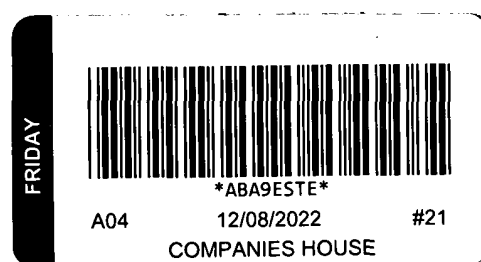


HILL & SMITH (USA) LIMITED

Registered number 06876775

Annual Report and Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2021



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Strategic report

The Directors present their Annual Report and Financial Statements of Hill & Smith (USA) Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Principal activity and Business Review

Prior to an internal restructuring exercise that took place during the year, the principal activity of the Company was that of an intermediate holding company. After the restructuring, which is explained further in note 7, the Company is effectively a non-trading, dormant entity. Its results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 8.

The financial performance and position of the company are in line with the directors' expectations. The Group does not monitor risks and uncertainties or KPIs at the company level for intermediate holding companies. These are, instead, monitored at a Group level. These are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of Hill & Smith Holdings PLC which are available to the public and may be obtained from the address detailed in note 14.

Statement by the directors in performance of their statutory duties in accordance with s172(1) of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act")

The Company is part of the Hill & Smith Holdings PLC group and is therefore required to produce a Section 172 statement.

The Section 172 statement for Hill & Smith Holdings PLC, which this statement underpins, can be found on page 76 of its 2021 Annual Report.

The Board of the Company considers that it is suitably composed, with an appropriate range of pertinent skills and experience and the directors consider that they have acted, both individually and together, in good faith and in ways which would be most likely to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its members as a whole, having regard to stakeholders and matters set out in s172 (1) (a-f) of the Act.

The Board's policies, systems and procedures mirror those of the ultimate parent company and its values are therefore in support of its ultimate parent company's strategic objectives. Further details on this can be found on page 6 of the 2021 Annual Report of Hill & Smith Holdings PLC.

During the course of the year and in support of the ultimate parent company and their strategic objectives, the Company paid dividends to its immediate parent totalling \$212,605,000 (2020: \$26,384,000).

By order of the Board



C A Henderson
Secretary
14 June 2022

Westhaven House
Arleston Way
Shirley
Solihull
West Midlands, United Kingdom
B90 4LH

Directors' Report

The Directors present their Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Dividends

Dividends of \$34,271,000 (2020: \$47,884,000) were received during the year. Dividends of \$212,604,000 (2020: \$26,384,000) were paid during the year. No further dividends are proposed.

Directors

The Directors serving during the year and in the period up to the date of this Report were as follows:

P Simmons
H K Nichols
J P Whitehouse
C A Henderson

Political and charitable contributions

The Company made no political or charitable donations or incurred any political or charitable expenditure during the year.

Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and position, are set out in the Strategic Report on page 1.

The Company is a non-trading company in the Group. The Company is a party to cross guarantees given for loans and borrowings of the wider Group and the Company may participate in the Group's centralised treasury arrangements. However, following the dividend in specie during the year, the Company has no balances in its balance sheet and does not expect to incur any liabilities in future, nor does the Company have any contingent liabilities. The Directors have considered the transactions that will occur in the 12 months following the approval of the financial statements and note no cash outflows are forecast during this period. Therefore, as the Company is effectively dormant going forwards it is highly unlikely that the Company will need any financial support from its ultimate parent company.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the Company would have access to sufficient funds to allow it to meet any liabilities that may fall due within 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Directors' Report (continued)

Employees

The Company had no employees in either the current or preceding year.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and each Director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Financial risk

The financial risk management objectives and policies are managed by the directors of Hill & Smith Holdings PLC on a Group basis. From the perspective of the Company, the financial risks are integrated within the financial risks of the Group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the financial risks of the Group, which include those of the Company, are discussed within the financial risk management section of the Group's Annual Report which does not form part of this Annual Report. Details on how to obtain a copy of the Group's Annual Report are included in note 14.

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and Ernst & Young LLP will therefore continue in office.

Other matters

In accordance with section 414C(11) of the Companies Act 2006, certain information, including future business developments, are not presented in the Directors' Report because it is disclosed in the Strategic Report.

