

Company Registration No. 06867439 (England and Wales)

DJL ANGLIA LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

DJL ANGLIA LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	Mr D Lincoln Mrs R Lincoln
Company number	06867439
Registered office	7 Three Rivers Business Park Felixstowe Road, Foxhall IPSWICH IP10 0BF
Accountants	Beatons Limited Chartered Accountants 7 Three Rivers Business Park Felixstowe Road, Foxhall IPSWICH IP10 0BF
Business address	Barn House, Cherry Wood Back Lane Washbrook Ipswich Suffolk IP8 3SN

DJL ANGLIA LIMITED

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DJL ANGLIA LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

		30 September 2018		30 April 2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		100		736
Current assets					
Debtors	4	330		8,704	
Cash at bank and in hand		25,126		73,313	
		<u>25,456</u>		<u>82,017</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	<u>(5,869)</u>		<u>(9,819)</u>	
Net current assets			19,587		72,198
Total assets less current liabilities			19,687		72,934
Provisions for liabilities			-		(140)
Net assets			<u>19,687</u>		<u>72,794</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		2		2
Profit and loss reserves			19,685		72,792
Total equity			<u>19,687</u>		<u>72,794</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial Period ended 30 September 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the Period in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

DJL ANGLIA LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 1 March 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr D. Lincoln
Director

Company Registration No. 06867439

DJL ANGLIA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

DJL Anglia Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The company number is 06867439. The registered office is 7 Three Rivers Business Park, Felixstowe Road, Foxhall, IPSWICH, IP10 0BF. The business address is Barn House, Back Lane, Washbrook, Ipswich IP8 3SN.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The company ceased trading on 30th September 2018. The directors do not consider that there is any material difference between preparing the accounts on the going concern basis or a break up basis.

1.3 Reporting period

The current period is a 17 month period due to the company ceasing.

1.4 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment	25% Straight line
Computer equipment	33% Straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

DJL ANGLIA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs.

Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

DJL ANGLIA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the Period was 2 (2017 - 2).

3 Tangible fixed assets

Plant and machinery etc £

Cost

At 1 May 2017 and 30 September 2018

5,834

Depreciation and impairment

At 1 May 2017

5,098

Depreciation charged in the Period

636

At 30 September 2018

5,734

Carrying amount

At 30 September 2018

100

At 30 April 2017

736

4 Debtors

Amounts falling due within one year:

Other debtors

**2018
£**

330

**2017
£**

8,704

DJL ANGLIA LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2018

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Corporation tax	881	6,631
Other taxation and social security	1,555	-
Other creditors	3,433	3,188
	<u>5,869</u>	<u>9,819</u>

6 Called up share capital

	2018	2017
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
1 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	1	1
1 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	1	1
	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.