Registered number: 06883490

24 NRG HEALTHCARE LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

24 NRG Healthcare Ltd Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

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24 NRG Healthcare Ltd Balance Sheet As At 30 April 2023

Registered number: 06883490

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4		120,294		130,620
			120,294		130,620
CURRENT ASSETS			120,294		130,020
Stocks	5	10,000		10,000	
Debtors	6	175,267		192,890	
Cash at bank and in hand		59,788	_	29,055	
		245,055		231,945	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(112,971)	<u>-</u>	(87,884)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			132,084		144,061
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			252,378		274,681
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8		(123,596)		(138,595)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation			(16,767)		(18,340)
NET ASSETS			112,015		117,746
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			<u></u>		
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and Loss Account			111,915		117,646
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			112,015	:	117,746

24 NRG Healthcare Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As At 30 April 2023

For the year ending 30 April 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board
Mr Jonathan Robinson
Director
30 January 2024

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

1. General Information

24 NRG Healthcare Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 06883490. The registered office is Unit 2 Brockington Studios, Bodenham, Hereford, HR1 3HT.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 15% straight line
Motor Vehicles 25% straight line
Computer Equipment 15% straight line

2.4. Leases

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

2.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

2.6. Financial Instruments

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year or on demand are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss in other operating expenses.

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest method, except for investments in nonconvertible preference and non puttable orrdinary shares which are measured at fair value, with changes recognised in the profit and loss. Derivative financial instruments are intially recorded at cost andthereafter at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

Directors loans are recognised at transaction price.

2.7. Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

2.8. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.9. Pensions

The company operates a defined pension contribution scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

2.10. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

2.11. Registrar Filing Requirements

The company has taken advantage of Companies Act 2006 section 444(1) and opted not to file the profit and loss account, directors report, and notes to the financial statements relating to the profit and loss account.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 7 (2022: 8)

4. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 May 2022	2,768	152,299	-	155,067
Additions	1,401	77,871	779	80,051
Disposals		(78,530)		(78,530)
As at 30 April 2023	4,169	151,640	779	156,588
Depreciation				
As at 1 May 2022	2,656	21,791	-	24,447
Provided during the period	276	36,667	19	36,962
Disposals		(25,115)		(25,115)
As at 30 April 2023	2,932	33,343	19	36,294
Net Book Value				
As at 30 April 2023	1,237	118,297	760	120,294
As at 1 May 2022	112	130,508	-	130,620
	·			

5. Stocks		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Materials	10,000	10,000
	10,000	10,000
6. Debtors		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	105,100	99,666
Prepayments and accrued income	3,731	2,514
Other debtors	58,302	88,842
Director's loan account	8,134	1,868
	175,267	192,890
7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
3	2023	2022
	£	£
Net obligations under finance leases	14,324	15,835
Trade creditors	52,862	38,226
Bank loans and overdrafts	10,000	10,000
Corporation tax	2,961	1,398
Other taxes and social security	2,459	2,574
VAT	14,975	5,010
Other creditors	15,090	14,541
Accruals and deferred income	300	300
	112,971	87,884
8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		
S. S	2023	2022
	£	£
Net obligations under finance leases	101,929	106,928
Bank loans	21,667	31,667
	123,596	138,595
	<u> </u>	130,383 ————

9. Secured Creditors

Hire purchase liabilities are secured on their related assets.

Of the creditors falling due within and after more than one year the following amounts are secured.

	2023	2022
	£	£
Net obligations under finance leases	116,253	122,763

10. Other Commitments

Total financial commitments not included in the balance sheet amount to £24,745 and are in relation to commitments under operating leases.

11. Pension Commitments

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. At the balance sheet date unpaid contributions of £869 (2022: £676) were due to the fund. They are included in Other Creditors.

12. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

	As at 1 May 2022	Amounts advanced	Amounts repaid	Amounts written off	As at 30 April 2023
	£	£	£	£	£
Mr Jonathan Robinson	1,868	6,502	236		8,134

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. The loan was repaid in full since the year end.

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2006.				