By order of the Board



C A Henderson

Secretary

14 June 2022

Westhaven House
Arleston Way
Shirley
Solihull
West Midlands, United Kingdom
B90 4LH

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the Financial Statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these Financial Statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Hill & Smith (USA) Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hill & Smith (USA) Limited for the year ended December 2021 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of comprehensive income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes 1 to 15, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue through to 30 June 2023.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Hill & Smith (USA) Limited (continued)

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, as set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Hill & Smith (USA) Limited (continued)

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company and determined that the most significant to be those relating to the United Kingdom General Accepted Accounting Practice, the Companies Act 2006, and United Kingdom direct and indirect tax regulations. The company has minimal transactions, and no employees.
- We understood how the company is complying with those frameworks by making enquiries of senior finance personnel and those charged with governance and gaining an understanding of the entity level controls of the company in respect of these areas and the controls in place to reduce opportunity for fraudulent transactions.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by discussing with senior finance personnel and those charged with governance as to the rationale behind the specific accounting transactions. Each financial transaction in the year was verified through recalculation or agreement to supporting source documentation. Due to the nature of the company, as a holding company of wholly owned group subsidiaries we have not identified any risk of material misstatement.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures included reading board meeting minutes and relevant approval documents, enquiries of senior finance personnel and those charged with governance and agreement of transactions to supporting source documentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ernst & Young LLP

Stephen Kirk (Senior statutory auditor)
for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor
Birmingham

Date: 14th June 2022

Profit and Loss Account
for the year ended 31 December 2021

	<i>Note</i>	2021 \$000	2020 \$000
Administrative expenses		-	-
Operating result		-	-
Income from shares in subsidiary undertakings		34,271	47,884
Profit before interest and taxation		34,271	47,884
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(5,205)	(6,475)
Profit before taxation	3	29,066	41,409
Taxation on profit	6	-	-
Profit for the financial year		29,066	41,409

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:

Taxation on other comprehensive income	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	29,066	41,409

All operations are continuing.

The notes on pages 11 to 18 form part of the Financial Statements.

Balance Sheet
as at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 \$000	2020 \$000
Fixed assets			
Investments	7	-	193,505
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		-	-
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	-	(1,581)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net current liabilities		-	(1,581)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total assets less current liabilities		-	191,924
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	9	-	(88,000)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net assets		-	103,924
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	-	2,000
Share premium account		-	68,362
Profit and loss account		-	33,562
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total equity shareholder's funds		-	103,924
		<hr/>	<hr/>

The notes on pages 11 to 18 form part of the Financial Statements.

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on their behalf by:



H K Nichols
Director

14 June 2022

Company No. 06876775

Statement of Changes in Equity
for the year ended 31 December 2021

	Called up share capital \$000	Share premium account \$000	Profit and loss account \$000	Total equity shareholder's funds \$000
Balance at 1 January 2020	2,000	68,362	18,537	88,899
Comprehensive income				
Profit for the year	-	-	41,409	41,409
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-
Tax taken directly to the Statement of Changes in Equity	-	-	-	-
Transactions with owners recognised directly in equity				
Dividends	-	-	(26,384)	(26,384)
At 31 December 2020	2,000	68,362	33,562	103,924
Comprehensive income				
Profit for the year	-	-	29,066	29,066
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-
Tax taken directly to the Statement of Changes in Equity	-	-	-	-
Transactions with owners recognised directly in equity				
Issue of shares (note 7)	-	79,614	-	79,614
Share capital reduction (note 7)	(2,000)	(147,976)	149,976	-
Dividends (note 7)	-	-	(212,604)	(212,604)
At 31 December 2021	-	-	-	-

Profit and loss account reserve represents accumulated retained earnings.

The share premium account represents the amount of proceeds received for shares in excess of their nominal value of \$1 per share.

Notes to the financial statements

1 General Information

The Company is a private company limited by shares and incorporated and domiciled in England, United Kingdom. The registered office is Westhaven House, Arlestone Way, Shirley, Solihull, B90 4LH.

2 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in the current and prior year in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's Financial Statements.

Basis of preparation

These Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101") and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

In preparing these Financial Statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The presentational and functional currency of these financial statements is US dollars and all amounts are stated in thousands (\$000), except where otherwise indicated.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking, Hill & Smith Holdings PLC includes the Company in its Consolidated Financial Statements. The Consolidated Financial Statements of Hill & Smith Holdings PLC are prepared in accordance with UK adopted international accounting standards and are available to the public and may be obtained from Group Headquarters (see note 14).

