cash at bank and in hand	7	874,014	724,339
		<u>1,442,841</u>	<u>1,476,903</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(695,007)	(940,079)
Net current assets		<u>747,834</u>	<u>536,824</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>792,617</u>	<u>606,367</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(60,578)	(34,040)
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred tax	12	(8,380)	(13,040)
		<u>(8,380)</u>	<u>(13,040)</u>
Net assets		<u><u>723,659</u></u>	<u><u>559,287</u></u>

CYCLE CONFIDENT LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 06944710

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	2021	<i>2020</i>
	£	<i>£</i>
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	100	<i>100</i>
Profit and loss account	723,559	<i>559,187</i>
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	<u>723,659</u>	<i><u>559,287</u></i>

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

.....
D Showell
Director

Date: 20 January 2022

The notes on pages 3 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

1. General information

Cycle Confident Limited (the Company) is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act.

The Company is a private company limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the Company's registered office is The Old Vicarage, Valley End Road, Chobham, Woking, England, GU24 8TB.

The Company's functional and presentational currency is pounds sterling (GBP) and the financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound (£).

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.4 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.5 Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over its useful economic life of 10 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Plant and machinery	- 4 years
Motor vehicles	- 5 years
Fixtures and fittings	- 3 years
Computer equipment	- 2 years

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

2.11 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

2.12 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 17 (2020 - 22).

CYCLE CONFIDENT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

4. Intangible assets

	Goodwill £
Cost	
At 1 April 2020	27,500
At 31 March 2021	<u>27,500</u>
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2020	27,500
At 31 March 2021	<u>27,500</u>
Net book value	
At 31 March 2021	<u><u>-</u></u>
At 31 March 2020	<u><u>-</u></u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2020	37,536	86,707	19,850	107,267	251,360
Disposals	(13,086)	-	(5,730)	(86,274)	(105,090)
At 31 March 2021	24,450	86,707	14,120	20,993	146,270
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2020	25,823	32,146	19,311	104,537	181,817
Charge for the year	4,042	18,138	-	2,580	24,760
Disposals	(13,086)	-	(5,730)	(86,274)	(105,090)
At 31 March 2021	16,779	50,284	13,581	20,843	101,487
Net book value					
At 31 March 2021	7,671	36,423	539	150	44,783
At 31 March 2020	11,713	54,561	539	2,730	69,543

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts included above are Motor Vehicles £36,422 (2020: £53,232).

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

6. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Due after more than one year		
Other debtors	225,000	-
	<u>225,000</u>	<u>-</u>
	2021 £	2020 £
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	147,554	306,317
Amounts owed by group undertakings	189,810	214,784
Other debtors	6,463	231,463
	<u>343,827</u>	<u>752,564</u>

7. Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	874,014	724,339
	<u>874,014</u>	<u>724,339</u>

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans	8,333	-
Trade creditors	7,920	4,675
Corporation tax	42,834	-
Other taxation and social security	298,587	230,349
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	15,129	15,129
Other creditors	37,620	51,383
Accruals and deferred income	284,584	638,543
	<u>695,007</u>	<u>940,079</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

9. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans	41,667	-
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	18,911	34,040
	<u>60,578</u>	<u>34,040</u>

10. Loans

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts falling due within one year		
Bank loans	8,333	-
	<u>8,333</u>	<u>-</u>
Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
Bank loans	10,000	-
	<u>10,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Amounts falling due 2-5 years		
Bank loans	30,000	-
	<u>30,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Amounts falling due after more than 5 years		
Bank loans	1,667	-
	<u>1,667</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>50,000</u>	<u>-</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

11. Hire purchase and finance leases

Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Within one year	15,129	15,129
Between 1-5 years	18,911	34,040
	<u>34,040</u>	<u>49,169</u>

12. Deferred taxation

	2021 £
At beginning of year	(13,040)
Credited to profit or loss	4,660
At end of year	<u>(8,380)</u>

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(8,509)	(13,213)
Pension surplus	129	173
	<u>(8,380)</u>	<u>(13,040)</u>

13. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £7,743 (2020 - £11,311).

Contributions totalling £1,965 (2020 - £2,106) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

14. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2021 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2021 £	2020 £
Not later than 1 year	51,706	22,633
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	34,728	-
	<u>86,434</u>	<u>22,633</u>

15. Controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent company is Be Confident Group Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom . The company's registered office is The Old Vicarage, Valley End Road, Chobham, Woking, England, GU24 8TB.

The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is Be Confident Group Limited.

The ultimate controlling parties are D A Showell and H N Showell.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.