

Company Registration No. 06892084 (England and Wales)

AMF Holdings Limited

**Unaudited financial statements
for the year ended 30 September 2022**

Pages for filing with the registrar

AMF Holdings Limited

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AMF Holdings Limited

Statement of financial position

As at 30 September 2022

			2022		2021
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	3		100		100
Current assets					
Debtors	4	100		100	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Net current assets			100		100
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net assets			200		200
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Capital and reserves			-		-
Called up share capital	5		200		200
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 September 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 June 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Richard Drax

Director

Company Registration No. 06892084 (England and Wales)

AMF Holdings Limited

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 September 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

AMF Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Midland House, 2 Poole Road, Bournemouth, Dorset, BH2 5QY.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

1.2 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

AMF Holdings Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 September 2022

1 Accounting policies (continued)

1.6 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Total	1	1

3 Fixed asset investments

	2022 £	2021 £
Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	100	100

Movements in fixed asset investments

	Shares in subsidiaries £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 October 2021 & 30 September 2022	100
At 30 September 2022	100
Carrying amount	
At 30 September 2022	100
At 30 September 2021	100

AMF Holdings Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 September 2022

4 Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Other debtors	100	100
	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

5 Called up share capital

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		
Ordinary shares of £1 each	200	200
	<u>200</u>	<u>200</u>

6 Directors' transactions

Description	% Rate	Opening balance	Closing balance
		£	£
Loan to director	-	100	100
		<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>
		<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.