NATIONAL CASINO FORUM Company Limited by Guarantee Unaudited Financial Statements 31 March 2020

COMPANIES HOUSE

ANTHONY LUM & CO

Chartered Certified Accountants Vicarage House 58/60 Kensington Church Street London **W8 4DB**

Company Limited by Guarantee

Financial Statements

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Company Limited by Guarantee

Directors' Report

Year ended 31 March 2020

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Principal activities

The company's principal activity during the period was that to co-ordinate and promote the corporate interests of the land-based casino operators in the United Kingdom.

These accounts have been prepared on a cessation basis. National Casino Forum ceased providing services to members as of the 31st of December 2019. All assets have been disposed of and liabilities will be settled. Any remaining funds will be returned to members.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr Jonathan DUFFY Mr David William LIVERMORE Mrs Tracy DAMESTANI

(Resigned 31 December 2019)

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on $\frac{20}{5}$, $\frac{20}{20}$ and signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr David William LIVERMORE

Director

Registered office: Vicarage House 58/60 Kensington Church Street London W8 4DB

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Income and Retained Earnings

_	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover		442,353	831,269
Gross profit		442,353	831,269
Administrative expenses		476,399	853,037
Operating loss		(34,046)	(21,768)
Other interest receivable and similar income		65	99
Interest payable and similar expenses		17	
Loss before taxation	6	(33,998)	(21,669)
Tax on loss		12	(814)
Loss for the financial year and total comprehensive income		(34,010)	(20,855)
Retained earnings at the start of the year		34,078	54,933
Retained earnings at the end of the year		68	34,078

Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2020

		2020		
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	7		-	3,758
Current assets				
Debtors	8	801		90,731
Cash at bank and in hand		10,575		34,396
		11,376		125,127
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	11,308		94,807
Net current assets			68	30,320
Total assets less current liabilities			68	34,078
Net assets			68	34,078
Capital and reserves				
Profit and loss account			68	34,078
Members funds			68	34,078

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

For the year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 2.9.5, 2.0, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr David William LIVERMORE

Director

Company registration number: 06863565

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Vicarage House, 58/60 Kensington Church Street, London, W8 4DB.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss. The company ceased trading as of 31 December 2019.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the subscription received or receivable for services rendered.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2020

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings

25% reducing balance

Office Equipment

- 25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2020

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Company limited by guarantee

The Liability of members of the company is limited.

Every member undertakes to contribute a sum not exceeding £1 to the assets of the company if it is wound up during his, her or its membership

5. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2019: 4).

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

6.	Profit before taxation			
	Loss before taxation is stated after charging:		2020	2019
	Depreciation of tangible assets		£ 	£ 1,253
7.	Tangible assets			
		Fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 April 2019 Disposals	1,075 (1,075)	11,020 (11,020)	12,095 (12,095)
	At 31 March 2020			_
	Depreciation At 1 April 2019 Disposals	1,075 (1,075)	7,262 (7,262)	8,337 (8,337)
	At 31 March 2020	<u> </u>	_	
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2020	_		
	At 31 March 2019	_	3,758	3,758
8.	Debtors			
			2020 £	2019 £
	Other debtors		801	90,731
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Social security and other taxes		2020 £ 4,843	2019 £ 6,618
	Other creditors		6,465	88,189
			11,308	94,807

Company Limited by Guarantee

Management Information

Year ended 31 March 2020

The following pages do not form part of the financial statements.

Detailed Income Statement

Turnover	2020 £ 442,353	2019 £ 831,269
Gross profit	442,353	831,269
Overheads Administrative expenses	476,399	853,037
Operating loss	(34,046)	(21,768)
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses	65 (17)	99 -
Loss before taxation	(33,998)	(21,669)

Notes to the Detailed Income Statement

	2020	2019
	£	£
Administrative expenses		
Directors salaries	154,554	110,000
Directors national insurance contributions	9,326	11,535
Wages and salaries	21,684	47,257
Staff pension contributions	18,037	24,098
Rent rates and water	44,083	37,407
Insurance	3,945	2,741
Repairs and maintenance (allowable)	_	5,427
Cleaning costs	_	1,295
Travel and subsistence	4,410	7,539
Telephone	1,329	10,782
Conferences and meetings expenses	642	3,353
Administrative & Computer support	_	2,262
Media Advertising	_	101,640
Printing, postage and stationery	203	1,231
General expenses (allowable)	2,389	1,806
Web site expenses	2,824	3,011
Subscription & training	8,626	52,399
Entertaining	257	1,276
Legal and professional fees (allowable)	184,916	316,617
P R Consultancy	4,819	100,888
Accountancy fees	9,910	8,930
Depreciation of tangible assets	_	1,253
(Gain)/loss on disposal of tangible assets	3,758	_
Bank charges	687	290
	476,399	853,037
Other interest receivable and similar income		
Interest on cash and cash equivalents	<u>65</u>	99
Interest payable and similar expenses		
PAYE interest	<u>17</u>	_