UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

FOR

INTERNATIONAL WOODWORKING MACHINERY LIMITED

Logan & Brewerton
Chartered Certified Accountants
Astral House
Granville Way
Bicester
Oxfordshire
OX26 4JT

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

INTERNATIONAL WOODWORKING MACHINERY LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

DIRECTORS:	I S Brown M Brown
SECRETARY:	M Brown
REGISTERED OFFICE:	25-27 Murdock Road Bicester Oxfordshire OX26 4PP
REGISTERED NUMBER:	06872243 (England and Wales)
ACCOUNTANTS:	Logan & Brewerton Chartered Certified Accountants Astral House Granville Way Bicester Oxfordshire OX26 4JT

BALANCE SHEET 31 MAY 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		91		136
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	22,967		40,298	
Cash at bank		<u>115,103</u>		134,518	
		138,070		174,816	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u> 109,271</u>		137,279	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			28,799		37,537
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			28,890		37,673
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	7		28,580		25,937
NET ASSETS	,		310		11,736
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		100		200
Capital redemption reserve			100		-
Retained earnings			110_		11,536
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>310</u>		11,736

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 May 2017.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2017 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Page 2 continued...

BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 MAY 2017

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 19 February 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

I S Brown - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

International Woodworking Machinery Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in the accounting policies below.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Revenue is recognised for the sale of goods when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on the dispatch of goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Computer Equipment - 33% on reducing balance

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Page 4 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2016 - 4).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Computer Equipment £
	COST		
	At 1 June 2016		
	and 31 May 2017		<u>750</u>
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 June 2016		614
	Charge for year		<u>45</u>
	At 31 May 2017		<u>659</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 May 2017		<u> 91</u>
	At 31 May 2016		<u>136</u>
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade Debtors	14,865	38,845
	Prepayments & Accrued Income	<u>8,102</u>	1,453
		<u>22,967</u>	40,298
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade Creditors	25,676	68,030
	Tax	13,290	3,726
	Social Security & Other Tax	67,379	49,821
	Directors' Current Accounts	2,176	5,875
	Accrued Expenses	<u>750</u>	9,827
		<u>109,271</u>	<u>137,279</u>
7.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		
		2017	2016
		£	${\mathfrak t}$
	Other Provisions	<u>28,580</u>	<u>25,937</u>

Page 5 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

7. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

	Other
	provisions
	£
Balance at 1 June 2016	25,937
Provided during year	2,643
Balance at 31 May 2017	28,580

8. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:1	Nominal	2017	2016
		value:	£	£
50	Ordinary	£1	50	100
0	Ordinary 'A'	£1	0	25
0	Ordinary 'B'	£1	0	25
50	Ordinary 'C'	£1	50	50
			100	200

On 31 May 2017 the company undertook a share buyback of 50 Ordinary shares, 25 Ordinary 'A' shares and 25 Ordinary 'B' shares.

9. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, total dividends of £60,000 (2016 - £75,000) were paid to the directors.

10. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

The adoption of FRS 102 did not have a material impact on the financial statements and it was therefore not considered necessary to restate the comparative accounting period at the date of transition of 1 June 2015.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.