Registered number: 06866331

RISICOL LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

TaxAssist Accountants - Ashby

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Risicol Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2020

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Risicol Limited Balance Sheet As at 30 September 2020

Registered number: 06866331

		2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3	_	45,670	_	60,893
			45,670		60,893
CURRENT ASSETS	_				
Debtors	4	143,129		104,083	
Cash at bank and in hand		189,799		170,227	
		332,928		274,310	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	5	(83,802)		(42,475)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			249,126	-	231,835
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		-	294,796	-	292,728
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	6		-	-	(13,675)
NET ASSETS		_	294,796	_	279,053
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		•		-	
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			294,696	_	278,953
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			294,796	-	279,053

Risicol Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 30 September 2020

For the year ending 30 September 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board	
Mr Simon McEvoy	Mr Richard Parker
Director 30th June 2021	Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Risicol Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2020

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 25% Reducing Balance
Computer Equipment 25% Reducing Balance

1.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor

Risicol Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2020

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.6. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:4 4 (2019: 4)

Risicol Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2020

3. Tangible Assets		
Plant Machine		
£	£	£
Cost		
As at 1 October 2019 212,9	,992 90	05 213,897
As at 30 September 2020 212,9	,992 90	05 213,897
Depreciation		
As at 1 October 2019 152,1	,100 90	153,004
Provided during the period 15,2	,223	- 15,223
As at 30 September 2020 167,3	,323 90	168,227
Net Book Value		
As at 30 September 2020 45,6	,669	1 45,670
As at 1 October 2019 60,8	,892	1 60,893
4. Debtors		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	135,579	104,083
	125 570	104.003
Due after more than one year	135,579	104,083
Directors loan account	7,550	-
	7,550	-
	143,129 	
5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	8,952	8,952
Corporation tax	23,198	11,949
Other taxes and social security	1,024	-
VAT	12,163	12,274
Other creditors	32,465	-
Directors' loan accounts	6,000	9,300
	83,802	42,475

Risicol Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2020

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts		13,675
		13,675
7. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase		
	2020	2019
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Amounts Payable:		
Within one year	8,952	8,952
Between one and five years	-	13,675
	8,952	22,627
	8,952	22,627
8. Share Capital		
	2020	2019
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

9. General Information

Risicol Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 06866331 . The registered office is 51 Lullington Road, Overseal, Swadlincote, Derbyshire, DE12 6NF.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.