# **TELEGRAPH EVENTS LIMITED**

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2016

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# STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their strategic report of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

# **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Company (incorporated in the United Kingdom, Registered Number 06916747) is an event organiser and magazine publisher.

Telegraph Events Limited is a leading organiser of premium UK Business to Consumer (B2C) exhibitions and Business to Business (B2B) conferences. Established B2C annual events organised during the financial year include The London Bike Show, Outdoor Adventure Show, Triathlon Show, Be:Fit Show, Ski & Snowboard Show and the Salon QP Fine Watch Exhibition. In 2016, the Travel Show launched alongside the already established Telegraph Cruise Show. The business publishes the seasonal Ski & Snowboard magazine and the bi-monthly QP Magazine and SalonQP.com. During the financial year the Company also further developed its Rouleur Classic (a joint venture with Rouleur Magazine) that launched in 2015.

The B2B conference unit launched in 2015 had a successful year, building upon the Business of Sport, Digital Leaders and Britain's Smart Cities conferences and also successfully launched the Telegraph Festival of Business and FinTech as well as producing and organising conferences on a contract basis for third parties. Bespoke Events, launched the previous year, include the Telegraph Gin Experience, the Telegraph Whisky Experience plus other events either of a smaller scale or on an opportunistic basis.

The Company made an operating profit for the financial year of £283,000 (2015: £268,000). The results of the Company for the financial year are set out in the Income Statement on page 7. No dividends were declared during the year (2015: £nil).

The Company delivered a reasonable trading performance given the challenging B2C trading environment and the continued investment in B2B conferences and bespoke events during the financial year. The business remains focused on enhancing value for our exhibitors, sponsors and brands by delivering the required quality and quantity of visitors and delegates and by continually innovating on show and conference content and experience.

The directors anticipate an upturn in trading performance in 2017 as we add new consumer exhibitions and benefit from a more established B2B conference business and bespoke events.

# **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The directors anticipate market conditions will continue to improve during 2017. With this in mind the directors are continuing to explore further opportunities to develop the business over future periods, focusing on offering high quality relevant and tailored events, exhibitions, conferences and experiences which match the expectations of exhibitors, sponsors, brands and consumers. The directors continue to research new opportunities via new launches and/or investments and will continue to manage the business to ensure that the Company is well positioned to maximise value in the sector.

# **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

Management monitor financial and non-financial progress of the Company through the following KPIs:

Financial	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Turnover	7,758	7,393
Operating profit	283	268
Operating margin	3.6%	3.6%
Non – Financial	2016	2015
	Number	Number
B2C exhibitions	9	10
B2B conferences	9	7
Bespoke events	15	9

#### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 - CONTINUED

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

There is an ongoing process for the identification, evaluation and management of significant risks faced by the Company. The business is reliant on exhibition stand revenues, sponsorship, visitor and delegate numbers, and continues to perform well in the current competitive environment. The key to our success is a focus on securing the right tenancies, creating and delivering quality content and experiences for our exhibitors, sponsors, brands and customers. New B2C launches, brand extensions into B2B conferences and bespoke events, and possible acquisitions or joint ventures are the key to the further growth of the business. The Company is in an extremely strong position to expand its current portfolio of events as and when opportunities present themselves.

# FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet are net of allowances for doubtful debts, estimated on prior experience and assessment of the current economic climate.

Liquidity risk arises from timing differences between cash inflows and outflows. These risks are managed through the Group providing adequate funding to meet anticipated future requirements. These resources, together with the expected future cash flows to be generated by the business, are regarded as sufficient to meet the anticipated funding requirements of the Company for at least the next twelve months from the date of signing the financial statements.

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The Company has net liabilities of £780,000 (2015: £1,063,000) as at 31 December 2016. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Company has received written confirmation from its parent undertaking that it will continue to provide financial support to the Company for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements.

On behalf of the Board

R Mowatt Director

15<sup>th</sup> May 2017

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company, for the financial year ended 31 December 2016.

The Company has chosen in accordance with section 414c(11) of the Companies Act 2006 to include such matters of strategic importance to the Company in the Strategic Report which would otherwise be required to be disclosed in the Directors' Report. These matters include commentary on future developments and disclosures in relation to dividends.

# **PRINCIPLE ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an event and conference organiser and magazine publisher.

#### **DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY**

The directors of the Company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements unless otherwise stated were:

D Norman

D King (resigned 1st February 2017)

F Ronayne

R Mowatt

The Company has entered into qualifying third party indemnity arrangements for the benefit of all its directors, which were in force during the financial year and also at the approval date of the financial statements.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

Consultation with employees is undertaken on an ad hoc basis as and when appropriate. The Company's aim is to ensure that employees' views are taken into account when decisions are made which are likely to affect their interests, with appropriate information being provided to facilitate that consultation.

It is the Company's policy that disabled persons or persons who become disabled whilst in the employment of the group should be considered for employment, training, career development and promotion on the basis of their abilities and aptitudes in common with all employees.