Significant accounting estimates or judgements

In the application of the Company's accounting policies outlined below, the directors are required to make estimates, assumptions and judgements about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent.

As a result of the Group internal restructuring exercise (explained in note 7) the Company no longer has any balances in its balance sheet. As such, the Directors no longer consider there to be any key accounting estimates or judgements.

New IFRS standards and interpretations adopted during 2021

In 2021 the following amendments had been endorsed by the EU, became effective and therefore were adopted by the Company:

- Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 – Amendments to IFRS 16
- Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 – Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16
- Attributing Benefit to Periods of Service – IAS 19 Interpretation

The amendments noted above have not had a material impact on the financial statements.

Exemptions

In these Financial Statements, the Company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- a Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- Comparative period reconciliations for share capital, tangible fixed assets and intangible assets;
- Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs; and
- Disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel.

Notes to the financial statements *(continued)*

2 Accounting policies *(continued)*

Exemptions *(continued)*

As the Consolidated Financial Statements of Hill & Smith Holdings PLC include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

- IFRS 2 Share Based Payments in respect of group settled share based payments;
- Certain disclosures required by IAS 36 Impairment of assets in respect of the impairment of goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets;
- Certain disclosures required by IFRS 3 Business Combinations in respect of business combinations undertaken by the Company; and
- Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 Financial Instrument Disclosures.

Measurement convention

The Financial Statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value: derivative financial instruments, financial instruments classified as fair value through the profit or loss or as available-for-sale, investment property and liabilities for cash-settled share-based payments. Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale are stated at the lower of previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and position, are set out in the Strategic Report on page 1.

The Company is a non-trading company in the Group. The Company is a party to cross guarantees given for loans and borrowings of the wider Group and the Company may participate in the Group's centralised treasury arrangements. However, following the dividend in specie during the year, the Company has no balances in its balance sheet and does not expect to incur any liabilities in future, nor does the Company have any contingent liabilities. The Directors have considered the transactions that will occur in the 12 months following the approval of the financial statements and note no cash outflows are forecast during this period. Therefore, as the Company is effectively dormant going forwards it is highly unlikely that the Company will need any financial support from its ultimate parent company.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the Company would have access to sufficient funds to allow it to meet any liabilities that may fall due within 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Notes to the financial statements *(continued)*

2 Accounting policies *(continued)*

Consolidation

In accordance with Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, consolidated accounts have not been prepared as the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Hill & Smith Holdings PLC, a company incorporated in England, which has prepared Consolidated Financial Statements to include the results of the Company.

Investments in subsidiary undertakings

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less amounts written off for impairment. Investments are reviewed for impairment where events or circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable.

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of goodwill; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit other than in a business combination, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Notes to the financial statements *(continued)*

2 Accounting policies *(continued)*

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the Company's functional currencies at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the Balance Sheet date are retranslated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account except for differences arising on the retranslation of qualifying cash flow hedges, which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Expenses

Interest receivable and Interest payable

Interest payable and similar charges include interest payable, finance charges on shares classified as liabilities, interest expense on lease liabilities, unwinding of the discount on provisions, and net foreign exchange losses that are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account (see foreign currency accounting policy). Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that takes a substantial time to be prepared for use, are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other interest receivable and similar income include interest receivable on funds invested and net foreign exchange gains.

Interest income and interest payable is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account on the date the entity's right to receive payments is established. Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised in the Financial Statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Dividend income is recognised in the Profit and Loss account on the date the entity's right to receive payment is established.

3 Profit before taxation

The audit fees attributable to the Company for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 are incidental to the Company and were borne by Hill & Smith Holdings PLC.

