Registration number: 06938617

Heron IT Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

SJB & Co 8 Barnfield Feering Colchester Essex CO5 9HP

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Company Information

Director Mr Colin Paul Hammond

Registered office 22 Heron Road

Accountants

Kelvedon Colchester Essex CO5 9NE SJB & Co

8 Barnfield Feering Colchester Essex CO5 9HP

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(Registration number: 06938617) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	3,136	1,275
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	500	500
Debtors	<u>6</u>	234,650	160,676
Cash at bank and in hand		97,753	84,869
		332,903	246,045
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>?</u>	(290,817)	(202,013)
Net current assets		42,086	44,032
Total assets less current liabilities		45,222	45,307
Provisions for liabilities		(595)	(240)
Net assets		44,627	45,067
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		44,527	44,967
Total equity		44,627	45,067

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{9}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

(Registration number: 06938617) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

Approved and authorised l	by the director on 1 July 2019
Mr Colin Paul Hammond Director	
	The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 22 Heron Road Kelvedon Colchester Essex CO5 9NE England

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 1 July 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Plant & Machinery
Furniture & fittings

Depreciation method and rate
33.33% straight line
33.33% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 5 (2018 - 4).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2018	3,337	14,662	17,999
Additions	216	3,752	3,968
At 31 March 2019	3,553	18,414	21,967
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2018	3,293	13,431	16,724
Charge for the year	115	1,992	2,107
At 31 March 2019	3,408	15,423	18,831
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2019	145	2,991	3,136
At 31 March 2018	44	1,231	1,275
5 Stocks			
Stocks		2019 £	2018 £
Other inventories	=	500	500
6 Debtors			
		2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors		87,961	50,848
Other debtors	_	146,689	109,828
	_	234,650	160,676

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

			2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year				
Trade creditors			86,657	64,826
Taxation and social security			163,021	127,375
Accruals and deferred income			1,950	1,950
Other creditors			39,189	7,862
		_	290,817	202,013
8 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100
9 Dividends				
			2019 £	2018 £
Interim dividend of £350.00 (2018 - £216.00) p	er ordinary share		35,000	21,600
10 Related party transactions				
Directors' remuneration				
The director's remuneration for the year was as	follows:			
			2019	2018
Remuneration			£ 9,051	£ 8,678
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes			6,000	6,000
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			15,051	14,678
			<u>, </u>	
Mr Hammond was provided with healthcare ber	nefits during the year.			
During the year the number of directors who we	ere receiving benefits a	nd share incentives	was as follows:	
			2019	2018
	1		No.	No.
Accruing benefits under money purchase pension	on scheme			<u>1</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Dividends paid to directors

	2019 £	2018 £
Mr Colin Paul Hammond		
Interim Dividends	35,000	21,225

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