# **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in compliance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- notify its shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 102 used in the preparation of financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 - CONTINUED

# STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as each of the directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware. Each of the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the Board

RMWAR

R Mowatt Director

15<sup>th</sup> May 2017

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TELEGRAPH EVENTS LIMITED REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **OUR OPINION**

In our opinion, Telegraph Events Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### WHAT WE HAVE AUDITED

The financial statements, included within the Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), comprise:

- the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2016;
- the Income Statement for the year then ended;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

# **OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In addition, in light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we are required to report if we have identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report. We have nothing to report in this respect.

# OTHER MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

# ADEQUACY OF ACCOUNTING RECORDS AND INFORMATION AND EXPLANATIONS RECEIVED

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

# **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TELEGRAPH EVENTS LIMITED - CONTINUED RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND THE AUDIT

#### **OUR RESPONSIBILITIES AND THOSE OF THE DIRECTORS**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

# WHAT AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INVOLVES

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- · the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report. With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we consider whether those reports include the disclosures required by applicable legal requirements.

Julian Jenkins (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

15th May 2017

# INCOME STATEMENT for the financial year ended 31 December 2016

	Note	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Turnover	2	7,758	7,393
Cost of sales	•	(6,995)	(6,611)
Gross profit		763	782
Administrative expenses		(480)	(514)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	283	268
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	-	-
Profit for the financial year		283	268

All the above results are derived from continuing operations.

There are no material differences between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the financial year stated above and the historical cost equivalents.

The notes on pages 10 to14 form part of these financial statements.

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the results above, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

# **BALANCE SHEET**

as at 31 December 2016

Company Registered Number: 06916747

		31 Dec 2016	31 Dec 2015
	Note	£,000	£,000
Current assets			
Stocks	7	1,460	1,490
Debtors	8	2,227	1,664
Cash at bank and in hand		289_	479
		3,976	3,633
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(4,756)	(4,696)
Net current liabilities		(780)	(1,063)
Total assets less current liabilities		(780)	(1,063)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	1	1
Profit and loss account		(781)	(1,064)
Total equity		(780)	(1,063)

The notes on pages 10 to14 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements on pages 7 to 14 were approved by the board of directors on 15<sup>th</sup> May2017 and were signed on its behalf by

FRonayne
Director

D Norman Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the financial year ended 31 December 2016

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£,000	£,000	£'000
At 1 January 2016	1	(1,064)	(1,063)
Profit for the financial year	-	283	283
At 31 December 2016	1	(781)	(780)

# for the financial year ended 31 December 2015

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£m	£m	£m
At 1 January 2015	1	(1,332)	(1,331)
Profit for the financial year	-	268	268
At 31 December 2015	11_	(1,064)	(1,063)

The notes on pages 10 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout all years presented, are set out below;

# (a) Statement of compliance

The individual financial statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

# (b) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared in Sterling (rounded to the nearest hundred thousand pounds), which is the presentation currency of the Company and under the historical cost convention. A summary of the principal accounting policies which have been applied consistently are set out below.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 102 paragraph 1.12(b) and has not published a cash flow statement as it is a subsidiary undertaking of Press Acquisitions Limited, whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available and include such a statement.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 102 paragraph 1.12(c) and has made only limited disclosure in respect of financial instruments.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 102 paragraph 1.12(e) and has not disclosed Key management personnel compensation in total.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 102 paragraph 33.1(a) and has not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group or are disclosed in the group financial statements.

# (c) Going Concern

The Company has net liabilities at 31 December 2016. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Company has received written confirmation from its parent undertaking that it will continue to provide financial support to the Company for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements.

# (d) Turnover

Turnover represents sales to customers and third parties and is stated net of commissions, and excludes value-added tax and other sales taxes. Event ticket sales, exhibition stand revenues and sponsorship revenues are recognised on the date of the event. Publishing revenues are recognised at the time of sale.

#### (e) Deferred Income

Deferred income represents receipts from subscribers and advertisers in advance of goods and services being provided and receipts from consumers, exhibitors and sponsors in advance of events being held. This income is classified as part of Creditors due within one year.

# (f) Stocks

Stocks are valued at cost. This balance includes prepaid costs and expenses relating to future events.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

# Accounting Policies – continued

# (g) Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the financial year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised for all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profit and loss and its results as stated in the financial statements. No deferred tax is recognised on permanent differences.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the financial year in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and law that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is considered more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

# (h) Pension costs

The costs of defined contribution schemes are charged to the profit and loss account as the obligation to pay arises.

#### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires the directors to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from these estimates. In this regard, the directors believe the critical accounting policies where judgements or estimations are necessarily applied are summarised below:

# **Trade Receivables**

The Company reviews trade receivables and makes judgements on the recoverability of these receivables with reference to the age of the outstanding amounts, credit status of the counterparty and the status of any outstanding dispute.