4 Directors and employees

The Company had no employees during either the current or prior year and, as such, the aggregate payroll costs in both periods were \$nil. The remuneration of the Directors is paid by another Hill & Smith Holdings PLC group company as their services to the Company are incidental to their services provided to other Hill & Smith Holdings PLC group companies.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

5 Interest payable and similar charges

	2021 \$000	2020 \$000
On loans from group undertakings	5,205	6,475
	<u>5,205</u>	<u>6,475</u>

6 Taxation on profit

Analysis of charge in year

	2021 \$000	2020 \$000
<i>UK corporation tax</i>		
Current tax for the year	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total tax charge	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The effective current tax rate for the year is lower (2020: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below:

	2021 \$000	2020 \$000
<i>Total tax reconciliation</i>		
Profit before taxation	29,066	41,409
	<u>29,066</u>	<u>41,409</u>
Profit multiplied by the effective rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%)	5,523	7,868
Non-deductible expenses	989	1,230
Non-taxable dividend income	(6,512)	(9,098)
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total tax charge	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The UK headline corporation tax rate for the year was 19.0% (2020: 19.0%). In the Spring Budget of 2021, the UK Government announced that from 1 April 2023 the rate of UK corporation tax will increase from 19% to 25%. This new law was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021. The company had no provided or unprovided deferred tax at either year-end and as such the impact of the future tax rate change on the Company is \$nil.

Notes to the financial statements *(continued)*

7 Fixed asset investments

	Shares in subsidiary undertakings \$000
Cost	
At 1 January 2021	217,662
Disposals	(217,662)
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2021	-
	<hr/>
Provisions	
At 1 January 2021	24,157
Disposals	(24,157)
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2021	-
	<hr/>
Net book value	
At 31 December 2021	-
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2020	193,505
	<hr/>

During the year, the Group undertook an internal corporate restructuring project impacting the Company. As a result, the following transactions occurred in the Company:

- The Company issued 100 \$1 ordinary shares and \$79,613,958 share premium to Hill & Smith Holdings LLC in consideration for the release of the outstanding loan principal of \$79,000,000 and accrued interest of \$614,058 owed to Hill & Smith Holdings LLC;
- The Company subsequently undertook a share capital reduction and applied the reduction to its distributable reserves;
- The Company declared a dividend in specie to Hill & Smith Group Holdings Inc of its entire shareholding in Creative Pultrusions Inc, Voigt & Schweitzer LLC, Hill & Smith Inc and Carpenter and Paterson Inc, resulting in the Company's investments in these entities being reduced to nil.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 \$000	2020 \$000
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	626
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	955
	<u>-</u>	<u>1,581</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>1,581</u>

9 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021 \$000	2020 \$000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	88,000
	<u>-</u>	<u>88,000</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>88,000</u>

As explained in note 7, during the year, the Company issued 100 \$1 ordinary shares and \$79,613,958 share premium to Hill & Smith Holdings LLC in consideration for the release of the outstanding loan principal of \$79,000,000 and accrued interest of \$614,058 owed to Hill & Smith Holdings LLC, leaving amounts owed to group undertakings as \$nil at 31 December 2021.

10 Called up share capital

	2021 \$000	2020 \$000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 (2020: 2,000,002) ordinary shares of \$1 each	-	2,000
	<u>-</u>	<u>2,000</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>2,000</u>

The year on year movement in share capital is due to a Group internal corporate restructuring exercise, which is explained in note 7.

11 Contingent liabilities

The Company is a party to cross guarantees given for bank loans and overdrafts of the ultimate parent company and certain fellow subsidiaries amounting to \$197,106,000 (2020: \$181,098,000).

The Company has no other guarantees (2020: \$nil).

Notes to the financial statements *(continued)*

12 Dividends

	2021 \$000	2020 \$000
Aggregate amount of dividends paid in the financial year: \$212,605,000 per share (2020: \$13.19 per share)	212,605	26,384

13 Related party transactions

As an ultimately wholly owned subsidiary of Hill & Smith Holdings PLC, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 101 not to disclose transactions that have been made between the Company and other fellow subsidiaries of Hill & Smith Holdings PLC.

14 Ultimate parent company and controlling party

Prior to the Group internal restructuring exercise (explained in note 7) the Company's immediate parent entity was Hill & Smith Holdings LLC, a company incorporated in the USA. The registered address of the entity is c/o The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Centre, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801.

Subsequent to the Group internal restructure, the Company's immediate parent entity is Hill & Smith (Americas) Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The company's registered address is the same as the Company's ultimate parent and controlling party, stated below.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Hill & Smith Holdings PLC, a company registered in England. Copies of the Group Financial Statements may be obtained from Group headquarters:

Westhaven House
Arleston Way
Shirley
Solihull
B90 4LH

15 Post Balance Sheet events

There were no significant post Balance Sheet events.