COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 06870414

Boo (Cirencester) Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2021

Boo (Cirencester) Limited Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2021

		2021		2020	
	Note	£	£	£	
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		1,125	_	
Current assets					
Debtors	6	103,136		31,951	
Cash at bank and in hand		15,898		211	
		119,034		32,162	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	72,187		48,983	
Net current assets/(liabilities)		•••••	46,847	, ,	
Total assets less current liabilities			47,972	(16,821)	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than or	ne				
year	8	•		_	
Net liabilities				2 8) (16,82	21)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100	100	
Profit and loss account			(2,128)	(16,921)	
Shareholders deficit			(2,028)	•	

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Boo (Cirencester) Limited

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 14 January 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs A J Booth

Director

Company registration number: 06870414

Boo (Cirencester) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 1st Floor, 23 Castle Street, Cirencester, GL7 1QD.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2020: 1).

5. Tangible assets

5. Tangible assets	Plant and machinery £	Total	
Cost At 1 April 2020	30,591	30,591	
Additions	1,500		
At 31 March 2021	32,091	32,091	
Depreciation	******	*******	
At 1 April 2020	30,591	30,591	
Charge for the year	375		
At 31 March 2021	30,966		
Carrying amount At 31 March 2021	1,125		
At 31 March 2020			
6. Debtors			
		2021	2020
		£	£
Trade debtors		272	906
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the c has a participating interest	ompany	102,696	1,199
Other debtors		, 1 68	29,846
		103,136	31,951
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
7. Oreditors, amounts raining due within one year		2021	2020
		£	£
Trade creditors		(4,020)	13,024
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the co	ompany	E4 024	0.004
has a participating interest Other creditors		51,031 25,176	8,981 26,978
Other dealtors			20,970
		72,187 	48,983
8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	2021	2020	
	£	£	
Bank loans and overdrafts	50,000	_	

9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

Balance brought forward and					
outstanding					
2021	2020				
£	£				
(23,200)	_				

Mrs A J Booth

10. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mrs A J Booth throughout the current and previous year . Mrs A J Booth is the director and sole shareholder.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.