# 2. TURNOVER

Turnover arises from exhibition and publishing activities within the United Kingdom and all relate to continuing operations.

# 3. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	-	3
Auditors' remuneration	7	, 5
Employment costs (including directors)	2,538	2,335

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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4.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS	•	
	(a) Emoluments of the directors':		
		2016	2015
		€,000	£'000
	Aggregate emoluments	210	154
5.	EMPLOYEE INFORMATION	•	
	(a) Monthly average number of persons (including directors) employed by th financial year:	e Company during	g the
		2016 Number	2015 Number
	Events, conferences, magazine and administration	46	49
	the purposes of the annual financial statements of the two companies, the being employed by Telegraph Events Limited.  (b) Employment costs (including directors) during the financial year:		
		2016 £'000	2015 £'000
	Wages and salaries	<b>2,167</b>	1,980
	Social security costs	228	219
	Other pension costs	143	136
	Total	2,538	2,335
6.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	Analysis of charge for the financial year	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on profit for the financial year	10	-
	Adjustments in respect of previous year  Total current tax	(10)	
	i otal current tax	-	-
	Tax credit on profit on ordinary activities	-	-

(11)

(5)

(10)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Expenses not deductible for tax purposes

Total tax for the financial year

Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous years

Eastern offenting the tay sharms/(aredit) for the financial year

#### 6. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES - CONTINUED

ractors affecting the tax charge/(credit) for the financial year	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Losses (utilised)/carried forward in the current financial year Taxable profit/(loss)	283 (276) 7	268 (322) (54)
Current tax (charge)/credit at 20% (2015: 20%) Effects of:	(1)	11
Deemed interest expenditure on intercompany loan balances	16	-

The Company has unutilised tax losses totalling £69,000 (2015: £345,000) available for set off against future taxable profits of the Company.

Changes to the UK corporation tax rates were substantively enacted as part of Finance Bill 2015 (on 26 October 2015) and Finance Bill 2016 (on 7 September 2016). These include reductions to the main rate to reduce the rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 17% from 1 April 2020. Deferred taxes at the balance sheet date have been measured using these enacted tax rates and reflected in these financial statements.

#### 7. STOCKS

	2016	2015
	£'000	£,000
Work in Progress	1,460_	1,490

The Work in Progress includes costs and expenses which have been incurred and prepaid in relation to future conferences, events and exhibitions.

# 8. DEBTORS

	2016	2015
	£'000	£,000
Trade debtors	1,775	1,584
Other debtors	7	14
Prepayments and accrued income	445	66_
	2,227	1,664

# 9. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

£'000	5,000
Trade creditors 547	43
Amounts owed to group undertakings 2,327	,965
Other taxation and social security 69	32
Other creditors 99	89
Accruals and deferred income1,7142	,567
4,756	,696

# Amounts owed to group undertakings

Amounts owed to group undertakings includes a loan for £1,525,000 (2015: £1,525,000) from Telegraph Media Group Limited ("TMGL"), the Company's immediate parent company. The loan has no fixed term of repayment and the balance does not bear interest. The amount is denominated in Sterling.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 10. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2016	2015
	£'000	£'000
Authorised: 1,000 (2015: 1,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1
Issued, called up and fully paid: 1,000 (2015: 1,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1

# 11. PENSIONS

Company employees are entitled to join the Telegraph Staff Pension Plan ("the Plan") which is a defined contribution scheme.

At 31 December 2016 contributions of £nil (31 December 2015: £nil) were due to the Plan.

#### 12. RELATED PARTIES

The Group has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 102 paragraph 33.1(a) and has not disclosed details of transactions with other group companies within the Telegraph Events Limited group.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS WITH PARENT COMPANY

	2016	2015
	€'000	£'000
Telegraph Media Group Limited		
Creditor transactions with parent company	(362)	(597)
	(362)	(597)
RELATED PARTY BALANCES PAYABLE TO PARENT COMPANY		
	2016	2015
	£'000	£'000
Included in creditors: amounts owing to parent company		٠
Telegraph Media Group Limited	•	
- Loan	1,525	1,525
- Creditor transactions	802_	440_
	2,327	1,965

There are no other related party transactions during the year.

# 13. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company's immediate parent company is Telegraph Media Group Limited, incorporated in Great Britain. The immediate parent company of Telegraph Media Group Limited is Press Acquisitions Limited. The directors regard these companies as being ultimately controlled by Sir David and Sir Frederick Barclay's Family Settlements.

The smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated and publicly available is that of which Press Acquisitions Limited is the parent company. The consolidated financial statements of Press Acquisitions Limited may be obtained from its registered office, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, 14 St George Street, London W1S 1FE.

# 14. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

As at 31 December 2016, the sole subsidiary company which was incorporated in England and Wales and registered at 111 Buckingham Palace Road, London, SW1W 0DT, was:

Subsidiary Companies	Nature of business	class and proportion of nominal value and voting rights of issued shares held
QP Magazine Limited	Dormant	Ordinary shares - 100%