Registered Number 06898297

SEARCHQUEST EUROPE LTD

Abbreviated Accounts

31 July 2016

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2016

	Notes	2016	2015
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	2	5,760	7,680
Tangible assets	3	155,200	146,482
		160,960	154,162
Current assets			
Debtors		594,583	563,013
Cash at bank and in hand		417,425	409,474
		1,012,008	972,487
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(189,094)	(204,515)
Net current assets (liabilities)		822,914	767,972
Total assets less current liabilities		983,874	922,134
Provisions for liabilities		(2,641)	(781)
Total net assets (liabilities)		981,233	921,353
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	100	2
Profit and loss account		981,133	921,351
Shareholders' funds		981,233	921,353

- For the year ending 31 July 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 25 April 2017

And signed on their behalf by:

H Essa, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 July 2016

1 Accounting Policies

Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover policy

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings - 20% straight line Office Equipment - 3 years straight line

Intangible assets amortisation policy

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Domain Names - 10 years straight line

Valuation information and policy

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of

the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

2 Intangible fixed assets

8	£
Cost	
At 1 August 2015	19,200
Additions	-
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 July 2016	19,200
Amortisation	
At 1 August 2015	11,520
Charge for the year	1,920
On disposals	-
At 31 July 2016	13,440
Net book values	
At 31 July 2016	5,760
At 31 July 2015	7,680

3 Tangible fixed assets

	${\it \pounds}$
Cost	
At 1 August 2015	166,575
Additions	14,051
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-

At 31 July 2016	180,626	
Depreciation		
At 1 August 2015	20,093	
Charge for the year	5,333	
On disposals	-	
At 31 July 2016	25,426	
Net book values		
At 31 July 2016	155,200	
At 31 July 2015	146,482	

4 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2016	2015
	${\mathfrak L}$	£
60 A Ordinary shares of £1 each (2 shares for 2015)	60	2
40 B Ordinary shares of £1 each (0 shares for 2015)	40	0

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.